

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

MCPB Item # / / 6/12/08

DATE:

June 4, 2008

TO:

Montgomery County Planning Board

VIA:

Rose Krasnow, Chief, Development Review

Ralph Wilson, Zoning Supervisor

FROM:

Greg Russ, Zoning Coordinator

REVIEW TYPE:

Zoning Text Amendment

PURPOSE:

To amend the Zoning Ordinance to amend the provisions concerning an established building line; require regulations to implement the provision concerning a sloping lot; amend the maximum height for certain lots in the R-200 zone; and amend the maximum building coverage for certain lots in certain one-family

residential zones

TEXT AMENDMENT:

No. 08-11

REVIEW BASIS:

Advisory to the County Council sitting as the District

Council, Chapter 59 of the Zoning Ordinance

INTRODUCED BY:

Councilmember Berliner, Andrews, Elrich, and

Trachtenberg

INTRODUCED DATE:

May 6, 2008

PLANNING BOARD REVIEW: June 12, 2008

PUBLIC HEARING:

June 17, 2008; 7:30pm

STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Approve ZTA 08-11 to implement a number of the recommendations of the Infill Housing Task Force including: graduated-scale lot coverage for infill housing construction (based on lot sizes), a method for simplifying the Established Building Line (EBL) standards and revision of building heights in the R-200 zone to be consistent with the height requirements of the R-60 and R-90 zones.

PURPOSE AND BACKGROUND OF THE TEXT AMENDMENT

In the Planning Department's Fiscal Year 2007-08 budget, the County Council added a project to the Department's work program supporting a study of Infill Housing and potential tools to improve the compatibility of Infill Housing.

In the summer of 2007, Councilmember Roger Berliner created an Infill Housing Task Force and appointed members to this group. The Task Force was composed of citizen

representatives, members of the builder community, architects, realtors, Planning Department staff and appropriate County staff, and Councilmember Berliner's staff. The work of the Task Force was facilitated by the Conflict Resolution Center of Montgomery County. ZTA 08-11 implements a number of the recommendations of the Task Force, although not all aspects of this ZTA reflect the opinions of all Task Force members.

An important contribution of Planning Department staff was to outline some of the basic issues that affect site design including: compatibility, allowable lot areas, lot coverage, slope and street grade, sediment and erosion control, setbacks, building height, massing and scale, green area, parking, and accessory structures.

Based on research done in other areas about the infill housing problem, the Task Force identified several issues that would need to be examined. These included:

- Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
- Lot Coverage Reduction potentially on a graduated basis depending on the lot size
- Established Building Lines (EBL)
- Sloping Lot Definition
- Height in R-200 Zone
- Massing Guidelines voluntary or mandatory
- Neighbor Notification

After careful study, the Infill Housing Task Force was able to reach consensus on a number of important solutions to these issues; however, other issues (some of which are covered by this ZTA) did not result in consensus.

ANALYSIS

I. ESTABLISHED BUILDING LINE (EBL)

The EBL is the minimum front yard building line unless the parameters as depicted in subsection (b) of Section 59-A-5.33 apply where at least two adjacent main buildings (within a 300 foot distance) have an average setback greater than the minimum for the zone. The ZTA clarifies the intent of this existing language. The ZTA also provides an option for the applicant to choose an easier calculation method by allowing the EBL to be based on the average setback of the two adjoining lots. To use this method, all calculations must be based on a licensed survey. In order to perform the survey, the applicant would be required to obtain access to the two adjacent properties. Staff recommends approval of the Established Building Line changes, with minor clarifications.

II. SLOPING LOTS

Section 59-A-5.41 states that, on a sloping lot, stories in addition to the number permitted in the zone can be allowed on the downhill side of any building as long as the building

height limit of the zone is adhered to. The ZTA makes plain language clarifications to Section 59-A-5.41 while also requiring the Department of Permitting Services to implement this section under a Method 2 Executive Regulation. Staff recommends approval of the proposed minor language changes affecting sloping lots and implementation of a Method 2 Executive Regulation.

III. HEIGHT IN R-200 ZONE

The Zoning Ordinance currently allows a building height of 50 feet for all lots in the R-200 zone. This is significantly higher than what is allowed in the R-60 and R-90 zones, which have a maximum building height of 30 feet at the midpoint of the roof and 35 feet at the ridge.

The consensus of the Task Force was that the building heights for certain lots below the minimum lot size in the R-200 zone should be generally consistent with similarly sized lots in the R-60 and R-90 zones. The consensus on building heights in the R-200-zone was as depicted in the following table:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
	<u>Lot</u>	
	<u>Size</u>	Height [mean/ridge]
a.	<15,000 sf	30'/35'
b.	>15,000 sf <25,000 sf	35'/40'
c.	>25,000 sf <40,000 sf	40'/45'
d.	>40,000 sf	50'

Under the ZTA, lots in the R-200 zone that are within the lot size range of the R-60 zone and R-90 zone would be limited to the height requirements of those zones (30' at the midpoint of the roof and 35' feet at the ridge) while those larger R-200 zoned lots in the size range of a typical RE-1 zoned lot would be allowed to maintain the 50' building height limit. Staff believes the Infill Task Force recommendations for setting building height limits in relation to lot size in the R-200 addresses important design and compatibility issues and should be approved.

IV. MASSING GUIDELINES

Another issue discussed by the Task Force was the need to break up the massing of buildings. There was general agreement that encouraging architectural features – such as porches, bay windows, and chimneys - was a method to address the massing issue. One way to encourage features that break up mass that was discussed by the Task Force is to exclude porches, bay windows, balconies, chimneys, and covered stoops from the calculation of lot coverage. The ZTA proposes to exclude many of these features from the calculation of lot coverage (lines 71-72 of the ZTA). **Staff supports this recommendation.**

V. LOT COVERAGE REDUCTION

As explained in the Task Force report, a great deal of work focused on lot coverage. Through review of the R-60, R-90 and R-200 zones, the group examined the impacts of lot coverage limits as currently applied in each of the zoning categories. Initial attention concentrated on lot coverage reductions applied per individual zone. However, ensuing discussion led to exploration of a framework for a sliding scale for lot coverage for the subject residential zones. The concept was explored over a number of Task Force meetings, essentially pointing to a uniform method of inverse proportional allowance. Please note that, although the concept of a sliding scale was endorsed by all Task Force members, there was no consensus on the percentages for each size lot. The percentages in this ZTA have been developed by Councilmember Berliner's office, not by the Task Force.

The ZTA implements this concept by creating a graduated scale for lot coverage in the R-200, R-150, R-90, R-60, and R-40 zones. Lot coverage is based on actual lot size—not on the minimum lot size requirement of the zone. The proposed lot size/lot coverage ratios are as follows:

- Lot area less than 6,000 square feet: 30 percent.
- Lot area equal to or greater than 6,000 square feet but less than 15,000 square feet: 30 percent, less one percent for every 1,000 square feet of lot area exceeding 6,000 square feet.
- Lot area equal to or greater than 15,000 square feet: 20 percent.

Staff supports the Task Force approach of a sliding scale for lot coverage.

The compliance provisions of the ZTA tie the proposed requirements to lots created by recorded plat before January 1, 1996 or by plat of 5 or fewer lots recorded after January 1, 1996. The date responds to the maximum validity period of 12-years (from the current year - 2008) for a subdivision plat (APF for preliminary plan approved before a certain date) while the "5 or fewer lots" pertains to the intent of the legislation to address infill development, not larger subdivisions.

Attachment 2 provides charts depicting the impact of the lot coverage provisions on the R-60, R-90 and R-200 zones. A summary of the impacts are as follows:

For R-200 zoned lots:

A total of 46,806 lots in the R-200 Zone

24.7% of all lots meet current standards (20,000sf)

75.3% are smaller than 20,000 sf

50.8 % of the lots fall into the size of 9,000-20,000 sf ("R-90 size typology")

R-200 is the only zone with a gain in lot coverage for some lots (28.45 % of R-200 lots and 8.90% of overall lot total over all zones)

35% of the lots are either not affected or have a gain in lot coverage

For R-90 zoned lots

A total of 37,303 lots in the R-90 Zone

This category is the most stable -- the highest percentage of 0% change under the proposed amendment.

63.6 % of all lots conform to current standards

R-60 zoned lots

A total of 64,202 lots in the R-60 Zone

75% lots comply with current standards

R-60 lots are the most affected by the legislation (100% of lots)

Note: Almost 17% of the sample lot distribution would, under the legislation, gain lot coverage or remain the same.

The higher lot coverage reductions (11% -15% reductions) are exceedingly small statistically [i.e., 14% reduction = .3% of sample].

It should be noted that the uneven distribution in lot coverage reductions reflects the large numbers of non-standard lot sizes, particularly in the wide-ranging R-200 lots. The primary exception to this pattern is that generated by the larger number of generally conforming lots in the R-90 zone.

The attached charts provide scenarios of 5 different lot sizes to show the change in house sizes as a result of the proposed lot coverage provisions. In no case (including the most severe case of a lot coverage reduction of 15% on a 20,000 square foot lot in the R-60 zone, which results in a maximum house size of 10,000) is a property unduly limited in terms of building size.

GR

Attachments

- 1. Proposed Text Amendment No. 08-11 (as modified by staff)
- 2. ZTA Legislation Lot Coverage Impact Charts for R-60, R-90 and R-200 Zones

ATTACHMENT 1

Ordinance No:

Zoning Text Amendment No: 08-11

Concerning: Standards – Residential Zones

Draft No. & Date: 2 – 5/06/08 Introduced: May 6, 2008 Public Hearing: June 17, 2008

Adopted: Effective:

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT WITHIN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Councilmembers Berliner, Andrews, Elrich, and Trachtenberg

AN AMENDMENT to the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance to:

- amend the provisions concerning an established building line;
- require regulations to implement the provision concerning a sloping lot;
- amend the maximum height for certain lots in the R-200 zone;
- amend the maximum building coverage for certain lots in certain one-family residential zones; and
- generally amend the development standards for one-family residential zones.

By amending the following section of the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 59 of the Montgomery County Code:

DIVISION 59-A-5 "COMPLIANCE REQUIRED" "Established building line"

Section 59-A-5.41 "Additional stories on sloping lots"

DIVISION 59-C-1 "RESIDENTIAL ZONES, ONE-FAMILY"

Section 59-C-1.32 "Development standards"

EXPLANATION: Boldface indicates a heading or a defined term.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates text that is added to existing laws

by the original text amendment.

[Single boldface brackets] indicate text that is deleted from

existing law by the original text amendment.

<u>Double underlining</u> indicates text that is added to the text

amendment by amendment.

[[Double boldface brackets]] indicate text that is deleted

from the text amendment by amendment.

* * * indicates existing law unaffected by the text amendment.

ORDINANCE

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following ordinance:

27

Sec. 1. DIVISION 59-A-5 is amended as follows: Division 50 A 5 Compliance Required

2	Division 59	-A-5. Compliance Required.
3		* * *
4	59-A-5.33.	Established building line.
5	(a)	The established building line, as defined in Section 59-A-2.1, applies
6		only to new buildings in the R-60, R-90, R-150 and R-200 zones. The
7		established building line does not apply to an alteration or addition to
8		an existing building.
9	(b)	The two or more main buildings considered in determining the
10		established building line must <u>all</u> <u>be</u> :
11		(1) [all be] within 300 feet of the side property line of the proposed
12		construction site [(excluding corner lots)] measured along the
13		street frontage;
14		(2) [all be] along the same side of the street;
15		(3) [all be] between intersecting streets or to the point where public
16		thoroughfare is denied;
17		(4) [all] in existence [exist at the time] when the building permit
18		application is filed;
19		(5) [not be nonconforming, unlawfully] <u>legally</u> constructed [, or
20		constructed pursuant to a lawfully granted variance]; and
21		(6) [not be located on a pipestem or flag-shaped lot.] not on a
22		through lot if [[the]] there is a building on the through lot that
23		fronts on a street other than the street fronting the subject
24		property.
25	(c)	The established building line is the minimum setback for the zone,
26		unless there are at least two buildings as described in subsection (b)

and more than 50 percent of the buildings described in subsection (b)

are set back greater than the minimum, in which case the average

28

29		setback of all the buildings described in subsection (b) excluding
30		those buildings:
31		(1) in the R-200 zone that are or were ever served by well or
32		septic[,];
33		(2) on the subject property;
34		(3) in a different zone than the subject property;
35		(4) on a through lot that fronts on a street different than the subject
36		property,
37		(5) located on any pipestem, wedge-shaped, or flag-shaped lot; or
38		(6) approved by permit for demolition.
39		is the established building line unless the applicant chooses to
40		calculate the setback as the average setback of the two adjoining lots.
41		To use this method, [[A]]all calculations must be based on a survey
42		that is signed and sealed by a licensed engineer or surveyor. The
43		engineer or surveyor who signed the survey must also file an affidavit
44		attesting to the accuracy of the survey. Any building excluded from
45		the established building line restriction must comply with the
46		minimum setback requirement of the zone.
47	(d)	Corner lots have two front yards and are subject to established
48		building line standards on both streets.
49		* * *
50	59-A-5.41.	Additional stories on sloping lot.
51	On any slop	oing lot, stories in addition to the number permitted in the zone in which
52	[such] the l	ot is [situated shall] located must be permitted on the downhill side of
53	any building	g erected on [such] the lot, but the building height limit [shall] must not

60

57	Sec. 2. DIVISION 59-C-1 is amended as follows:
56	* * *
55	implement this section under a regulation adopted under method 2.
54	otherwise be increased above that specified for the zone. The Department must

DIVISION 59-C-1. RESIDENTIAL ZONES, ONE-FAMILY. 58

59

59-C-1.32. Development standards.

61

	RE-2	RE-2C	RE-1	R-200	R-150 ³	R-90	R-60	R-40 ²	R-4 plex	RMH 200
59-C-1.327. Maximum Building Height (in Feet).						:				·
Except for agricultural buildings, and except as provided in Division 59-B-1, the maximum height of any building or structure [shall] must be [as follows]:		·			·					
For any building in these zones:	50	50	50	50 *	50			35		50
For a main building in these zones:									35	

For a main building in the zones indicated (*):						*	*			
	RE-2	RE-2C	RE-1	R-200	R-150 ³	R-90	R-60	R-40 ²	R-4 plex	RMH 200
The height must not exceed: (1) 35 feet when measured to the highest point of roof surface regardless of roof type, or (2) 30 feet to the mean height level between the eaves and ridge of a gable, hip, mansard, or gambrel roof, subject to the following:										
(a) The height must not exceed 2 ½ stories ⁵ or 30 or 35 feet, depending on the method of measurement, if other lots on the same side of the street and in the same block are occupied by buildings with a building height the same or less [that] than this requirement.										
(b) The height may be increased to either 3 stories or 40 feet if approved by the [planning board] Planning Board [through the] in a site plan [approval procedures of division 59-D-3].						*	*	*		

Revised May 6, 2008

An accessory building in these zones must not exceed:									20°	
	RE-2	RE-2C	RE-1	R-200	R-150 ³	R-90	R-60	R-40 ²	R-4 plex	RMH 200
An accessory building in these zones, must not exceed 2 stories, and the height from existing grade to the highest point of roof surface must not exceed:						20°	20 ⁹	209		
59-C-1.328. Coverage.										
-Maximum percentage of net lot area that may be covered by buildings, including accessory buildings:	25	25	15	25**	25**	30 **	35**	40**		25
-Maximum percentage of tract that may be covered by buildings:									35	
-Maximum percentage of tract [to be] devoted to green areas:									50	

* If the lot: (1) was created by a plat recorded before January 1, 1996, or by a plat of 5 or fewer lots recorded after January 1, 1996; (2) is less than 40,000 square feet in area; and (3) is the site of a building permit application filed after {date ZTA enacted}, then the maximum allowable building height is determined by either of two methods and varies with the lot area as follows:

Lot Area in Square Feet

62

63

64

65

66

Height in Feet

Equal to or	And less than	Height to the		The mean height in feet
greater than		highest point of		between the eaves and
		any roof		ridge of a gable, hip,
				mansard, or gambrel roof
25,000	40,000	<u>45</u>	<u>or</u>	<u>40</u>
15,000	25,000	40	<u>or</u>	<u>35</u>
0	15,000	<u>35</u>	or	30

- Any building constructed under a building permit application filed before {date ZTA enacted} 67 is not non-conforming, but the building height must not be increased if it exceeds these 68
- 69 standards.
- ** If the lot was created by a plat recorded before January 1, 1996, or by a plat of 5 or fewer lots 70
- recorded after January 1, 1996, then the maximum percentage of lot area that may be covered by 71
- buildings, including any accessory building and any building floor area above a porch, but 72
- not including any bay window, chimney, or porch, must vary with the lot area as follows: 73
- 74 Lot area less than 6,000 square feet: 30 percent.
- Lot area equal to or greater than 6,000 square feet but less than 15,000 square feet: 30 75
- percent, less one percent for every 1,000 square feet of lot area exceeding 6,000 square 76
- 77 feet.
- Lot area equal to or greater than 15,000 square feet: 20 percent. 78
- 79 Any building constructed under a building permit application filed before {date ZTA enacted}
- 80 is not non-conforming, but it must not increase the lot area covered if it exceeds the applicable
- 81 <u>limit.</u>

82

- 83 Sec. 3. Effective date. This ordinance takes effect 20 days after the date of
- Council adoption. 84
- This is a correct copy of Council action. 85

86 87

Linda M. Lauer, Clerk of the Council 88

Appendix: Staff Analysis

Zoning Text Amendment 08-11 Proposed legislation concerning: Standards – Residential Zones

 1.44%	928	15%	(>20,000 sf)
1.80%	1,197	15%	(15,000-19,999 sf)
17.67%	11,347	9-14%	(9,000-14,999 sf)
54.17%	34,783	6-8%	(6,000-8,999 sf)
 24.80%	15,947	5%	(< 6,000 sf)
 100.00%	64,202	uction	Lot coverage Reduction
	<u>ne</u>	Effects of legislation: R-60 Zone	Effects of legis
 1.40%	928	200 size)	@ > 20,000 sf (r-200 size)
19.50%	12,544	(r-90 size)	@ 9,000-19,999 sf (r-90 size)
 54.10%	34,783	r-60 size)	@ 6,000-8,999 sf (r-60 size)
75.20%	48,255	ırrent standards	Compliant with current standards
 24.80%	15,947	< 6,000 sf	Non Compliant @ < 6,000 sf
100%	64,202		Total lots
 %	# Lots	6,000 sf minimum	R-60 Zone 6,0

	5.58%	2,083	10%	(>20,000 sf)
	8.49%	3,168	10%	(6,000-8,999 sf)
	23.30%	8,660	6-9%	(6,000-8,999 sf)
	26,40%	9,849	4-5%	(6,000-8,999 sf)
	13.65%	5,094	1-3%	(< 6,000 sf)
	77.30%	28,854	duction	Lot Coverage Reduction
	22.70%	8,453	00.00%	(< 6,000 sf)
	22.70%	8,453	Coverage	No Effect on Lot Coverage
			ation: R-90 Zone	Effects of legislation:
	2.40%	928	00 size)	@ >20,000 sf (r-200 size)
	60.59%	21,677	f (r-90 size)	@ 9,000-19,999 sf (r-90 size)
	63.69%	23,760	urrent standards	Compliant with current standards
	13.65%	5,094	(r-60 size)	@ 6,000-8,999 sf (r-60 size)
	22.66%	8,453	50 size)	@ < 6,000 sf (< r-60 size)
	36.31%	13,547	esser lot area)	Non Compliant (lesser lot area)
	100%	37,303		Total lots
	%	# Lots	9,000 sf minimum	R-90 Zone
=				

Appendix: Staff Analysis

Page 2 of 2 June 6, 2008

Zoning Text Amendment 08-11 Proposed legislation concerning: Standards – Residential Zones

i			
24.71%	11,582	5%	@ >20,000 sf
20.60%	9,686	5%	@ 15,000-19,999 sf
19.30%	9,077	1-4%	@ 11,000-14,999 sf
64.61%	30,345	tion	Lot Coverage Reduction
11.55%	5,402	1-4%	(6,000-8,999 sf)
16.69%	7,811	5%	(< 6,000 sf)
28.45%	13,213		Lot Coverage Gain
6.94%	3,248	0.00%	@ 10,000@ -10,999 sf 0.00%
6.94%	3,248	erage	No Effect on Lot Coverage
	Zone	ion: R-200 Zone	Effects of legislation:
24.71%	11,582	ize)	@ >20,000 sf (r-200 size)
24.71%	11,582	ent	Compliant with current standards
50.88%	23,817	90 size)	@ 9,000-19,999 sf (r-90 size)
7.68%	3,596	0 size)	@ 6,000-8,999 sf (r-60 size)
16.69%	7,811	ze)	@ < 6,000 sf (< r-60 size)
75.25%	35,224	lot area)	Non Compliant (less lot area)
100%	46,806		Total lots
%	# Lots	20,000 sf minimun	R-200 Zone 20,0

15% R-60	14% R-60	13% R-60	12% R-60	11% R-60	10% R-60 & R-90 & R-200	9% R-60 & R-90	8% R-60 & R-90	7% R-60 & R-90	6% R-60 & R-90	5% R-60 & R-90 & R-200	4% R-90 & R-200	3% R-90 & R-200	2% R-90 & R-200	1% R-90 & R-200	Lot Coverage Reduction	5% R-200	4% R-200	3% R-200	2% R-200	1% R-200	Lot Coverage Gain	0% R-200 Zone	0% R-90 Zone	No Effect on Lot Coverage	Total lots	Sullingly - All EOCS
2,125	468	669	1,062	1,614	8,101	5,959	9,578	15,251	17,339	41,563	7,693	4,996	3,391	3,588	123,401	7,811	1,207	1,166	1,223	1,806	13,213	3,248	8,453	11,701	148,311	# LOIS
1.40%	0.30%	0.40%	0.70%	1.00%	5.40%	4.00%	6.40%	10.20%	11.60%	28.02%	5.10%	3.30%	2.20%	1.90%	83.20%	5.20%	0.80%	0.70%	0.80%	1.20%	8.90%	2.20%	5.70%	7.90%	100%	è

Proposal f	or Changes to Lo	t Coverage													Recomme	ended Building	Heights	8					
data set			~ 64,202 lots				~ 37,307 lots				~ 46,806 lots						~ 64,202 lots		~ 37,307 lots		~ 46,806 lots		
<u>Lot Size</u>		Proposed % lot coverage	R-60 % current / proposed reduction / gain		lot distribution		R-90 % current / proposed reduction / gain		lot distribution		R-200 % current / proposed reduction / gain		lot distribution		Bldg Ht		R-60 H	<u>R-60 Ht</u>			R-200 Ht / Existing	R-200 Ht / Proposed	R-200 Ht Reduction
< 6,000 ft ²	!	30%	35% / - 5% [~15,947 lots]				30% / 0%	[~8,453 lots]	(8)	1	25% /+5%	[~7,811 lots]	^		≤ 15,000 ft ²		30' (35	30' (35 ' peak)		peak)	50' (mean)	30' (35 ' peak)	20'
6,000 - 6,99		29%	35% / - 6%		_ ^	1	30% / - 1%	[~702 lots]	[~13,547 lots].		25% /+4%		1										20'
7,000 - 7,99		28% 27%	35% / - 7 %		[~47,200 lots]		30% / - 2%	[~1,132 lots]			25% /+3%		[~3,59										20'
	3,000 - 8,999 ft ²			[~7,905 lots]			30% / - 3%	[~3,260 lots]	5		25% / +2%	[~1,223 lots]											20'
	. ?				1					1	250/ 1.40/			A									201
9,000 - 9,99		26%	1	[~4,684 lots]		_	30% / -4%				25% / +1%		, '										20'
10,000 - 10		25%	_			_	30% / - 5%	[~4,352 lots]		11	25% / 0%		[~ 23,817 lots]					-					20'
11,000 - 11	1,000 - 11,999 ft ² 2,000 - 12,999 ft ²	24%	35 / - 11 %	[~1,614 lots]	_		30% / - 6%				25% / - 1%												20'
12,000 - 12		23%	35 / - 12 %	[~1,062 lots]	lots]	lots]	30% / - 7%	[~2,435 lots]			25% / - 2 %	[~2,259 lots]			No.								20'
13,000 - 13	,999 ft ²	22%	35 / - 13 %	[~669 lots]	[~48,255	009	30% / -8%	[~1,673 lots]		lots]	25% / - <mark>3</mark> %	[~1,736 lots]		lots]									20'
14,000 - 14	,000 - 14,999 ft ²	21%	35 / - 14 %	[~468 lots]	1.45	[~7,	30% / - 9%	[~1,275 lots]	lots]	92	25% / - 4%	[~2,196 lots]	٤		,	/					V	1	20'
15,000 - 15		20%	35 / -15 %	[~402 lots]			30% / - 10%		[21,677 lots]	[~23,760	25% / -5%	[~2,749 lots]		[~35,224	15,000	- 24, 999 ft ²					50' (mean)	35' (40' peak)	15'
16,000 - 16		20%	35 / -15 %	[~264 lots]			30% / - 10%	[~704 lots]	[2]	-	25% / - 5%	[~2,082 lots]		_									
17,000 - 17	307	20%	35 / -15 %	[~205 lots]			30% / - 10%				25% / - 5%	[~1.700 lots]											
18,000 - 18		20%	35 / -15 %	[~177 lots]			30% / - 10%				25% / - 5%												
-									-				+					1					
19,000 - 19	,999 ft *	20%	35 / -15 %	[~149 lots]	V		30% / - 10%	[~412 lots]		V	25% / - 5%	[~1,678 lots]	1	V V		V							
≥ 20,000 ft	2	20%	35 / -15	[~928 lots]		¥	30% / - 10%	[~2,083 lots]		Ų	25% / - 5%	[~11,582 lots]			25,000 -	39,999 ft ² or					50' (mean)	40' (45' peak)	10'
															≥ 40,000	0 ft ²		V	\	,	50' (mean)	50' (mean)	
Scenario	enarios Prop. footprint		R-60 / reduction		% house size		R-90 / reduction		% house size		R-200 / reduction/gain		% house size				R-60	R-60				R-200	Reduction
	5,000 ft ² @ 30% 1,800 ft ²		2,100 / -300 sf				1,800 / -000 sf				1,500 / + 300 sf						30' (35	'peak)	R-90 30' (35	' peak)		30' (35' peak)	*-15'
		~ house size *	change in hous																				
		4,500 ft ²	5,250 / -750	sf	-14%		6,750 / -000	sf	0%		3750 / + 1,5	00 sf	+4 %										
	. 1	2,340 ft ²									2.250 /	-					201 :		201 :			201 (25)	* ael
Lot 9,000			3,150 / -810 sf change in house size		_		2,700 / -360 sf				2,250 / + 90 sf change in house sf		T				30' (35' peak)		30 (35 peak)		-	30' (35' peak)	-15
		~ house size *			050/		change in hous		120/		1		*+4						1			1	
		5,850 ft ²	5,850 ft ² 7,875 / -2,025 sf		-25%		6,750 / -900 sf		-13%		5,625 / + 225 sf		1-9									-	
Lot 12 000	ft 2 @ 23%	2,760 ft ²	4,200 / -1,450 sf				3,600 / -840 sf change in house sf				3,000 / -240 sf change in house sf						30' (35 ' peak)		30' (35 ' peak)			30' (35 ' peak)	
201 12,000	11 @ 25/0	~ house size *																					
		6,900 ft ²	10,500 / -3,0	600 sf	-34%		9,000 / -2,1	00 sf	-23%		7,500 / -600	sf	-8%										
	. ?	3,000 ft ²					/				2.750 / 750						201 /05		201 (25)			251 (40) 11	2 451
Lot 15,000			5,250 / -2,250 sf change in house sf				4,500 / -1,500 sf change in house sf				3,750 / -750 sf change in house sf						30 (35	peak)	30' (35' peak)			35' (40' peak)	-15
		~ house size * 7,500 ft ²	13,125 / -5,		-42%		11,250 / -3,		-33%		9,375 / -187		-20%										
		7,50011	13,123 -3,	023 31	72/0		11,2007 0,		3370		3,5.57 207												
Lot 20,000	ft ² @ 20%	4,000 ft ²	7,000 /-3,00	10 sf			6,000 / -2,0	00 sf			5,000/-1,00	0 sf					30' (35	'peak)	30' (35	peak)		40' (45' peak)	10'
		~ house size *	change in hous				change in hous				change in hous	e sf											
		10,000 ft ²	17,500/-7,5	600 sf	-42%		15,000/-5,0	100 sf	-33%		12,500/ -2,5	00 sf											
		a) Plat created before Jan 1, 2003;			+														1				
Applies to:		a) Plat created b	pefore Jan 1, 2003	3;																			