













INVASIVE PLANT MANAGEMENT PLAN

The forest on-site must be managed for multiple invasive species. These species include but are not limited to Multiflora rose, Bamboo, Wisteria, Japanese Honey-suckle, English Ivy, Five-leaf Aralia, and Porcelain Berry. With the exception of Bamboo, these species are found in multiple locations throughout the forest area...

Many of the vines, mostly English Ivy, are overwhelming the trees with some reaching into the canopy. These vines should be cut at the base as well as the approximately 5 feet above the ground while leaving the vines in the canopy to fall out on their own...

Cut invasive vines on fence at edge of forest and remove as able. It may prove to be easier to remove at a later time after vines die off. Plant native vines per vine plant schedule in the beginning of the following growing season after clearing and treatment...

Use of herbicides should be limited as much as possible. Herbicides may be used as approved by MNCPPC Inspector and may vary depending on location and species being removed. Licensed herbicide applicator is required for all herbicide treatments and shall follow state requirements including proper notification of neighbors regarding pesticide sensitive individuals...

1) Invasive plant management personnel must have experience in invasive plant removal and management techniques. The person performing the invasive plant management must be able to demonstrate that he/she can properly identify the invasive species and must also demonstrate that he/she has experience in performing NNI removal and management...

2) No later than the pre-construction meeting, the invasive plant management person must provide to the MNCPPC forest conservation inspector, a detailed time schedule for invasive plant management work and how this work will fit into the overall project timeline, including planting of native trees/shrubs/vines and construction work...

3) Treatments/invasive removal should continue throughout the entire conservation area at a rate of approximately once a month as needed through the growing season between April 1st and November 15th. Following each treatment, a description of what occurred and an assessment of the effectiveness of those treatments should be sent to the MNCPPC forest conservation inspector prior to the next treatment...

4) Removal of invasive plants from surrounding chain link fence is to be achieved by removing all vines from the fence and replacing any native vines that were removed during the process. See documents on this page for individual plant removal techniques. Replacement is to be achieved by replanting of native vines during the appropriate planting season...

- Notes:
1) Per state requirements, neighboring property owners should be informed whenever herbicides are used. If herbicides are approved for use, safety information and signage may be required to keep homeowners informed.
2) If effectiveness of this plan appears to be an issue then a reevaluation should take place.
3) See notes this sheet for additional recommendations for invasive management of specific species.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET for HELM 4175. Includes sections for Product/Company Identification, Composition Information, Health Hazard Data, and Precautionary Statements.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET for HELM 4175. Includes sections for Fire Fighting Measures, Accidental Release Measures, Handling and Storage, Exposure Controls/Personal Protection, Physical/Chemical Properties, Stability and Reactivity, and Disposal Considerations.

Best Management Practices for control of Non-Native Invasives. Natural Resource Stewardship Section, Park Planning & Stewardship Division, Montgomery Parks. April 2009.

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FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN CERTIFICATION. I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS CORRECT AND THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF EXISTING STATE AND COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION LEGISLATION.

Use product specified in safety data material or similar.

DESIGNED: FCJ 4/15/10. DRAWN: FCJ 4/15/10. CHECKED: VSB 4/15/10. APPROVED: DATE. ISSUED: DATE. DESCRIPTION: 50% Design Review, 95% Design Review, For Building Permit, 95% Backcheck, Issued for Construction.

WASHINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA TRANSIT AUTHORITY. FORRESTER CONSTRUCTION Design Builder. GROUP GOETZ ARCHITECTS Architecture. CULP & TANNER Structural Engineering. MACRIS, HENDRICKS and GLASCOCK Civil Engineering. CS CONSULTING ENGINEERS MEP & FP Engineering.

04/15/2010. MHG #2008.129.21. CONTRACT NO. JD7000. WMATA RED LINE GLENMONT STATION PARKING STRUCTURE INVASIVE PLANT CONTROL PLAN. SCALE: NTS. DRAWING NO. C6.10. M1250 -67.

NOTE: NO CHANGES TO THIS SHEET WITH GLENMONT FIRE STATION AMENDMENT

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PROJECT: GLENMONT FIRE STATION #18. 12600 GEORGIA AVENUE, GLENMONT MD, 20906.

WSSC MAP 216NW03. TAX MAP HQ63. ELECTION DISTRICT 13. SEAL.

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PROJECT NUMBER: 0907. DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: SHEET TITLE: WMATA REDLINE GLENMONT STATION PARKING STRUCTURE INVASIVE PLANT CONTROL PLAN. AMENDMENT TO FINAL FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN MR1994002. SHEET NUMBER: C-111.

KEY PLAN. SHEET TITLE: WMATA REDLINE GLENMONT STATION PARKING STRUCTURE INVASIVE PLANT CONTROL PLAN. AMENDMENT TO FINAL FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN MR1994002. SHEET NUMBER: C-111.

FINAL FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN GLENMONT FIRE STATION #18 AMENDMENT TO FCP# MR1994002. Copyright 2011 © Hughes Group Architects