

MCPB Item No. Date: 7/26/12

### Worksession No. 3: Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan and Draft Design Guidelines

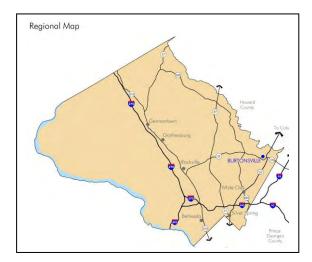
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### Completed: 07/19/12

### Description

Worksession No. 3: Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan and Draft Design Guidelines

Staff Recommendation: Approval to transmit the Plan and Draft Design Guidelines to the County Council and County Executive



### Summary

Worksession No. 3 is the final hearing on the Burtonsville Neighborhood Crossroads Plan. Worksession No. 1 focused on the completing the Planning Board modifications to the Plan for the existing commercial areas. Worksession No. 2 focused on completing the Planning Board modifications for the Rural Edge properties and providing a Zoning Text Amendment to the Rural Cluster Zone.

Worksession No. 3 provides a final opportunity to review of all the modifications to the Public Hearing Draft of the Burtonsville Neighborhood Crossroads Plan before transmitting the Planning Board Draft Plan to the County Council and County Executive. This worksession will also provide an opportunity to review additional public testimony and also review the Draft Design Guidelines.

### STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends approval to transmit the Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan and the Draft Urban Design Guidelines to the County Council.

### DISCUSSION

### **Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan**

The Plan encourages the redevelopment, infill and adaptive reuse of existing buildings in the commercial area, and low-density residential and agricultural land uses in the Rural Edge. The combination of new mixed-use, including 600 new units in the existing commercial area, with the existing adjacent residential areas provides a significant market for commercial development in Burtonsville. The modifications to the Plan as a result of the previous worksessions include the following:

- Adding text to describe the potential for interim development
- Increasing the building height in the MD 198 Main Street North and Village Center Business 29 West from 65 to 70 feet
- Providing stronger language to eliminate sewer service in the Rural Edge
- Including a regional map of public facilities and trail connections
- Including all of the recommendations from the Executive agencies
- Supporting the future BRT and connecting the transit to the development
- Improving the character of Business 29 as a linear green

A list of the specific modifications is attached. After approval by the Planning Board, the modifications will be incorporated into the Planning Board Draft and transmitted to the County Council and County Executive.

### **Design Guidelines**

The Design Guidelines assist in implementing the recommendations in the Approved and Adopted Plan. With the exception of the street standards and other specific recommendations in the Plan, the Design Guidelines are not regulations. They illustrate how the plan recommendations and principles can be met, and they encourage the applicants to propose designs that create an attractive public realm. The Draft Design Guidelines will be revised as necessary in response to any modifications to the Plan by the County Council. After approval of the Plan by the County Council, the Draft Design Guidelines will be modified as needed and returned to the Planning Board to be approved for staff use in the review of applications.

The Draft Design Guidelines are organized into the following sections:

- introduction: relationship to the Plan and design objectives
- guidelines:
  - connections
  - open space

- community character
- environment
- resources

### ADDITONAL PUBLIC TESTIMONY

### Testimony

One letter was received last week from the property owner of the Burtonsville Town Square shopping center. The concerns raised includes the following:

- Revise the network and description of local roads in Burtonsville Town Square because they would have extremely burdensome and unintended consequences (public utility easements, horizontal encroachments)
- Remove the access point in the northeast corner because it is not feasible due to the steep slope (greater than 10 feet).
- Study and remove the bikeway designation along Burtonsville Town Square (page 57 of the Plan)
- Address the need for a Phase 2 in the application of the CRT Zone

### **Staff Response**

The staff recommends the following actions to respond to the concerns: to support the need for improving the connections between properties in the Village Center Business 29 and Main Street MD 198 areas. The Burtonsville Town Square shopping center provides the core connections for travel from MD 198 to Business 29 and vice versa. Map 2 shows a driveway in the northeast corner of the shopping center. Staff recommends that this access point be removed due to the grade. The following actions will be undertaken to respond to the shopping center's concerns and they include:

- A minor revision to the layout of local streets will be established to address the concerns of the Burtonsville Town Square. In addition, the Plan will clarify that the layout of local streets is illustrative and the location may change during the review process. These streets may be public or private and public utility easements may not be needed.
- The access point in the northeast corner of the site will be removed to address the concerns due to steep slopes.
- The bikeway shown in the Plan (page 57) has already been constructed, and the designation in the Plan should remain. In addition, the Plan recommends the creation of a linear green area along Business 29 that includes the existing bikeway adjacent to the Burtonsville Town Square.
- A second phase to the use of the CRT Zone is not necessary. The Plan will include text that supports small businesses and addresses the need to accommodate interim development without compromising the recommendations in the plan.

### CONCLUSION

The staff recommends approval to transmit the Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan, with modifications, as the Planning Board Draft, and the Draft Design Guidelines to the County Council and the County Executive.

### **PLANNING STEPS**

The schedule to date for the Plan follows:

•	Approval of the Staff Draft as the Public Hearing Draft	May 3, 2012
•	Planning Board Public Hearing	June 7, 2012
•	Worksession No. 1: Existing Commercial Areas	June 28, 2012
•	Worksession No. 2: Rural Areas and Zoning Text Amendment	July 12, 2012
•	Worksession No. 3: Transmit the Plan and Draft Design Guidelines	
	to the County Council and County Executive	July 26, 2012
•	County Council Public Hearing and Worksessions	Fall 2012

### Attachments:

- 1. Letter from Tim Dugan, dated July 11, 2012
- 2. Recommended Planning Board Actions
- 3. Public Hearing Draft of the Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan
- 4. Draft Burtonsville Design Guidelines

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OFFICE OF THE OHAIMMN THE MARYLAND HATTOMAL CAPITAL PARKAND PLANNING COMMISSION

July 11, 2012

By Email The Montgomery County Planning Board The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

Re: July 12, 2012 Agenda, Item 8 Worksession No. 2 Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan The Burtonsville Town Square Concerns Raised by Public Hearing Draft of Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan (the "Plan")

Dear Members of the Planning Board:

We represent the owners and developers of the very recently redeveloped Burtonsville Town Square (the "Town Square Owners"). Although the Town Square Owners support the Plan conceptually, some of the Plan details, if implemented as written, without further editing and/or clarification, would pose significant physical, technical, and practical hardships. Generally, the Plan must be refined to address and allow for, and be compatible with, the life cycle of the use of recently redeveloped Burtonsville Town Square.

We will be scheduling meetings, starting in early August, with Ms. Kristin O'Connor and the other Planning Staff, to address the issues, but we want to alert you to what we have identified so far.

1) The Plan includes maps that show "local roads" running through the Burtonsville Town Square as part of the future grid. On pages 55-56 of the Plan, language indicates a right of way dedication of "60 feet or less . . . 2 lanes." Such language, left unmodified, would have extremely burdensome unintended consequences, if, for example, the existing Preliminary Plan must be amended, which is very likely. We have seen cases where Preliminary Plan amendments require dedications of rights of way, which, in turn, also require establishing public utility easements, i.e., further horizontal encroachments, both of which would impose impossible burdens on an existing development. Please consider the impact of applying to a Preliminary Plan amendment of: (1) Section 50-35(l) "Relation to Master Plan;"

# SHULMAN<br/>ROGERSGANDAL<br/>PORDY<br/>ECKERThe Montgomery County Planning Board<br/>The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission<br/>July 11, 2012

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and (2) Section 50-25, "Roads and streets-Plat and plan requirements." Shopping centers have through ways that operate like public rights of way. In the case of Burtonsville Town Square, such through ways connect to off site areas. In short, we must be sure that circulation recommendations do not impose unintended burdensome requirements if and when the existing Preliminary Plan were amended to complement the existing, recently redeveloped Burtonsville Town Square.

a)

Among such concerns, in his recent email message to Ms. O'Connor, Chris Jones, of the Town Square Owners, explained one of the many "local roadway" problems in detail. His explanation involves a driveway now shown in the Plan in the northeast corner of Burtonsville Town Square. Please see the attachment included as Exhibit 1. Such northeast corner is the only additional area at the Burtonsville Town Square that has been planned for additional development ("Phase 2"). They designed their parking and installed all utilities and stormwater infrastructure to accommodate such future development - all at very significant cost. Please see the attachment identified as Exhibit 2 which is a very schematic drawing of a planned "Phase 2" for such area. Of course, the exact size and shape of the actual building would be designed to accommodate a specific tenant, but it illustrates the problem. The driveway shown by the Plan has several drawbacks: (1) it consumes the entirety of the developable land; (2) it would serve no critical function; (3) it would encourage customer traffic to travel close to the truck/delivery service areas; (4) it would have severe grades. Namely, the grade change between the road surface on US29 and the service drive behind the building nearest US29 is over 10 feet. Again, the problems for the particular northeast corner is just one of many areas that would experience burdens.

2) Similarly, the Plan recommendation for bikeway dedication(s), such as at page 57, must be studied in light of the above concerns.

3) We must study in detail the possible juxtaposition of a Phase 2 in the CRT Zone with the existing C-2 Zone that was so recently used for the Burtonsville Town Square, so that, again, we may determine whether the Plan allows for, and is compatible with, the life cycle of the recently redeveloped Burtonsville Town Square.

Thank you for your consideration of our concerns. Again, we look forward to working with the Planning Staff to address and refine the Plan recommendations to be sure that the Plan addresses, allows for, and will be compatible with, the life cycle of the use of the recently redeveloped Burtonsville Town Square. S H U L M A N<br/>R O G E R SGANDAL<br/>PORDY<br/>ECKERThe Montgomery County Planning Board<br/>The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission<br/>July 11, 2012

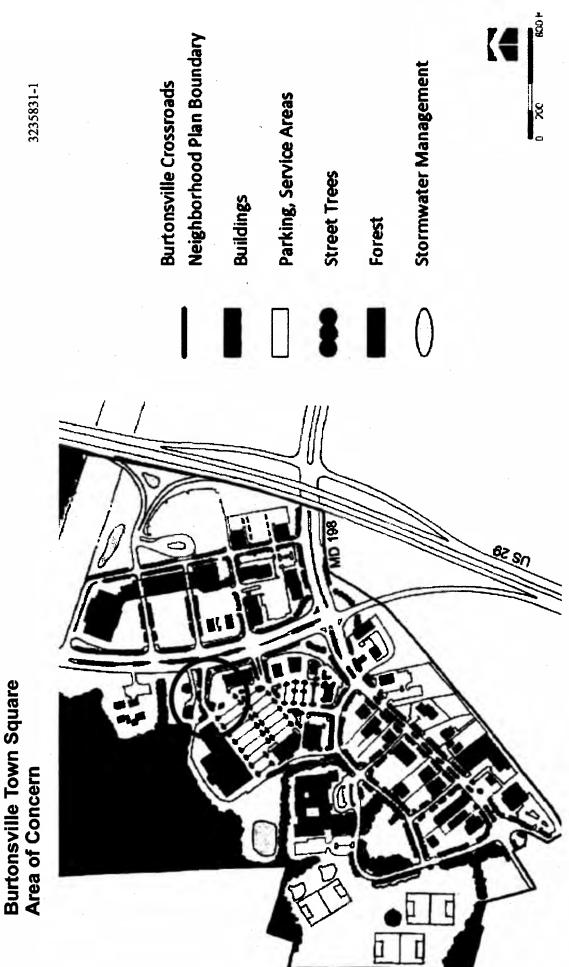
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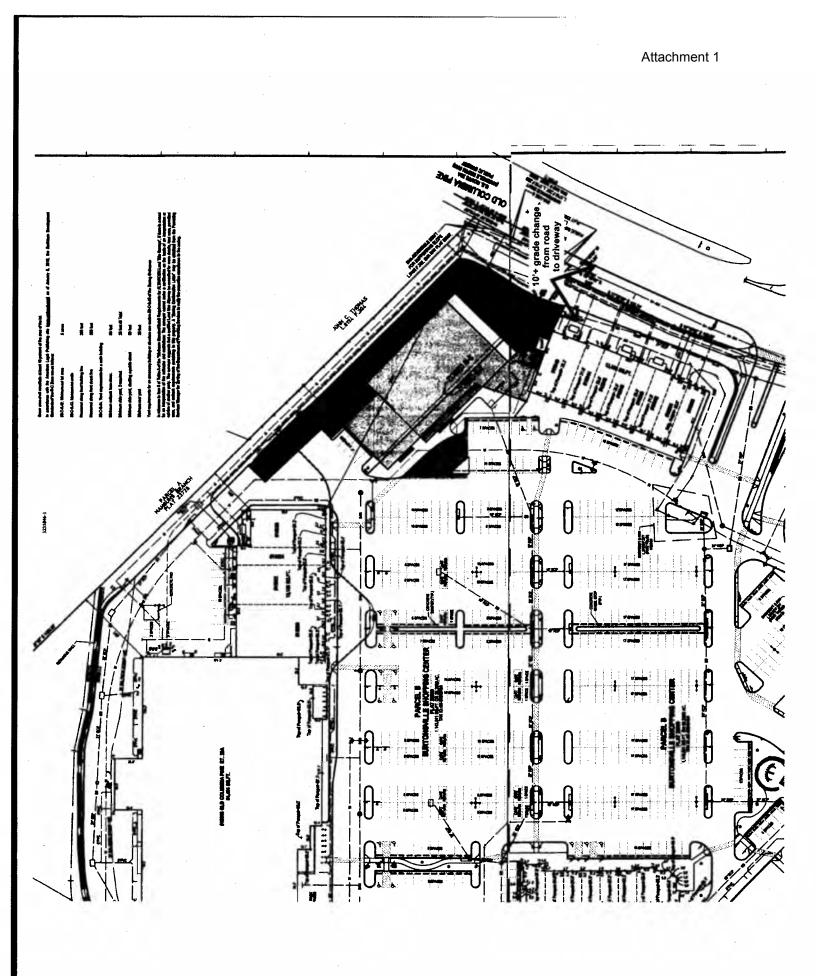
Please call with your comments, questions and instructions. Thank you.

Very truly yours, Timothy Dugan

Enclosures

cc: Ms. Kristin O'Connor Mr. John Carter Mr. Calvin Nelson Ms. Katherine Nelson Ms. Rachel Newhouse Mr. Ki Kim Mr. Christopher T. Jones c:\nrportbl\worksite\tim\3235450\_1.doc





The Public Hearing Draft: Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan, dated May 2012, is approved by the Planning Board to be transmitted to the County Council and County Executive with the modifications indicated in the following paragraphs.

Edit Map 5 on page 12 with additional shopping centers

- Burtonsville Town *Square* (edit)
- Colesville Center
- Laurel Center
- White Oak Giant
- Beltsville Giant

Correct the first paragraph on page 13:

Seventeen-thousand households have a choice of more than *ten* grocery stores...

Add the following additional bullets on page 13 of grocery stores within the 3 miles radius:

- Colesville Center, anchored by a Giant Food
- Laurel Center, Laurel, anchored by a Giant Food
- White Oak Shopping Center, anchored by a Sears and Giant Food
- Beltsville Giant, Calverton, anchored by a Giant Food

Add a paragraph to page 17 in the *create and main street on MD 198 and improve Business 29* section as follows:

 Business 29 has an opportunity to serve as the "spine" of the Village Center. The Plan recommends safe and attractive crossings, gateway, planted median, and a linear green along Business 29. These improvements will be designed to improve the character and function of the area.

Add the following bullets to Illustration 3 under "Main Street MD 198" on page 19 to include:

- consolidation of driveways
- shared parking

Add the following bullets to Illustration 3 under "Eastern Gateway" on page 19 to include:

visually attractive linear green space

Edit the footnote on Illustration 3 on page 19 to include:

 Note: The proposed local streets show the general location of access points and driveways, not the actual alignments. Access to parcels will also be from local streets.

Add a 5<sup>th</sup> sentence on page 20 to the *connect to the park-and-ride lot and regional transit* section to state:

• The Plan supports a BRT station in Burtonsville.

Add the following text after the first sentence on page 31 to include:

While the majority of the headwater tributaries within this planning area have declined over time, the tributary identified as the Dustin Road Tributary has remained in excellent condition. Habitat and water quality conditions here are still favorable to support a diverse and sensitive

benthic macroinvertebrate community. The Plan supports environmental protection measures to maintain the high quality stream health in all three tributaries.

Add the following bullet, in the *economy* section, on page 40:

interim development should provide for growth opportunities for existing businesses

Modify the first sentence in the *connectivity* section on page 40 to state:

 Redevelopment will create a local street network and internal thoroughfares that connect both sides of...

Add the following bullets in the *design section* to page 40:

- streetscape will allow signage and retail shops to be visible from Business 29
- tallest buildings should be located away from existing residential development
- a gateway, green and pathway to create linear greenway

Modify the third sentence under "Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center Site" on page 41 to state:

The tallest buildings should be located away from existing residential development

Add the following bullet under "Park-and-ride" lot on page 41

joint use of the park-and-ride

Replace the second sentence on page 42, with the following:

• The Plan recommends that small adjacent lot (parcel P645) be rezoned from RC to CRT.

Add the following sentence after the first sentence (in the first paragraph) on page 46:

 Land uses that are permitted in the RC Zone, limit imperviousness to eight percent, and do not need public sewer are appropriate. The recommendations in this Plan provide for the preservation of natural features and protections for the headwater tributaries of the Patuxent Watershed.

Add the following bullet to page 46:

no public sewer service should be permitted for any use

Add the following sentence to the last paragraph on page 48:

The Plan and the CRT Zone recognize that in the short term, not all the public facilities such as significant public use space, amenities and local streets will be implemented. Each project should implement public facilities and amenities commensurate with the size of development without compromising the recommendations in the Plan.

Change building height from 65 feet to 70 feet on page 37, 42, and map 23 on page 51.

Modify local streets map 24 on page 55 to remove the proposed service access driveway off Business 29 in the northeast corner into the Town Square shopping center.

Add paragraph to page 55 under table 6 to include:

The local streets are illustrative and the location may change during the review process.
 These streets may be public or private, and they may not need public utility easements.

Add a new map *Rural Edge, Public Green and Public Use Space* and include the following text to page 58 to describe the open spaces and parks in Burtonsville:

- Rural Edge
  - 1) Northern Properties: low density development and protection of scenic and environmentally sensitive areas.
  - 2) Mangum Properties: low density development with forest conservation easements and stream buffers (potential legacy open space)
  - 3) Burtonsville Town Square: conservation and stormwater management easement
- Public Green

ES) Elementary school and recreation

- P) Athey Property: active recreation (park acquisition)
- O) Burtonsville Volunteer Fire Department: public gathering and stormwater management
- Public Use Space
  - A) East of Business 29
  - B) West of Business 29
  - C) Along Main Street MD 198

Add a <u>new</u> map to page 58 to describe the location of public facilities and the bikeways and trails that connect the Burtonsville to the nearby facilities:

Regional Connections and Public Facilities

Replace the paragraph in the *Sewer and Water* section on page 59 with the following text:

- This Plan supports the use of community (public) water and sewer service and the use of individual, on-site systems (wells and septic systems) consistent with the service policies included in the County's Comprehensive Water Supply and Sewerage Systems Plan. The 1997 Fairland Master Plan included language that opened the possibility of providing public sewer service for special exceptions uses in the RC Zone on the 9.52-acre Benderly Property (Area 34) near Dustin Road, as follows:
  - "Water and sewer service to approved special exception uses to be considered on a case by case basis." (1997 Fairland Master Plan, page 71)
  - "No planned sewer service for areas zoned RC north of MD 198, except to support special exception uses as recommended in this Plan." (page 151)

This Plan recommends against the provision of public sewer service for Rural Edge properties under any circumstances, other than for the relief of documented public health problems.

### General

All illustrations and tables included in the Plan are to be revised to reflect the Planning Board changes and the comments from the Executive agencies. The text and graphics are to be revised as necessary to achieve and improve clarity and consistency, to update factual information, and to convey the actions of the Planning Board. Graphics and tables should be revised to be consistent with the text.

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# burtonsville Toggoggeneighborhood plan

turning a Crossroads into a Community

public hearing draft • may 2012

Montgomery County Planning Department 🔹 🔏 M-NCPPC

### Public Hearing Draft

### burtonsville crossroads neighborhood plan

### Abstract

This plan contains the text and supporting maps for a comprehensive amendment to the approved and adopted 1997 Fairland Master Plan. It also amends The General Plan (On Wedges and Corridors) for the Physical Development of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, as amended, the Master Plan of Highways within Montgomery County, as amended, and the Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan, as amended. This Plan makes recommendations for land use, zoning, design, transportation, environment, and community facilities.

### Source of copies

The Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910-3760

Online at: montgomeryplanning.org/community/burtonsville

### burtonsville commercial crossroads neighborhood planning study

Public Hearing Draft Prepared by the Montgomery County Planning Department May 2012

MontgomeryPlanning.org

### Attachment 3

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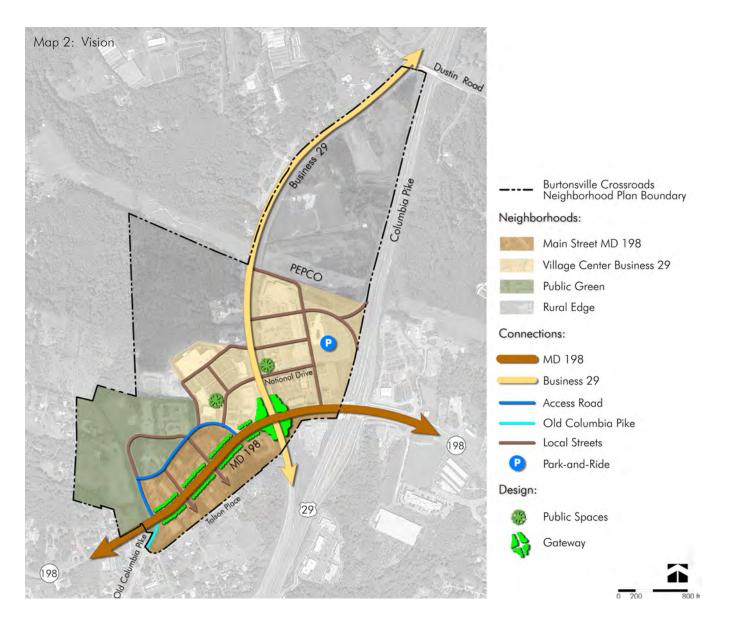


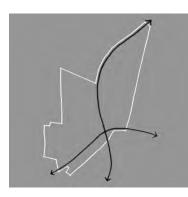
## vision Attachment 3

### crossroads into community

The Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan will foster the creation of a complete community designed at a scale to serve the surrounding area with small businesses, retail, local services, offices, residential and open spaces for local events, conservation, and recreation. The community will be connected together by a system of enhanced local streets, sidewalks and trails.

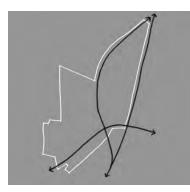
Burtonsville will be designed at the scale of a neighborhood center. The communities along US 29 include the major employment centers of the Silver Spring Central Business District, the consolidated campus of the Food and Drug Administration, and the evolving Cherry Hill Road Employment Area/White Oak Science Gateway Center. The major highways of MD 198 and US 29 along with the nearby Intercounty Connector (MD 200) and the transit center (park-and-ride lot) provide regional access from Burtonsville to these employment centers.





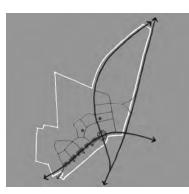
### I. 1900 to 2004: Crossroads

Burtonsville began as a small, rural crossroads commercial area located at the intersection of US 29 and MD 198. The crossroads served the surrounding, low density agricultural area. Single-use commercial zoning and incremental road widening accommodated the local businesses. US 29 and MD 198 were designed to provide for access from the areas located north/south and east/west of Burtonsville.



### 2. 2005 to Present: Bypass

In 2005, US 29 was relocated to the east of the original intersection with MD 198 to accommodate an increased volume of through traffic. As traffic increased along MD 198, conflicts with slow moving local traffic serving local businesses and through traffic were created. This bypass of Burtonsville eliminated direct access to an existing shopping center. Additional retail development located to the west of Old US 29 created vacancies to the east and the loss of a major tenant. Development pressures continued in the area north of the PEPCO line which caused environmental stress to the tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River.



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### 3. 2012: Community

The Plan's vision is to transform the area from a crossroads to a complete community. The Plan supports the transformation by allowing a variety of uses including residential, creating a main street, improving local vehicular and pedestrian connections between properties, providing public spaces for recreation and gathering, and by focusing on infill and redevelopment in the village center and not in the surrounding watersheds and agricultural lands. Roads in the Plan area will serve the local community as well as through traffic.

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### Themes

Burtonsville will be a complete community with a main street and public green, village center, and a rural edge. Pedestrians will be able to walk to the elementary school; ride a trail to Fairland Recreational Park; and walk to stores, restaurants, open space, and recreation opportunities.

The Plan area covers approximately 191 acres. The recommendations, taken together, form a cohesive way forward, defined by four themes that help create a complete community.

- connectivity create an expanded network of streets, bikeways, and pedestrian routes
- design create an identity that will help to create a sense of place
- economy improve the local economy with a mix of uses and new implementation tools
- environment preserve tributary headwaters and maintain rural character

These four themes are interrelated. For example, providing connections that allow pedestrians to walk from place to place will link customers to shopping opportunities and support economic vitality. Reducing conflicts between through traffic and local traffic on MD 198 will provide the opportunity to improve the design of MD 198.

Transforming existing surface parking lots into a more compact development pattern with green areas will reduce imperviousness and support an environmentally sensitive design pattern that protects the tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River.

The approach is a means to coordinate government investment in infrastructure and programs with private investment. This Plan sets a framework so that near- and long-term public and private decisions can occur in a coordinated manner where each action is another piece of the puzzle.



connectivity



design



economy



environment

### **Community Outreach**

Community involvement is a hallmark of the planning effort in Burtonsville. At the 2010 Burtonsville Day celebration, staff met with participants and identified the challenges and opportunities in Burtonsville. The East County Citizens Advisory Board (ECCAB), a group of representatives appointed by the County Executive, played a critical role throughout the planning process. The ECCAB, residents, property owners and government agencies were provided briefings from the beginning of the Plan.

During the first workshop with the ECCAB, participants identified the challenges and opportunities along MD 198 in the commercial area—a lack of trees and landscaping, the abundance of curb cuts, and an absence of sidewalks, bikeways, and trails. Additional workshops and open houses were held for the general public. Area residents, ECCAB members, property owners, and business owners developed a vision and identified community assets as follows.



- access to regional employment centers (Silver Spring, FDA, Rockville, and Ft. Meade) and major highways (US 29, MD 198, MD 200/ICC and I-95)
- commercial core with a diversity of local services and retail, including the existing "restaurant row"
- small business ownership
- the elementary school
- the lot
- two strip shopping centers
- fire tower built in the 1930s
- forested areas and streams

The Plan recognizes that these community assets can be the building blocks for change. As the market expands and owners find the incentive to take on new risk, the County can play its part through strategic actions and infrastructure improvements.

### **Plan Context:**

- 1993: Functional Plan for the Patuxent River
   Watershed established environmental guidelines to protect drinking water resources.
- **1997: Fairland Master Plan** encouraged cohesive development and redevelopment.
- **1999-2009: Conservation Land Purchases** placed over 185 acres in the Patuxent River Watershed adjacent to the Plan area into forest conservation easements by private property owners or have been purchased by the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission and State Highway Administration for environmental mitigation.
- 2002: MD 28/MD 198 Corridor Improvement Study, Purpose and Need Statement outlines the State Highway Administration's proposed changes to the MD 198 corridor through Burtonsville.
- **2005: US 29 Realignment** separated local and through traffic and removed direct access to the commercial area.
- **2005: park-and-ride lot** brought in more through traffic, but with limited access to local businesses.
- **2008: DHCA's Burtonsville Community Legacy Plan** was completed with community involvement.
- **2009: Dutch Market and US Post Office** relocated outside of the Plan area.
- 2010: Burtonsville Crossroads Shopping Center lost supermarket anchor (Giant).
- **2010: Burtonsville Town Square Shopping Center** opened with a Giant Foods, relocated from the Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center (across Business 29).
- **2011: MD 200/ICC** opened a new cross-County east-west route, which supports redesigning MD 198 to focus on local traffic.



# challenges and opportunities

Attendees at each community workshop identified the vision, characteristics, and actions needed to transform Burtonsville into a complete community. The following challenges and opportunities were identified at the community workshops.

### Challenges

### economy

- regional competition
- high vacancy rates
- single-use zoning

### connectivity

- conflicts between through and local traffic on MD 198
- limited local street network
- inadequate pedestrian infrastructure

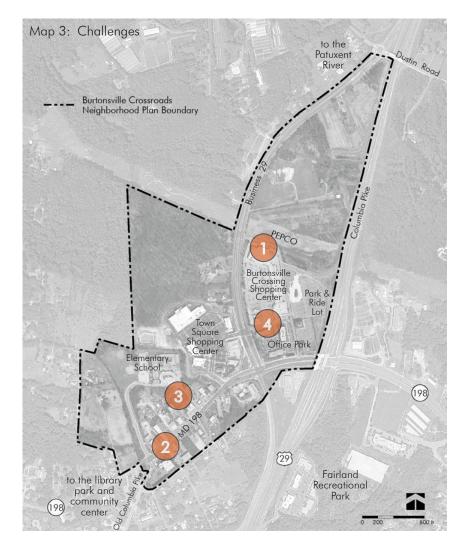
### design

- auto-oriented development pattern
- inadequate pedestrian environment
- absence of public spaces

### environment

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- declining water quality
- sensitive tributary headwaters
- high impervious levels
- appropriate sewer and water service





Vacant stores at Burtonsville Crossing



Lack of sidewalks



Under-used open space



Parking lots with high imperviousness

### Opportunities

The following opportunities can create a foundation for the transforming Burtonsville into a complete community.

economy

- create safe highway and transit access
- provide local services for nearby employment centers
- support small businesses

### connectivity

- provide regional access
- create a "main street" on MD 198
- connect to the lot and regional transit
- provide a local grid of streets and access road
- improve street character
- provide bikeways and trails

### design

- provide a safe and attractive local street system
- improve building character
- provide a public green and open space
- support infill and adaptive reuse
- continue the façade improvement program
- provide adequate transition areas
- provide a better location and design of parking

environment

- reduce imperviousness
- provide additional tree canopy and forest cover
- continue low-density zoning





Support small businesses along MD 198



Create a main street along MD 198







Retain and enhance forest cover

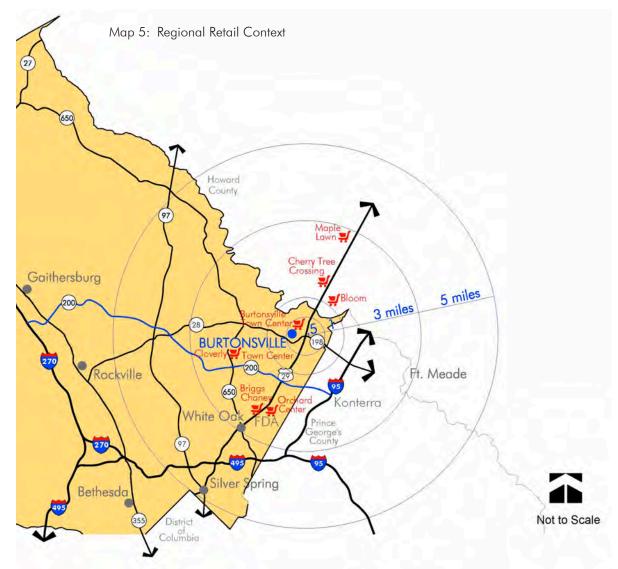
### Economy

As a result of the relocation of US 29 and the creation of a raised bypass, both large and small businesses in Burtonsville have suffered from the loss of direct access by through traffic. But Burtonsville's regional accessibility can extend its market area. This concept is critical because the local market is not strong enough to support the existing and planned businesses. The challenge is to broaden the reach of the community and build on its major assets of accessibility and special stores and restaurants.

Burtonsville's regional accessibility opens the opportunity for a "trail head" economy to capture the significant number of vehicles that pass by each day. Capturing commuters at Burtonsville's park-and-ride lot by providing direct access to the retail can also sustain local businesses. This accessibility, coupled with the large land parcels, creates the potential for coordinated development that supports local businesses and attracts new customers over time.

### Challenges

- regional competition
- high vacancy rates
- single-use zoning



### regional competition

Burtonsville faces current and future competition with other retail centers both within and beyond Montgomery County. Seventeen-thousand households have a choice of six grocery stores within a three-mile drive including one grocery store within the Plan area boundary. Because data indicates that the threshold for maintaining a grocery store is approximately 4,000 households, the opportunity for establishing another shopping area anchored by a grocery store in the Plan area is limited.

### Table 1: Burtonsville Area Housing Units and Population

	Ū	
distance	housing units	population
0.5 mile	361	1,019
1 mile	2,023	5,951
3 miles	17,394	47,121
5 miles	61,375	161,514

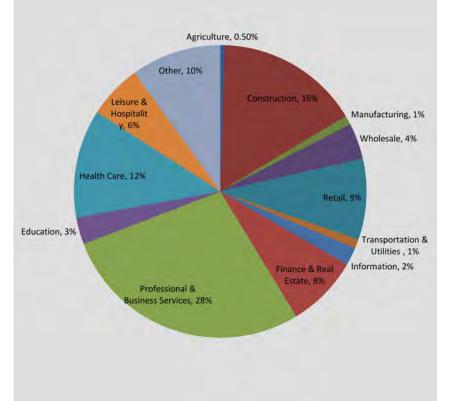
Within a three-mile radius, Burtonsville competes with the following retail centers:

- Burtonsville Town Square (130,000 retail square feet, anchored by a Giant)
- Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center (129,726 retail square feet, empty anchor)
- Briggs-Chaney Market Place (192,000 retail square feet, anchored by a Safeway)
- Cloverly Town Center (28,500 office square feet, 17,500 retail square feet, and a 45,400 square foot Safeway)
- Orchard Center, Cherry Hill Road (425,000 retail square feet, anchored by a Target and Super Fresh)
- Bloom Scaggsville, Howard County (70,000 retail square feet, anchored by a Food Lion/Bloom)
- Cherry Tree Crossing, Scaggsville, Howard County (40,000 retail square feet, no grocery anchor)
- Maple Lawn, Howard County (180,000 retail square feet, 1,340 housing units, and 1.6 million office square feet, anchored by a future Harris Teeter)

### Illustration 1: Business Establishments by Major Industry Group

There are 96 business establishments in the Plan area:

- \$10.2 million payroll
- 1,155 jobs
- \$2,197 average monthly wage



### Source:

Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing, and Regulation, ES-202 establishment records. Data is aggregated when the number of establishment records does not meet disclosure requirement

### high vacancy rates

Burtonsville has 730,000 square feet of leasable space. The office and retail space at Burtonsville Crossing has significant vacancies (over 30 percent). In addition, the County's 2007 Burtonsville Market Study found approximately 1.0 million square feet of retail space in the primary market area, and an additional 1.5 - 2.0 million square feet are under construction, planned or approved (page 6). The study also found that "most of the retail gap will be filled by new and proposed development, particularly Konterra's retail" (page 7). Additional retail is also planned in White Oak/ Cherry Hill with the White Oak Science Gateway Plan.

### single-use zoning

Single-use zoning dominates the crossroads area. This zoning does not allow a flexible response to the market. The allowed office, commercial, and industrial zones don't provide a mix of uses or any public space, nor do they support infill redevelopment. The standards in the existing nonresidential zones provide significant limitations to the existing local businesses and future commercial development in Burtonsville as follows:

- C-1 zone, Convenience commercial The narrow range of retail land uses and low building heights limit the ability of the Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center to respond to market changes and changed regional access.
- C-2 zone, General commercial This commercial zone does not permit housing, does not foster the creation of the open spaces needed to serve the community, does not promote infill development critical to existing small businesses, and does not provide a transition to the adjacent neighborhoods.
- O-M zone, Office building, moderate intensity The properties in this office zone have substantial vacancies. Widening the range of permitted uses and providing the opportunity for street-oriented retail would improve the potential to lease these existing properties.
- I-1 zone, Light industrial This industrial zone allows for unlimited FAR (floor area ratio) with building heights of 100 feet that are not in scale with the community.

Zone	Description	Acres	Limitations	Single-Use Zoning	Residential Allowed
C-2	General Commercial	47.39	Limited mix of uses yields shopping centers, 1.5 FAR, high impervious levels	Yes	No
C-1	Neighborhood Commercial	13.34	Limited commercial uses (no office, department stores, automobile services) has created acres of parking/imperviousness	Yes	No
O-M	Office Building (Moderate Intensity)	10.46	Limited retail uses, height limited to 60', 1.5 FAR, high impervious levels	Yes	No
-1	Light Industrial	1.44	Limited office uses, parking requirements restrict floor area	Yes	No
RC	Rural Cluster	101.06	One house per 5 acres, 18 of 24 properties are non-conforming (i.e.,>5 acres)	Yes	Yes
RE-1	Residential, one family	16.77	One-family detached on 40,000 sq. ft. lots, no mix of uses	Yes	Yes

### Table 2: Existing Zoning

### **Isaac Burton's Store**

Historically, Burtonsville was called Burton's, taking its name from Isaac Burton, who in 1825 became the area's major landowner. The area grew around the intersection of Old Columbia Pike and Sandy Spring Road (MD 198).



In the 1850s, Isaac Burton became the area's first postmaster and operated out of his store at the intersection. Today, Burtonsville continues to center around the intersection of MD 198 and US 29.

### Market for Small Businesses

The Dutch Country Farmers Market was a regional destination integral to the cultural, business, and community image of Burtonsville. The numerous and varied restaurants in Burtonsville suggest a potential for specialized or destination retail combined with neighborhood shopping. According to the Department of Housing and Community Development's 2002 Market Study, Burtonsville can accommodate restaurants and specialty stores that don't require a mall location.

### Opportunities

- create safe highway and transit access
- provide local services for nearby employment centers
- support small businesses

Burtonsville has the potential to serve local and regional markets. A Planning Department analysis indicates a significant outflow of retail sales (shoppers going elsewhere to purchase goods and services). Retail data shows a significant opportunity for additional sales, up to \$6.9 million in 2010 in a three-mile radius. This retail gap reflects demand across all retail categories except automotive and hardware uses.

### create safe highway and transit access

Burtonsville is located on the major north-south highway of US 29 and the east-west highway of MD 198. In addition, Burtonsville includes a large park-and-ride lot and transit center. Old US 29/Old Columbia Pike is illustrated in the Plan as Business 29 (not the official road name). This off-ramp for southbound US 29 is an important entry point for vehicles coming into Plan area. These transportation facilities represent a significant asset for the area.

### provide local services for nearby employment centers

Three large employment centers are planned within a five-mile radius of Burtonsville. These centers will provide a nearby market to support the economy in Burtonsville.

- Konterra, Laurel, Prince George's County (1.5 million retail square feet, 3.8 million office square feet, 4,500 housing units, and 600-room hotel)
- US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Campus, White Oak (over 10, 000 employees and six million square feet of Federal laboratory and office space)
- Ft. Meade, Anne Arundel County (1.8 million square feet military office space)

### support small businesses

The local businesses in the area create a unique resource of familyowned businesses including "restaurant row" for Burtonsville. The small businesses on MD 198 should be retained and expanded to serve local demand. The large shopping centers along Business 29 have the opportunity to redevelop to serve the local and future regional demand. The opportunity exists to make zoning changes that allow a greater mix of uses, including housing.





### Attachment 3

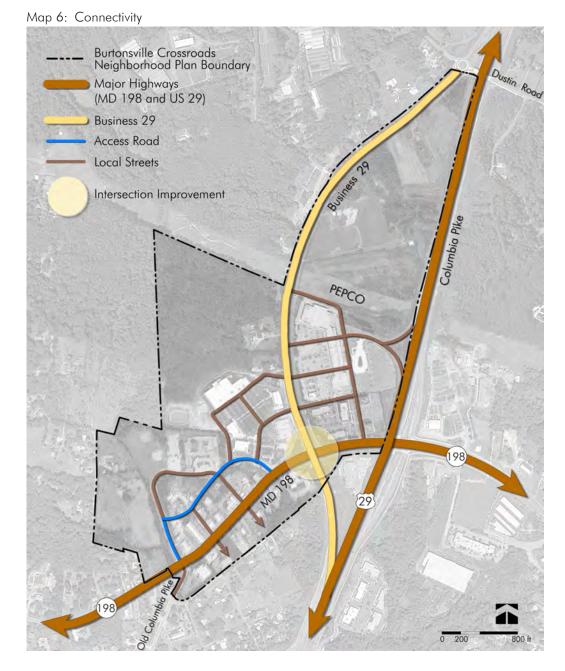
### Connectivity

Existing highways and arterials connect Burtonsville to the region. A system of local streets, sidewalks, and trails could improve the connectivity between parcels, essential to creating a cohesive community. The safe and attractive design of the highways, arterials, local streets, sidewalks, and trails often provide a positive first impression of a community and invite people to use the businesses, open spaces, and planned activities.

The relocation of US 29 created an elevated bypass and eliminated direct access into the commercial core. With plans by the Maryland State Highway Administration (SHA) to follow-up with the widening of MD 198 through Burtonsville, property owners are concerned about how the widening will impact their parking, business operations, pedestrian access, and circulation. The result of these transportation changes is a focus on highways for through traffic and a loss of a sense of community.

### Challenges

- conflicts between through and local traffic on MD 198
- limited local street network
- inadequate pedestrian infrastructure



### Attachment 3

### conflicts between through and local traffic

Burtonsville is dominated by through traffic on MD 198 and Business 29. Numerous curb cuts and left turns for local traffic along MD 198 create conflicts with through traffic. Reducing the conflict is significant challenge.

### limited local street network

The focus on through traffic has overlooked local traffic. Burtonsville lacks a system of local streets essential to creating a safe and efficient circulation pattern. A system of local streets should accommodate vehicles, but also provide a safe and attractive pedestrian environment that links local businesses.

### inadequate pedestrian infrastructure

Burtonsville's current street pattern has created a difficult and unpleasant place to walk and ride a bicycle. The area does not have a system of continuous sidewalks, bikeways or trails. This lack of sidewalks and bike routes along and across MD 198 and Business 29 leaves the businesses and services disconnected. The park-and-ride lot and the nearby Fairland Recreational Park are also not connected to the commercial area.

### **Opportunities**

- provide regional access
- create a "main street" on MD 198 and improve Business 29
- connect to the park-and-ride lot and regional transit
- provide a local grid of streets and an access road
- improve street character
- provide bikeways and trails

### provide regional access

The Intercounty Connector (MD 200) provides a new east-west traffic connection between I-270 and I-95. The ICC provides the opportunity for MD 198 to be reclaimed as a street to serve local traffic and businesses.

### create a "main street" on MD 198 and improve Business 29

MD 198 has the opportunity to serve as the main street for Burtonsville. The existing conditions along this State road include two eastbound and two westbound traffic lanes (see Illustration 3). The transition of the area from a crossroads to a community would be supported by recasting MD 198 as a main street that can anchor a grid of perpendicular local streets that provide access to development. MD 198 could be designed to form a positive first impression of the community by including a landscaped median, sidewalks, and a bikeway. A continuous sidewalk and bikeway along MD 198 through the Plan area is proposed by SHA.



### **MD 198 Improvement Project**

In 2002, the State's MD 28/MD 198 Corridor Improvement Study had the stated goals of relieving local congestion while managing access; improving safety and operations for motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians; and preserving quality of life while realizing local planning visions (page 3).

Residents have noted that left turns from MD 198 into local businesses are extremely difficult and bicycling is hazardous. The improvement project has the potential to recast MD 198 through Burtonsville as a local main street.

Illustration 2: Main Street MD 198 - Challenges

### Major Highway (M-76)

Plan

Min. right-of-way: Lanes: 120 feet 4 lanes, divided



Challenges: high-speed through traffic, multiple curb cuts, no turn lanes, no local streets, no sidewalks or streetscape

### Main Street MD 198-Challenges



### Western Gateway:

- no formal gateway
- short transition from rural area to commercial area
- safety at the primary intersection
- no street character

### Main Street MD 198:

- high-speed through traffic
- multiple curb cuts
- limited crosswalks
- no connections between parcels
- left turn conflicts
- no street character
- no median

**Eastern Gateway:** 

- no formal gateway
- limited transition from major highway, US 29 to Main Street MD 198 and Business 29
- limited access to the office core from MD 198
- concrete median

Attachment 3

Illustration 3: Main Street MD 198 - Opportunities

Major Highway (M-76)



Opportunities: new grid of streets, enhanced crosswalks, streetscape



### Western Gateway:

- four-way intersection to transition from rural area to Main Street
- striped crosswalks to improve safety
- streetscape along both sides of MD 198
- formal gateway

### Main Street MD 198:

- connect parcels with sidewalks
- provide crosswalks at intersections
- provide a landscaped median with consolidated left turn lanes and curb cuts, and new local streets
- improve the character of Main Street MD 198: - establish a variety of building heights
  - provide for infill and adaptive reuse of buildings and continue to improve building facades
  - front retail buildings on Main Street MD 198
- create a streetscape pattern that avoids conflicts with retail signage

Note: The proposed local streets show the general location of streets, not the actual alignments.

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### **Eastern Gateway:**

- enhance the median and orient buildings to MD 198 to provide a transition from the Major Highway of US 29 to Main Street MD 198 and Business 29
- provide streetscape along the entrance driveway to the office core
- extend streetscape along both sides of MD 198

### connect to the park-and-ride lot and regional transit

This transit facility provides an opportunity to link the local businesses in Burtonsville to the region. The park-and-ride lot is located behind the existing Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center with access from US 29, Business 29, and MD 198. The 500 parking spaces are served by Metrobus, Maryland Transit Authority (MTA) Commuter Bus, University of Maryland Shuttle, and ICC Bus to the nearby airport. The park-andride lot is also included in a Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) network under study by Montgomery County. The Metro bus connects to Silver Spring and the Metro stations. The commuter bus provides daily, rush hour service to Washington D.C. and Baltimore, with stops at the Silver Spring Metro Station and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Dupont Circle, Federal Triangle, Capitol Hill, and the Washington Navy Yard. The ICC bus travels from Gaithersburg with stops at the Shady Grove Metro Station, the Norbeck park-and-ride, and the Burtonsville park-and-ride before taking I-95 to the BWI Amtrak Station.

### provide a local grid of streets and an access road

A new system of local streets could provide the opportunity to connect the area with sidewalks, bikeways, trails, and new streets to provide access to retail and residential development. Improved intersections, park-and-ride lot connections, and improved crosswalks could also be included. A completed segment of the access road should be extended to provide local circulation and a secondary access to Burtonsville Elementary School.









### improve street character

Streets are one of the major opportunities to create a positive first impression of a community. The opportunities to improve pedestrian circulation and vehicular access in Burtonsville include:

- creating "main street" MD 198 new median, wide sidewalks, street trees, lighting, and street furniture would significantly enhance the design character of MD 198. Access points along MD 198 should be consolidated
- improving business 29 bikeway along the east side, and street trees in the median and along both sides
- providing the access road new street with a narrow right-of-way, onstreet parking, and streetscape compatible with the existing elementary school would link the areas north of MD 198
- creating a grid pattern of local streets new system of narrow public or private streets could expand access between parcels, create a system of short blocks, and improve pedestrian access. Many existing buildings along MD 198 are oriented to the future local street grid.

### provide bikeways and trails

A new system of local streets could provide the opportunity to connect the area with sidewalks, bikeways, trails, and new streets to provide access to retail and residential development. Improved intersections, park-and-ride lot connections, and improved crosswalks could also be included. A completed segment of the access road should be extended to provide local circulation and a secondary access to Burtonsville Elementary School.

### Design

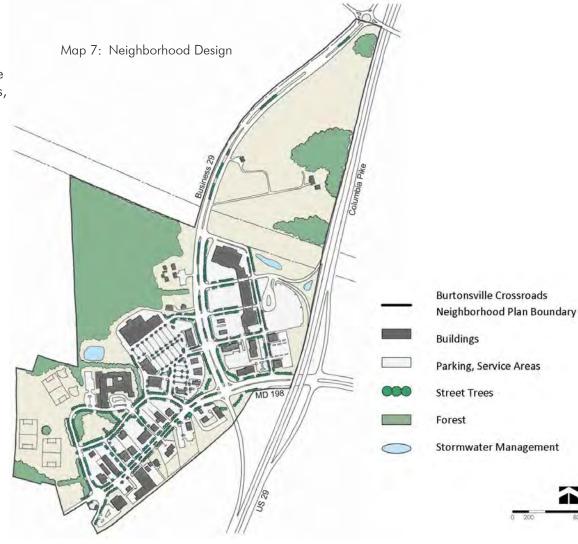
Improving the visual character and perception of Burtonsville is critical to the success of the neighborhood commercial activity. Improving the design of pedestrian infrastructure, public spaces, signage, facades, automobile access, and gateways will favorably change the perception of Burtonsville as it transforms into a complete community.

### Challenges

- automobile-oriented development pattern
- inadequate pedestrian environment
- absence of public spaces

### automobile-oriented development pattern

Burtonsville is an automobile-oriented place. The development pattern along MD 198, for example, provides few connections between properties. Customers generally need to exit and enter onto busy, fast moving MD 198 each time they go to another nearby business. Conflicts occur between local and though traffic because of left turns and random right turns into properties along MD 198. A result of the automobile orientation is the lack of a defined center.





#### inadequate pedestrian environment

Sidewalks are limited and they don't provide functional, safe, and attractive places for pedestrians. Bikeways are disconnected.

#### absence of public spaces

Within the commercial area, there are no public open spaces for recreation and gathering. In the past decade, informal local gathering places like the Dutch Country Farmers Market, fire station, and post office were relocated outside the Plan area. The only remaining public gathering space is the elementary school. The larger Burtonsville area has a number of community facilities, including a community center, local and regional parks, and a library. Events like Burtonsville Day celebrations are held outside the crossroads area.

#### **Burtonsville Day**

Burtonsville holds an annual Burtonsville Day in September, celebrating Isaac Burton's life.

This community-wide social event has included activities such as live musical entertainment, a health fair, a celebrity basketball game, a parade with high school bands, fire and rescue apparatus, local scout troops, and local business floats. The parade begins at Paint Branch High School and ends at the Praisner Community Center along Old Columbia Pike.

The fair, held on the grounds of the community center, includes crafters and vendors, a pet show, a moon bounce, an auto show with classic and custom cars and trucks, and a library fair.

The Knights of Columbus and the Burtonsville Lions Club offer a variety of food and local groups provide the entertainment including children's dance companies, tae kwon-do and karate groups, and music bands.



The Parks, Recreation, and Open Space Plan (PROS) and the Land Preservation, Parks, and Recreation Plan (LPPRP) identify the need for three recreation fields in the Eastern County. PROS and LPPRP estimate recreational needs by broad planning areas to the year 2020, rather than for small neighborhood planning areas such as Burtonsville.



# Opportunities

- provide a safe local street system
- improve building character
- provide a public green and open space
- support infill and adaptive reuse
- continue the façade improvement program
- provide adequate transition areas
- provide a better location and design of parking

#### provide a safe local street system

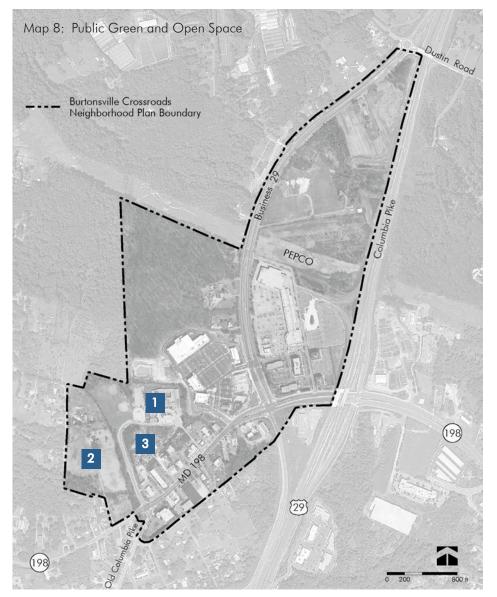
New local streets, including an access road, will contribute to recreating Burtonsville as a complete and cohesive place. An interconnected grid of local streets between MD 198 and the planned access road could provide a pedestrian environment, enable on-street parking, and create options for street-oriented development. These streets should include street trees and adequate sidewalks to provide an important resource for the Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood. The high quality design of these streets will be an important resource for the area.

#### improve building character

Buildings of varying heights within the maximum allowed limits provide an opportunity to give Burtonsville a more distinct character different from other commercial areas in Montgomery County. South of MD 198, buildings should be compatible and make an appropriate transition to the adjacent single-family detached neighborhood. North of MD 198, building heights and locations should define streets and fill gaps in a new grid of streets. Adjacent to US 29 and the existing four-story office buildings, taller building heights are compatible and will help identify Burtonsville to through traffic.

#### provide a public green and open space

Situated one block away from MD 198, between the elementary school and proposed access road, the Burtonsville Volunteer Fire Department (BVFD) property could create a central public green that is notably lacking in Burtonsville. This public space could be used for events such as Burtonsville Day. In addition, public spaces should be located on the two shopping center sites to provide high quality private or public open space as a part of their redevelopment. Opportunities to provide public space are along Main Street MD 198, in the rural open space north of the PEPCO lines, and at the public green.









#### Rural open space

for trees.

The sensitive design and preservation of the stream buffer areas will limit development and expand tree canopy.

**Public space along main street** Along MD 198, additional public space is needed to accommodate streetscape, a lawn panel, and spaces

#### Public Green

The public green will be the most visible gathering space in Burtonsville. The space will be flexible to serve a variety of community functions, will include additional tree canopy, and should create only a limited increase in imperviousness above existing levels with shared parking of facilities.

The design of the village green will include three areas:

- 1 elementary school with space for future expansion
- 2 future local park for active recreation on the Athey property
- 3 open space designed for a variety of public events on Volunteer Fire Department property.

#### support infill and adaptive reuse

Infill with new development and reuse of existing structures can bring a vibrant mix of uses and architectural styles to the Burtonsville streetscape. Infill and reuse will support expansion and allow existing businesses to grow without moving from Burtonsville. Infill and reuse also will also provide continuity along the streetscape and enhance the pedestrian experience along MD 198.

- Existing buildings should continue to be reused and expanded.
- Significant new development will occur primarily between Business 29 and US 29, infill development will occur primarily along Main Street MD 198.



Adaptive Reuse: From a residence to a commercial use



Adaptive Reuse: From a fire station to a restaurant



**Infill:** Example of small infill, Bethesda



**Existing Infill:** Newer buildings on each side of an older building



**Potential Infill:** Site for potential infill development

#### continue the façade improvement program

Two buildings have received façade improvements, with two more to follow in the second phase as part of the Department of Housing and Community Affairs (DHCA) program designed to improve the existing retail facades on Main Street MD 198. The Burtonsville Community Legacy Plan was completed in 2008, and the Burtonsville Street Face Analysis and Recommendations was completed in 2010. These plans were followed by the Façade Easement Program that has begun to transform a portion of Main Street MD 198. This program along with the associated Signage Easement Program provides changes to an existing building exterior, signage, lighting, landscaping, and maintenance.





Examples of Existing Facades: Unimproved facades along Main Street MD 198





**Examples of Recent Facade Improvements by DHCA:** Façade improvements along proposed Main Street MD 198 Source: DHCA



**DHCA Programs:** 

The DHCA programs encourage other property owners along MD 198 to participate in the façade improvement program. They also support a signage and gateway program for the Burtonsville Main Street.

Source: DHCA Burtonsville Community Legacy Plan, Basile Baumann Prost Cole & Associates, Inc. and Rhodeside & Harwell.

#### provide adequate transition areas

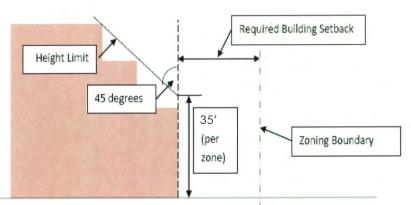
Appropriate building heights and landscaped setbacks are necessary to achieve compatibility between redevelopment and the adjacent, existing and proposed neighborhoods. One of the CRN Zone requirements is to establish building heights and setbacks that ensure compatible relationships with adjoining, single-family neighborhoods.

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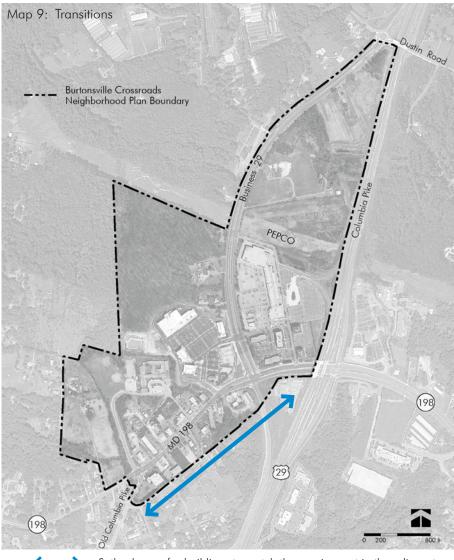


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Green space along Tolson Place will provide a transition from future buildings in the CRN Zone to single-family detached neighborhoods in the R-200 Zone.



Building heights and setbacks in the CRN-Zone adjacent to a single-family residential zone (R-200).



Setback area for buildings to match the requirement in the adjacent R-200 Zone.

#### provide a better location and design of parking

Along MD 198, shopfront parking and pavement extends up to the street edge, creating hazards for pedestrians and motorists, and an unattractive view from the street. As significant redevelopment occurs, existing parking within the public right-of-way will be relocated. A better solution is to screen the parking from MD 198, and the best solution is to locate the parking spaces to the side or back of buildings.

Sidewalks should be continuous along streets to improve the connection between properties. Structured parking should be well designed with retail or other uses on the street level without long large expanses of blank walls.

#### Parking locations along MD 198



Existing: Parking within the right-of-way



Better: Parking screened from sidewalk and highway Best: Parking located behind or to the side

Large surface parking areas are suitable for temporary uses such as a farmers market and seasonal sales. These surface parking areas could also be used for special community events such as the Burtonsville Day celebrations.

#### Temporary use of parking lots



#### **Environment**

Three tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River originate in Burtonsville. The Plan's recommendations should enhance protection of this drinking water resource and major open space feature of the Maryland landscape.

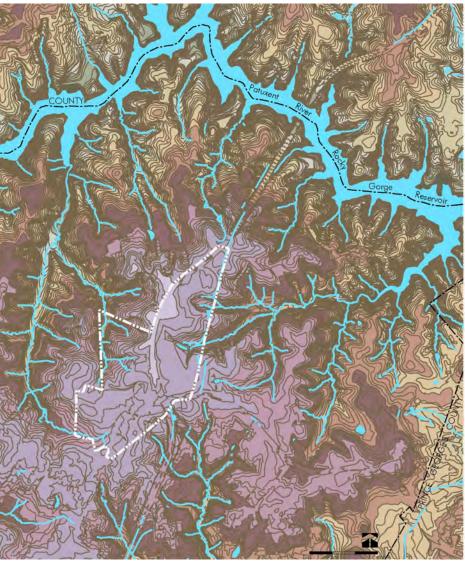
The Burtonsville commercial area is located along a ridge separating the Patuxent River and the Anacostia River Watersheds. The topography north of MD 198 descends about 225 feet from the ridge to the Rocky Gorge Reservoir in the Patuxent River.

Development constraints in the northern areas include the presence of three tributaries (with declining water quality), the Patuxent River Primary Management Area (PMA) restrictions, the imperviousness limit, and a sewer extension limitation. These constraints will limit the size and placement of development.

# Challenges

- declining water quality
- sensitive tributary headwaters
- high impervious levels
- sewer and water service

#### Map 10: Sensitive Headwaters and Topography



#### Patuxent River Primary Management Area

The goals for the primary management areas along the Patuxent River and its tributaries is to maintain low-density, low-intensity land uses within 1/4 mile of the mainstem and within 1/8 mile of tributaries, as well as to actively establish a forested buffer along all streams. The PMA guidelines are applied to development projects that are submitted to M-NCPPC for subdivision and site plan review, and are otherwise voluntarily implemented and strongly encouraged on remaining parcels throughout the watershed.



#### declining water quality

The low-density zoning, acquisition of sensitive environmental resources, and the limit of 10 percent imperviousness have been established to preserve the quality of the drinking water in the Patuxent River Watershed. The data collected on water quality indicates that these existing policies protecting the Patuxent River, including the 10 percent imperviousness limit, have not been enough to protect the quality of the drinking water. As a result, the water quality in the Patuxent River Watershed continues to decline.

Development impacts that contribute to declining water quality include:

- significant clearing of natural vegetation
- grading and altering natural drainage
- impervious surfaces that prevent or reduce infiltration

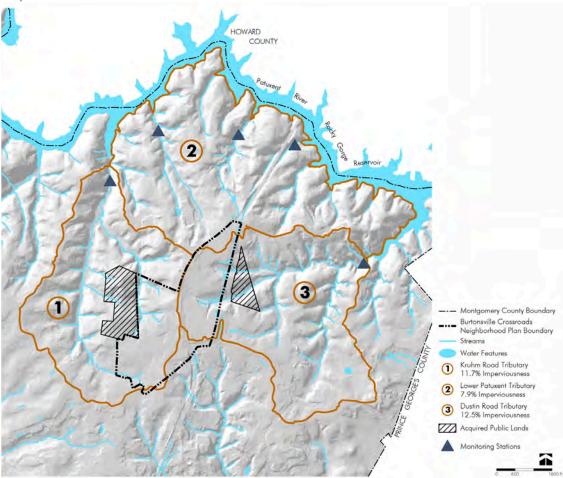
#### sensitive tributary headwaters

Protecting the sensitive subwatersheds and tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River is essential to maintaining the water quality of the County's water supply. The majority of the drainage area of the Plan is in the Patuxent River Watershed and three of its subwatersheds:

- Kruhm Road
- Lower Patuxent-Rocky Gorge
- Dustin Road

The headwaters of the three tributaries to the Patuxent

River begin in the Plan area. Monitoring wells in the vicinity of Burtonsville indicate that the water quality has declined. The Rocky Gorge Reservoir is under stress and has been designated by the Maryland Department of the Environment as impaired. WSSC has noted that "Currently, water quality is adversely affected by excess nutrients entering the Reservoir so that the lower depths of water lack oxygen during several summer months each year and sediments carried into the Reservoirs are reducing their storage capacity. Both water quality and quantity issues are of concern. Development and other land disturbing activities have the potential to continue to decrease water quality by adding sediments, nutrients and other pollutants that are carried from construction activity, paved areas and lawns to the reservoirs through runoff."





#### Attachment 3

#### high impervious levels

Most of the existing development in the crossroads area was built before there were County requirements for stormwater management. New development should limit impervious surfaces and be subject to current stormwater management regulations, both of which are intended to provide much needed protection for the tributary headwaters.

#### sewer and water service

The properties in Burtonsville's commercial neighborhood are served by community water and sewer service. The challenge is to focus development to the commercial neighborhood and limit sewer service in the rural areas to protect the sensitive tributary headwaters.

#### **Opportunities**

- reduce imperviousness
- provide additional tree canopy and forest cover
- continue low-density zoning

#### reduce imperviousness

Reducing imperviousness has been established as the appropriate method to protect environmentally sensitive areas. For example, the Paint Branch and Upper Rock Creek Special Protection Areas (SPA) have an eight percent limit on imperviousness.

#### provide additional tree canopy and forest cover

Approximately 20 percent of the Plan area is forested. Some of this forest area is protected with conservation easements. An additional 10 percent of the Plan area has canopy cover from individual trees and landscaped areas. Parking lots and major roads could also include tree cover either as a part of landscaping or from street trees.

#### continue low-density zoning

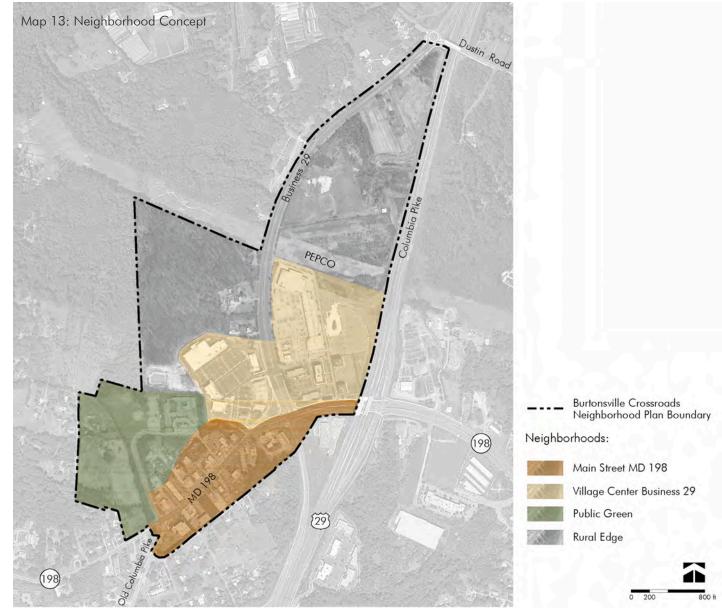
The RC Zone has a cluster option and averages less than eight percent imperviousness countywide.





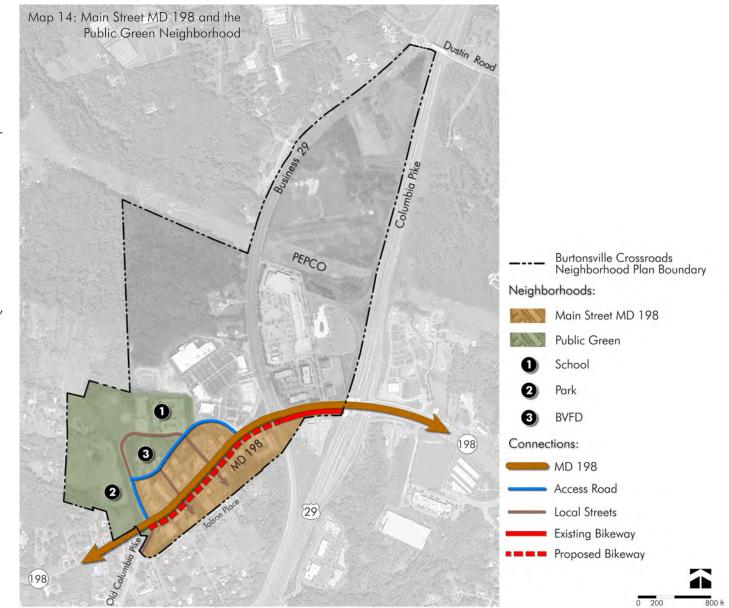
Burtonsville is envisioned as a complete community with three distinct neighborhoods:

- Main Street MD 198 and Public Green
- Village Center Business 29
- Rural Edge



# Main Street MD 198 and the Public Green

Main Street MD 198 and the proposed Public Green will be the most visible places in Burtonsville. MD 198 will become the main street of Burtonsville—a pedestrianoriented place with local retail businesses, housing, services, a new grid of streets, and a public place for recreation and gathering. While existing commercial uses may predominate, some infill and new residential redevelopment will enliven the neighborhood. Redevelopment should retain local businesses, reuse existing buildings, and provide adequate transitions that protect the adjacent singlefamily neighborhood along Tolson Place.



## main street MD 198 neighborhood

The Plan recommends rezoning from C-2 and I-1 to the Commercial Residential Town (CRT) and Commercial Residential Neighborhood (CRN) Zones to support infill projects and small business expansions. The neighborhood will include:

- a varied mix of convenience retail and service uses that support the local market
- affordable housing for all ages
- street-oriented retail
- varied building sizes and heights along a new grid of streets
- public green and gathering spaces

New development should be oriented to MD 198 and along the new grid of streets. Residential development should be located near the elementary school and along a new access road. The proposed access road will improve the connection between local business properties and provide an important second access to the elementary school for fire safety, and efficient drop-off and pickup. The businesses should continue to take advantage of the easement program to improve the building facades and signage along Main Street MD 198. Efforts to provide adequately screened parking on the side or rear of the properties are recommended.

On the north side of MD 198, the recommended CRT Zone permits eating and drinking establishments along "restaurant row" and provides incentives to retain the local businesses. On the south side of MD 198, the recommended CRN Zone includes limitations on uses and introduces requirements for appropriate transitions to protect the adjacent residential neighborhoods along Tolson Place. Special exceptions may continue if lawfully existing before the new zoning. Buildings may expand up to 10 percent above the total existing floor area if less than 10,000 square feet of area is disturbed.

# the public green neighborhood

The Public Green located north of MD 198 will combine the existing 12-acre elementary school parcels, the three-acre Burtonsville Volunteer Fire Department (BVFD) site, and the 16-acre Athey property. This 31-acre area would provide recreation fields and courts (Athey property), expansion of the local elementary school, and spaces for public gathering (BVFD site). The Public Green will provide a large civic space for the Burtonsville area. Access to the Public Green will be from the existing school access driveway and the future access road. The Plan recommends:

- retaining RE-1 and RC Zones
- acquisiring the Athey property for recreation fields to complete public ownership of the Public Green
- safe trails to connect all public properties
- future community events such as Burtonsville Day celebrations, musical performance areas, art exhibits, craft shows, and classic car shows

#### economy

Main street retail and a mix of uses will include:

- affordable housing for all ages
- adaptive reuse of buildings
- small business expansions including infill and adaptive reuse
- public benefit points for providing tenant space for small businesses
- open space for public celebrations such as Burtonsville Day and other community events
- chamber of commerce or business group

#### connectivity

The Plan recommends establishing an improved MD 198, a new system of local streets, new sidewalks, new bikeways, and trails to provide more links within the Plan area. The majority of new roads should serve local traffic. A new access road will provide new connections to the existing properties along MD 198. Connections will include:

- enhanced medians, sidewalks, crosswalks, hiker/biker trail, continuous row of trees, pedestrian refuge areas, and safe left turn areas along MD 198
- planned classification of streets, designed to Road Code standards
- non-master planned system of public and private streets that provide flexibility for operational functions including property access, loading, and parking
- on-street bikeway along the planned access road

# design

This Plan will improve the character of Main Street MD 198 and provide a Public Green including:

- streets that improve traffic function and community character, reduce curb cuts, left turns, and provide enhanced streetscape elements
- infill and adaptive reuse of buildings
- parking located at the back and side of buildings
- buildings that define streets
- transition to residential properties south of MD 198
- façade and signage improvements to extend a consistent character throughout the neighborhood
- public green for recreation and public gathering

#### environment

Infill or redevelopment will meet the most current environmental site design requirements including:

- buildings of the highest caliber of energy efficiency that may include:
  - renewable energy systems
  - site and building design and orientation for passive solar heating
  - daylighting of the interior spaces including outside shading of glass
  - use of local materials
  - green roof technology
  - integrated solar panels
- green and complete streets to reduce imperviousness and increase tree canopy
- stormwater improvements

# specific property recommendations

#### 1. Main Street MD 198 North: from I-1 and C-2 to CRT 1.5: C 1.0, R 1.25, H 65



Eleven small properties are located along the north side of MD 198. Six are owned by a single owner and the remaining by individual owners. By combining the six properties, the owner could subdivide and assemble the properties. Once platted, the combined site could provide a mixed-use project on 4.25 acres. A residential project could complement the local retail and adjacent school. The CRT Zone is recommended to provide the necessary street system, sidewalks, and open spaces to create a community. Residential development is encouraged to support the retail for the neighborhood.

The properties are adjacent to the planned access road, two vacant low-density residential properties, and a shopping center. The properties will need to meet the height, density, and setback requirements. The Plan recommends:

- dedication for the access road in advance of a preliminary or site plan application
- street-activating uses along MD 198 and new local streets
- maximum building heights of 65 feet to accommodate residential development
- streetscape along MD 198, with parking located behind or to the side of buildings
- continuous sidewalk along MD 198
- grid of local streets that connect to the access road and MD 198

#### 2. Main Street MD 198 South: from C-2 to CRN 1.5: C 1.0, R 0.5, H 45



These independently owned commercial properties are located in the Main Street MD 198 South neighborhood. Access to the properties is from MD 198. The proposed CRN Zone is recommended to ensure uses with ample transitions to adjacent residential properties along Tolson Place. The properties are adjacent to single-family residential neighborhoods with height, density, and setback limits. The Plan recommends:

- adaptive reuse of buildings
- opportunities for small businesses
- live-work units
- street-activating uses such as retail along MD 198
- building heights of a maximum of 45 feet that step down to 35 feet with significant setbacks along the southern edge, adjacent to the existing residential neighborhood. This height is compatible with the adjacent R-200 Zone.
- streetscape along MD 198 within the setbacks
- bikeway along the south side MD 198
- streets that don't connect to Tolson Place



#### Attachment 3

#### 3. Athey Property and Parcel P879: Confirm RE-1 and RC Zones for public park use



This property comprises three parcels that total over 16 acres. The site is adjacent to the elementary school and its recreation fields. The property has approved preliminary plans for clustered residential uses with a developable area of 12.7 acres. It could accommodate public recreation fields or single-family detached homes. The Plan recommends:

- park acquisition for recreation use
- stream buffer preservation
- hard surface trail connections to the school
- future development located outside the stream valley areas
- specimen trees retained

#### 4. Burtonsville Volunteer Fire Department: Confirm RC Zone



Located between the elementary school and the planned access road, this more than three-acre parcel is owned by the Burtonsville Volunteer Fire Department who constructed a cell tower on the site a few years ago, but have no further plans to develop. This parcel will be acquired for the right-of-way for the access road and a stormwater management facility. This site will remain RC to preserve the existing forest and wetlands. Access to the site will be from the planned access road. The Plan recommends:

- adaptive reuse of buildings
- opportunities for small businesses
- public uses on-site
- County acquisition for the access road
- stormwater management facility and wetland preservation
- forested areas to be retained
- a public gathering space

#### 5. Burtonsville Elementary School: Confirm the RC Zone

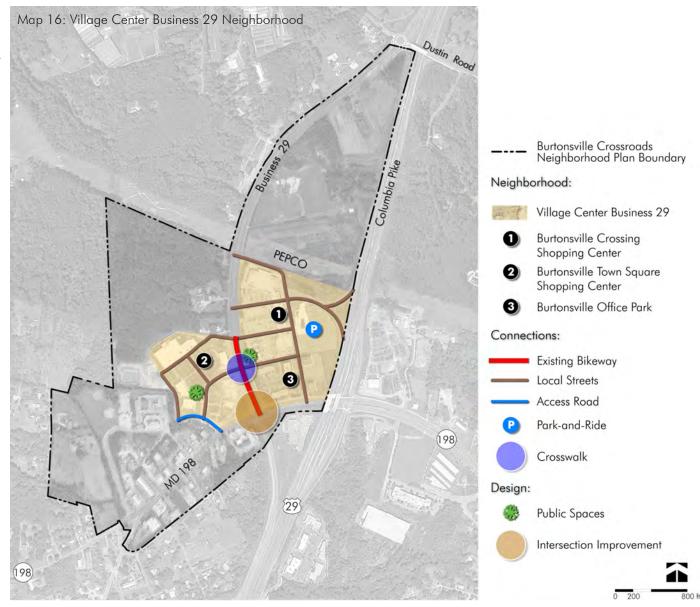


An expansion of the elementary school is needed to accommodate growth in the school population in the Fairland area. The adjacent Athey and BVFD sites could complement this expansion. The Plan recommends:

- limited expansion above the existing level of imperviousness for the elementary school
- energy efficient standards for the building expansion with the potential for a vegetated or cool (solar) roof
- connections to the commercial neighborhood, parks, and trails

#### Village Center Business 29 Neighborhood

This neighborhood consists of larger properties that can be enhanced to create mixed-use residential and commercial uses with a new grid of streets, pedestrian and bicycle connections, and a more integrated park-and-ride facility. New residents would have access to jobs, housing, services, and amenities while reducing their reliance on the automobile. While commercial uses may predominate on the west side, residential uses on the east side would enliven the crossroads area. The CRT Zone is recommended to allow the existing single-use shopping center and associated surface lots to be redeveloped into a mixed-use neighborhood. In the Village Center Business 29 Neighborhood with the CRT Zone will provide the opportunity to expand the range of land uses, including housing, and provide public use spaces.



#### economy

Support local and regional retail and mixed uses including:

- affordable housing for all ages, including senior housing
- mix of residential unit types
- opportunities for small businesses
- mix of uses with the highest densities at the crossroads
- large parking lots to be used for weekend and seasonal outdoor markets during off-peak hours
- retail visibility from US 29 and Business 29

#### connectivity

Redevelopment will create a local street network that connects both sides of Business 29. The local streets improve circulation between sites for vehicles, bicycles, transit users, and pedestrians. The Plan recommendations provide:

- signed, shared use bikeway along Business 29 as recommended in the Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan
- transit access improvements
- transit proximity points
- clearly identified crosswalks
- pedestrian connections to the park-and-ride lot and future BRT station (under study)

#### design

Compared with Main Street MD 198, development in the Village Center Business 29 will be larger with more varied land uses. Development will create a street-oriented pattern. Design elements will include:

- grid of streets with sidewalks, on-street parking, and crosswalks across Business 29
- buildings oriented to new streets
- public gathering space provided through the optional method redevelopment
- building heights that vary from 65 feet west of Business 29 to 75 feet east of Business 29 and near US 29

#### environment

Infill or redevelopment will meet the most current environmental site design requirements including:

- buildings of the highest caliber of energy efficiency that may include:
  - potential for renewable energy systems
  - site and building design and orientation for passive solar heating and daylighting of interior spaces
  - local materials
  - green roof technology
  - integrated solar panels
  - outside shades that provide shading for glass and direct sunlight deep into interior spaces
- green and complete streets that limit imperviousness and increase tree canopy

# specific property recommendations

#### 1. Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center Site: from C-1 to CRT 1.5, C 1.0, R 1.25, H 75

This approximately 13-acre property located east of Business 29 has significant redevelopment potential. Building heights of 75 feet are appropriate on properties between Business 29 and adjacent to US 29. The tallest buildings should be located along National Drive, adjacent to the Burtonsville Office Park and the park-and-ride lot. The Plan recommends:

- additional access to Business 29
- transit access improvements to the park-and-ride lot
- optional method development should include a public gathering space
- landscaped area along Business 29 between the road and the sidewalk

#### 2. Burtonsville Office Park: from O-M to CRT 1.5: C 1.0, R 1.25, H 75

The CRT Zone will provide for a wider range of uses at the same density as the O-M Zone, and the zone will allow for the adaptive reuse of the single-use office buildings. Redevelopment should provide safe vehicular, pedestrian, and bicycle connections. The Plan recommends:

- retail uses oriented to the street
- landscaped areas along Business 29 and MD 198
- adaptive reuse of buildings

#### 3. Park-and-ride lot: from O-M to CRT 1.5: C 1.0, R 1.25, H 75

Montgomery County and the State of Maryland own the park-and-ride lot. The CRT Zone allows for redevelopment with more flexibility in land uses and development standards, as well as shared parking with adjacent properties. Neither the County nor State has plans to redevelop this four-acre, 500-space surface lot. The Plan supports a future BRT station on this site. The possible BRT station combined with the proposed CRT Zone would allow the site to become part of a larger redevelopment project. Redevelopment should include:

- access improvements
- landscaping including tree canopy
- shared parking
- locating the station closer to the crossroads



#### 4. Burtonsville Town Square Shopping Center and Parcel P645: from C-2 and RC to CRT 1.5: C 1.0, R 1.25 H 65

These combined parcels represent the largest property in Burtonsville (27.15 acres), with approximately 14.37 acres in forest conservation. The Plan recommends that small adjacent lot (parcel P645) be rezoned from RC to CRT to provide a separated service access for the shopping center. The site includes a small public space in the middle of the parking lot of the shopping center. This shopping center is unlikely to be redeveloped during the life of the Plan. Redevelopment should include:

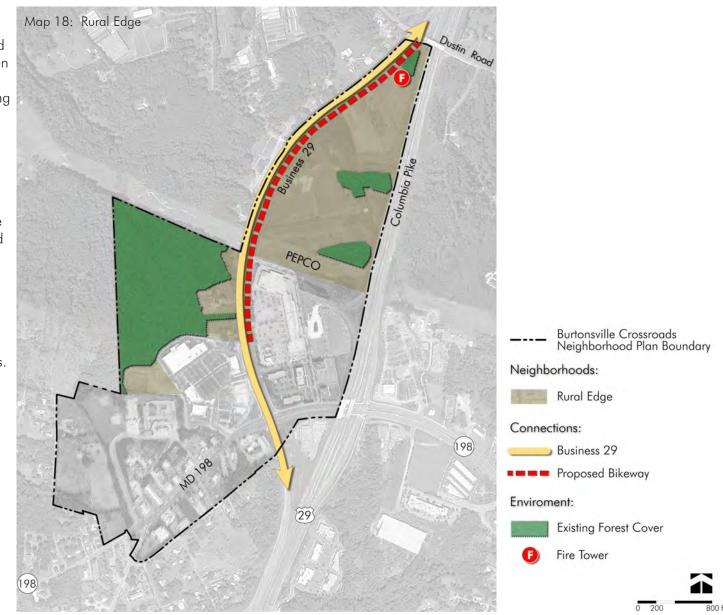
- building heights at the intersection of Business 29 and MD 198 up to 65 feet, compatible with the established office park
- landscaped buffer on the north side, adjacent to the existing residential uses
- bikeway along Business 29 between the road and the sidewalk
- enhanced and shaded public use space as part of an optional method of development
- landscape around any future parking structure or consider wrapping the parking with retail or other uses



#### Attachment 3

#### **Rural Edge Neighborhood**

Located in the General Plan-defined wedge of agricultural and rural open space, the Rural Edge properties should retain their low-density zoning to protect the tributary headwaters of Patuxent River Watershed. The existing 10 percent imperviousness limit has not adequately protected the drinking water supply and other environmental resources in the watershed. New development in the Burtonsville Plan area will be limited to eight percent imperviousness without development in the stream buffers and without public sewer. Retaining the Rural Cluster (RC) Zone is recommended to support the preservation of environmentally sensitive areas and scenic resources. Some Rural Edge properties are appropriate for acquisition to meet the County's recreation needs and conservation goals.



#### economy

Support clustered residential development, small-scale farming, farm sales, and other uses as allowed in the RC Zone.

#### connectivity

Roadways should maintain their rural character, including:

- retaining the existing right-of-way of Business 29
- signed, shared bikeway along Business 29

#### design

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Roadways should maintain their rural character, including:

- landscaped spaces that maintain the area's rural character and preserve natural resources
- rehabilitation of the fire tower
- designation of the fire tower on the National Register of Historic Places



**The Burtonsville Fire Tower** The Burtonsville Fire Tower is a 120-foot tall steel frame structure built in the 1930s by the Maryland Forest,



Park and Wildlife Service and may have been constructed by the Civilian Conservation Corps. It was one of 12 towers built in the state. Observation towers were replaced with aerial surveillance and by the early 1970s, the tower was converted to use as an antenna tower. Other towers in Maryland included "Welcome" in Charles County, "Town Hill" in Allegheny County, "Backbone Mountain" in Garrett County, and "Brandywine and Great Mills" in St Mary's County.

In 1996, the Maryland Historical Trust evaluated the Burtonsville Fire Tower and found it to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A. It was found eligible "for its association with the governmental response to the problem of forest fires and coordination of firefighting efforts"

#### environment

The sensitive environmental resources that surround Burtonsville are critical to maintaining the quality of the drinking water. Development in the Patuxent River Watershed should limit imperviousness, expand and protect forest, and meet the most current environmental site design standards. The Rural Edge should include:

- low-density residential land uses, agricultural uses, conservation easements, and public acquisitions to protect the scenic and environmentally sensitive tributary headwaters
- no sewer extensions beyond the existing commercial neighborhoods
- stormwater management facilities located outside stream buffers
- increased tree canopy to protect water quality
- cluster development

For the following reasons, the Plan recommends that development in the Rural Edge be limited to eight percent imperviousness instead of the 10 percent imperviousness established in the Functional Master Plan for the Patuxent River Watershed and in the Environmental Guidelines.

- declining water quality in the Patuxent River Watershed The existing policies protecting the Patuxent River, including the 10
  percent imperviousness limit, have not been strong enough to protect the aquatic life and drinking water resources in the Rocky
  Gorge Reservoir, as well as the health of tributary headwaters that drain to the reservoir
- preserving land Public land acquisitions directly adjacent to the Plan area were strategically acquired within the three subwatersheds surrounding the Plan area to increase protection of water quality within the Rocky Gorge reservoir
- protecting sensitive tributary headwaters These headwaters are the most environmentally sensitive areas, and they should be protected. The headwaters of three tributaries to the Patuxent River begin in the Plan area
- providing eight percent imperviousness in other environmentally sensitive areas Eight percent imperviousness has been established as the appropriate standard to protect environmentally sensitive resources in the Paint Branch and Upper Rock Creek Special Protection Areas
- confirming the RC Zone to protect environmentally sensitive areas The RC Zone has a cluster option that countywide, averages less than eight percent imperviousness for residential development to protect environmentally sensitive areas

### specific property recommendations

#### 1. Northern Properties: confirm RC Zone, for rural cluster and open space

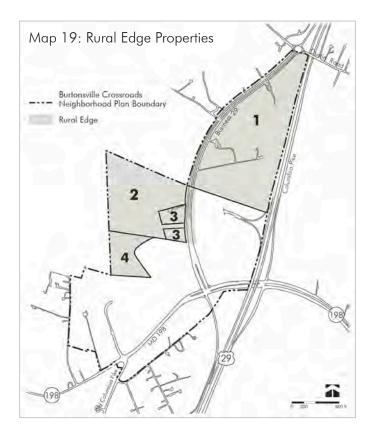
This area consists of seven properties located north of the Pepco right-of-way in the tributary headwaters of the Patuxent Watershed. Because of their proximity to the Rocky Gorge Reservoir, development should be limited to protect the drinking water supply by confirming low density zoning, restricting the extension of community sewer service, and reducing imperviousness. Retaining these properties in the RC Zone will focus development in the

Burtonsville commercial core. Designation in the Legacy Open Space program will further protect water supply resources by supporting cluster development options and creating the option for acquisition as parkland. The Burtonsville Fire Tower is located on a small publicly owned site maintained by the University of Maryland. The larger properties south of the fire tower may also be appropriate for public acquisition for parkland. The Plan recommends:

- impervious levels limited to eight percent
- cluster development

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- preserving and increasing tree canopy
- seasonal community uses that support agricultural uses such as fairs, ice-cream sales, and other events
- designation as a Water Supply Protection site in the Legacy Open Space program, to be implemented through cluster development or acquisition as parkland



#### 2. Mangum Property: confirm RC Zone

This 30.80 acre site could develop on septic systems. Its mature forest cover, tributaries, and wetlands make it worthy of preservation under Legacy Open Space (LOS) criteria. This property is adjacent to approximately 48 acres of forested conservation land owned by the State Highway Administration, which is adjacent to the Athey property. These properties would form a ring of contiguous open space around the north and west portion of the Plan area. Access to the Mangum property would be through natural surface trails. The Plan recommends:

- designation as a Natural Resource site in the Legacy Open Space (LOS) program to be implemented through acquisition as conservation parkland
- conservation of the forest and stream buffers and provision of natural surface trails connecting to parks, schools, and other destinations
- development limited to eight percent imperviousness
- no public sewer

#### 3. Residential Lots along west side of Business 29: confirm RC Zone

These four lots should remain zoned RC with limited redevelopment potential.

#### 4. Burtonsville Town Center Forest Conservation Easement (west of shopping center): confirm the RC Zone

This site consists of a stormwater management pond and protected forest. Both should be retained.

# implementation

The Plan is designed to support the transformation of Burtonsville from a crossroads to a community through recommendations for economy, connectivity, design, and environment. Near-term actions in the Rural Edge will help protect the tributary headwaters in the Patuxent River Watershed by reducing imperviousness for properties in the RC Zone. In the commercial core, the CRT and CRN Zones will allow additional uses and provide more flexible development standards. Longterm actions will complete the proposed system of local vehicular and pedestrian connections, and provide public places for recreation and gathering.

#### **Near-Term and Long-Term Actions**

Near-term improvements are primarily government actions that expand opportunities for infill, adaptive reuse, and redevelopment to support private investment. Public investment in parks, the expansion of the elementary school, and approval of the Sectional Map Amendment to allow a greater variety of uses will encourage private property owners to reinvest. The near-term and long-term actions are intended to transform the existing crossroads into a complete community.

# Table 3: Near-Term Actions

Action	Agency
Approve the Sectional Map Amendment to modify the commercial zoning to allow a wide range of land uses including housing, retail, limited employment uses, and community services	Montgomery County DOT, County Council
Approve Zoning Text Amendment to limit imperviousness for Watershed Protection	County Council
Approve funding for design of the access road	Montgomery County DOT, County Council
Continue streetscape and building façade improvements along Main Street MD 198, and the Retail Center Signage Easement program for the commercial areas along Main Street MD 198	DHCA
Encourage the use and occupancy of the existing, underused Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center and office park	Property owners
Establish a local chamber of commerce	Business owners, DED

## Table 4: Long-Term Actions

Action	Agency		
Construct additional retail, office, and residential land uses, including the Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center	Property owners		
Conduct the planning study for MD 198 using the traffic counts from the fully functioning Intercounty Connector	SHA		
Complete the main street improvements along MD 198	SHA, Property owners		
Design and construct parks, trails, and active recreation fields	M-NCPPC, Department of Parks		
Complete streetscape and building façade improvements along Main Street MD 198	DHCA, Property owners		
Construct the access road with participation from adjacent property owners	MCDOT, Property owners		
Complete the grid of local streets	Property owners		
Complete the remaining pedestrian and bikeway connections	MCDOT, SHA, Property owners		
Complete recreation facilities and final trail alignments	SHA, MCPS, M-NCPPC, Department of Parks		
<ul> <li>Complete the Public Green as follows:</li> <li>Approve and construct the elementary school expansion</li> <li>Purchase land and construct recreation fields on the Athey property</li> <li>Include the site owned by the Burtonsville Volunteer Fire Department for the access road, stormwater management, and future open space</li> </ul>	M-NCPPC, MCPS M-NCPPC, MCPS M-NCPPC, MCPS, MCDOT		

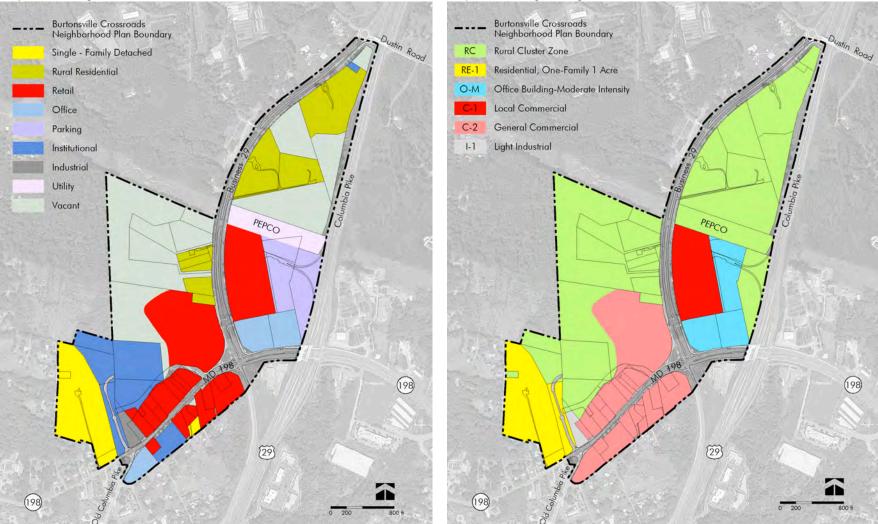
# Zoning

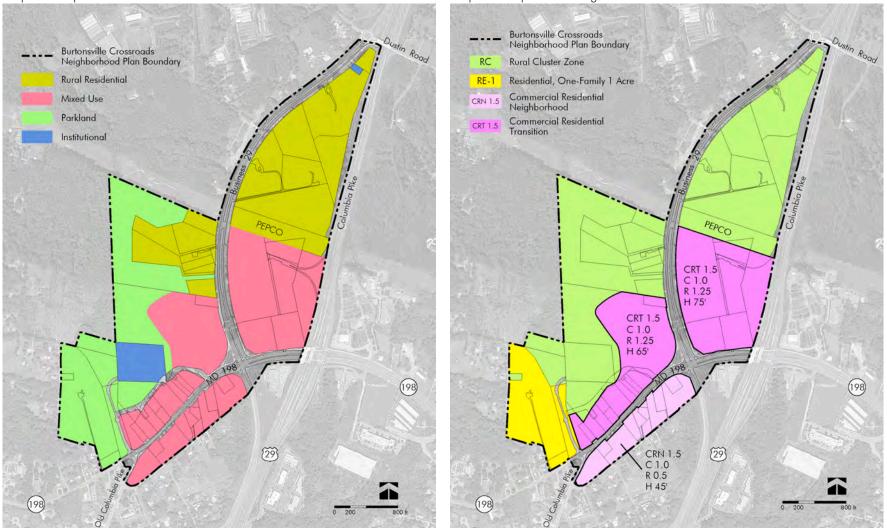
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The Burtonsville Neighborhood Crossroads Plan includes properties that vary from 535 square feet to over 20 acres. Of the approximately 191 total acres, approximately 74 acres are zoned for office and commercial uses and 117 acres are zoned for low-density development.

Map 21: Existing Zoning

Map 20: Existing Land Use





## Map 22: Proposed Land Use

Map 23: Proposed Zoning

# CRT and CRN Zones

Replace the existing C-1, C-2, O-M, and I-1 Zones with the CRT Zone along both sides of Business 29 and along the north side of MD 198. The CRT Zone is designed to:

- provide flexibility to respond to current market conditions
- provide added public engagement through a review process that existing commercial zones don't require
- provide more certainty about density and building height
- provide a mix of commercial uses and housing opportunities
- require public use space that may be privately owned and must be accessible to the public
- support infill and adaptive reuse of buildings
- allow development at the scale of a smaller town or neighborhood

The CRT Zone provides both a standard and an optional method of development. The standard method limits overall density to 0.5 FAR. The optional method of development allows additional density as an incentive to provide public spaces and other public benefits that are needed to create the complete community.

The existing C-2 Zone will be replaced with the CRN Zone along the south side of MD 198. The CRN Zone is appropriate for small, lowdensity areas, and it is designed to provide:

- flexibility for small businesses to respond to local market conditions
- transitions to adjacent residential neighborhoods
- neighborhood protections
- infill and adaptive reuse

This Plan confirms that any lawfully existing buildings, structures, or uses that predate the application of the CRT or CRN Zones are conforming structures or uses and may be continued, renovated, repaired, or reconstructed. Any lawfully existing special exceptions approved prior to the application of the CRT or CRN Zones may continue as lawfully existing uses as long as they comply with the terms and conditions of the original approval.

# RC and RE-1 Zones

Retain the existing RC and RE-1 Zones. In Burtonsville, these zones create a strong, low-density edge to the proposed mixed-use area, limit expansion of the commercial area, and reduce the negative environmental impacts on the tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River Watershed. The Plan recommends:

- cluster development to preserve environmentally sensitive resources
- low-density development
- park acquisition for conservation and recreation

# Public Benefits Priorities for CRT Zone Projects

The CRT Zone, proposed for the Main Street MD 198 North and the Village Center Business 29 areas, provides both a standard and an optional method of development. The standard method of development limits overall density to 0.5 FAR or 10,000 gross square feet, whichever is greater. The optional method of development allows additional density as an incentive to provide public benefits. This Plan prioritizes the benefits and encourages:

- adaptive reuse of buildings and opportunities for infill to support small businesses
- access improvements to public facilities (park-and-ride lot, public green including the elementary school, other public open spaces)
- streetscape and local street connections
- advanced dedication for master-planned rights-of-way such as the access road
- affordable housing for all ages and live/work units.

# Priority Public Use Spaces

Public use space is required under the optional method of development. Public use spaces may be privately owned, but they must be accessible to the public. The priority public use spaces in Burtonsville are:

- new public use space on the site of the Burtonsville Crossing Shopping Center
- an expanded public use space on the site of the Burtonsville Town Square Shopping Center
- landscaped transition area between new development and the existing residential neighborhood located along Tolson Place
- landscape improvements to the intersection of MD 198 and Business 29.

# Proposed Zoning Text Amendment for Watershed Protection

A primary purpose of the RC Zone is to protect environmentally sensitive areas. The Plan recommends that development within designated tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River Watershed be limited to eight percent imperviousness instead of the 10 percent established in the Functional Master Plan for the Patuxent River Watershed and in the Environmental Guidelines.

The Plan area is in the sensitive tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River and the existing 10 percent limit is not adequate to preserve these sensitive areas. The Plan's recommendation for eight percent imperviousness matches the existing limit in the Upper Paint Branch Special Protection Area. A zoning text amendment to the RC Zone for areas designated in a master or sector plan is recommended to establish the eight percent imperviousness limit in the tributary headwaters of the Patuxent River Watershed.

#### **Transportation**

The Plan reduces the maximum allowed density in the areas with the existing I-1 and C-1 Zones that allow an unlimited floor area ratio (FAR). The overall amount of potential commercial development will be reduced and residential uses have been added within the maximum limits of the existing C-2 Zone (1.5 FAR). This produces a reduction in potential local trips as compared with the 1997 Fairland Master Plan. The development potential will not exceed the acceptable congestion levels in the area intersections. The local area roadway system has a significant amount of traffic capacity based on a Critical Lane Volume (CLV) analysis. The recommended highway and local street system will provide sufficient capacity.

Table 5: Development Potential

	Existing Development	Potential
Residential Units	8 single-family units	600 multifamily units
Nonresidential square feet	730,000 square feet	880,000 - 1,400,000 square feet
Nonresidential square feet converted into jobs	2,105 jobs	2,628 - 4,200 jobs

The majority of traffic on MD 198 is through traffic, while only a small portion is for local movement. The newly opened ICC will divert some through traffic onto the new east-west connector. With four lanes, added left turn lanes, the access road, and a new grid of streets, local circulation in the Plan area will function safely and provide sufficient accessibility between properties. The recommended land uses and the transportation infrastructure are in balance.

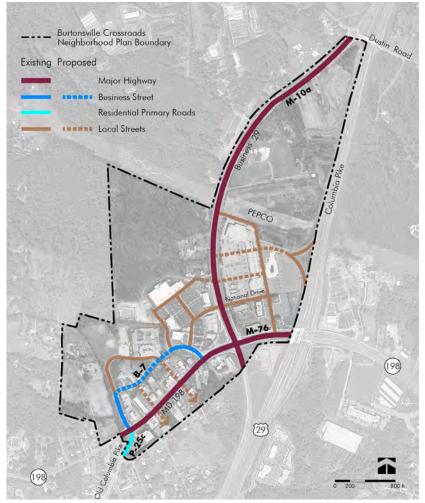
# Capacity

The proposed transportation system can accommodate 600 additional residential units. In addition, the transportation system could accommodate a significant increase in commercial square footage. Recent traffic studies indicate that the MD 198 intersections with Old Columbia Pike and US 29 are currently operating at acceptable levels of service (CLVs between 830 and 1,000). These acceptable traffic conditions include the additional traffic from nearby approved but not constructed developments (CLVs between 950 and 1,050). The traffic at local intersections is well below the applicable congestion standard for the Fairland/White Oak Policy Area (1,475 CLV) and would provide significant additional road capacity to accommodate the Plan's long-term residential and nonresidential developments. Four lanes are needed for local and regional growth analyzed by SHA in the MD28/198 Corridor Study. In this study, SHA states that the projected traffic will warrant four travel lanes on MD 198 through Burtonsville. With the Army's Base Realignment and Closures (BRAC) expansions along MD 198 in Laurel, this route will get a share of future through travelers.

# Circulation

The Plan recognizes that the ICC has been recently completed, and it will divert some of the through traffic. The access road will provide local circulation and a second access to the elementary school for safety and efficient drop-off/pick-up.

#### Map 24: Roadway Classifications



# Street and Highway Classifications

The access road, the local street grid, Business 29 (M10a), the sidewalks, the bikeways, and the trails will create a connected street system that reduces dependence on the major highways and reduces left turn conflicts along MD 198.

Table 6: Roadway Classifications

master planned streets	from	to	MPOH number	minimum right-of-way (ft)	through travel lanes	target speed (mph)	design standard
Major Highways							
MD 198 Main Street	Old Columbia Pike	Business 29	M-76	120	4 lanes, divided	30	Mod. 2004.16
MD 198	Business 29	US 29	M-76	130-170 varies	4 lanes, divided	35	Mod. 2004.16
Business 29 "Old US 29"	Dustin Road	MD 198	M-10a	100-200 varies	4-6 lanes, divided	40	Mod. 2008.04
Business Streets							
Access Road	MD 198	MD 198	B-7	60	2 lanes	25	2005.01
Primary Streets							
Old Columbia Pike	Tolson Place	MD 198	P-25c	70	2 lanes	25	2003.01

#### Illustration 4: Business 29: M-10a Major Highway

4 lanes, divided

Min. right-of-way: 100 - 200 feet, varies

Attachment 3



#### Examples

Offices along Business 29

Streetscape along Business 29

Business 29, north of PEPCO

Sidewalk and building setbacks

Illustration 5: Access Road: B-7 Business Street (new section only)

Plan

Lanes:

Min. right-of-way: 60 feet Lanes: 2 lanes







Existing retail access road at MD 198

Two-lane street, sidewalk, building setbacks



Illustration 6: Local Streets: Public or Private

#### Plan

Min. right-of-way: 60 feet or less Lanes: 2 lanes



#### Examples

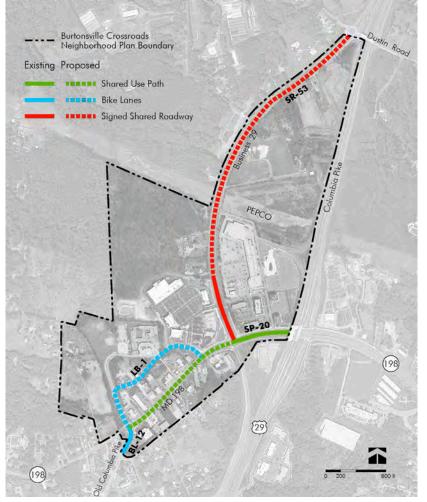
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Two-way street with parking (60 feet)

Two-way street without parking (50 feet)

Pathway with off-peak service (40 feet)

#### Map 25: Bikeway Classifications



#### Bikeways

The Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan (CBFMP) recommends bike routes through the Plan area. This Plan confirms the recommendations and adds bike lanes along the access road. This Plan also recommends designating the Main Street MD 198 neighborhood as a Bicycle and Pedestrian Priority Area, which facilitates the allocation of funds for bicycle and pedestrian improvements on State roads. This designation reflects the Plan's fundamental goal of creating a lively, pedestrian-centered atmosphere.

Table 7: Bikeway Classifications

Route	Name	Location	Bikeway Type	Status	Reference
BL-12	Old Columbia Pike	Tolson Place to MD 198	bike lanes	existing	CBFMP
SP-20	MD 198	Business 29	shared use path	existing/ proposed	CBFMP
SR-53	Business 29	MD 198 to Dustin Rd	signed shared roadway	proposed	CBFMP
LB-1	Access Road	MD 198 to MD 198	bike lanes	proposed	new

#### **Community Facilities**

#### public schools

The Plan area is served by Burtonsville Elementary School, Banneker Middle School, and the Northeast High School Consortium. Paint Branch High School is the base area high school, but students may also choose to attend either Blake High School or Springbrook High School.

The Plan accommodates 600 new residential units that could generate up to 25 elementary school students (grades K-5), 23 middle school students (grades 6-8), and 20 high school students (grades 9-12). Burtonsville Elementary School is projected by the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) to be over capacity in the near future. MCPS is planning for an addition at the school in FY 2013. Paint Branch High School and Banneker Middle School are projected by MCPS to be adequate to serve the area's needs



# parks and open space

Burtonsville is served by the Marilyn Praisner Library and the Praisner Community Center. These facilities serve the Burtonsville, Fairland, and adjacent communities. The Plan area has no existing parkland. The greater Burtonsville area is served by two local parks (Burtonsville and Columbia), one neighborhood park (McKnew), and one recreational park (Fairland). To achieve the Plan's goal of providing a complete community including active recreation, providing conservation sites and improving connections to parks, the park properties identified in the Plan area should be acquired.



#### **Sewer and Water**

The Plan confirms the Fairland Master Plan's recommendation to provide sewer and water recommendations for the new mixed-use neighborhoods in the CRT and CRN Zones. Public sewer should not be extended to the Rural Edge to support the preservation of the sensitive tributary headwaters.

## **Capital Improvements Program**

The Capital Improvements Program should implement the following recommendations:

- complete access road (MCDOT) with participation from the adjacent property owners
- continue the DHCA Building Façade and Retail Center Signage Easement Programs along MD 198 to implement signage, streetscape, and building façade improvements in easements along MD 198. Capital improvement projects may be created to continue the focus on the main street commercial revitalization initiatives (DHCA)
- create public green
  - expand the elementary school (MCPS)
  - purchase and construct recreation fields on the Athey property and Parcel 879 (M-NCPPC/MCPS)
  - acquire the BVFD site for public use (MCDOT)



# appendix

#### (available online)

## Economy

- Appendix 1 Burtonsville Market Study and Consumer Shopping Survey, 2007
- Appendix 2 Burtonsville Community Legacy Plan, 2008
- Appendix 3 Planning Department Retail Summary

# Environment

Appendix 4 Draft Patuxent Watershed Implementation Plan, 2011

Countywide Water Resources Plan, 2010 http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/environment/water resources plan/index.shtm

Guidelines for Environmental Management of Development in Montgomery County, 2000 http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/environment/forest/guidelines 0100/toc environ guide.shtm

## Connections

Appendix 5 MD 29/MD 198 Corridor Improvement Study, Purpose and Need Statement, 2002
Appendix 6 MD 28/MD 198 Alternates, 2002
Appendix 7 MD 29/MD 198 Corridor Improvement Study, 2008

Countywide Bikeways Functional Master Plan

http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/transportation/bikeways/A\_A/contents.shtm

**Public Facilities** 

Appendix 8 Parks and Recreation Needs

Park, Recreation, and Open Space (PROS) Plan http://www.montgomeryparks.org/PPSD/ParkPlanning/Projects/pros\_2012/pros\_2012.shtm

2030 Strategic Plan for Parks and Recreation in Montgomery County http://www.montgomeryparks.org/about/vision/

# Plans

60

Fairland Master Plan, 1997

http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/community/plan\_areas/eastern\_county/master\_plans/fairland/fairland\_toc.shtm

Attachment 3

Attachment 3

May 2012

# burtonsville crossroads neighborhood plan

turning a crossroads into a community

Public Hearing Draft Montgomery County Planning Department Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

MontgomeryPlanning.org



# Draft Burtonsville Design Guidelines

From a Crossroads to a Community

July 2012

Montgomery County Planning Department M-NCPPC MontgomeryPlanning.org

M:\Burtonsville Crossroads Plan\Design Guidelines\Burtonsville Design July 19.docx

## Abstract

This document contains the design guidelines to be used by property owners, community members, and planners to implement the vision and recommendations of the Approved and Adopted Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan (date to come).

#### Source of copies

The Maryland-National Park and Planning Commission 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910

#### Online

MontgomeryPlanning.org/community/Burtonsville

# Draft Burtonsville Design Guidelines

From a Crossroads to a Community

Prepared by the Montgomery County Planning Department Date to come

Approved by the Montgomery County Planning Board Date to come

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# Introduction

The Burtonsville Design Guidelines assist in implementing the recommendations in the Approved and Adopted Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan. They provide information on how plan recommendations and zoning code requirements can be met, the context for individual sites, and ideas about how best practices in building and site design can be met.

The planning process is structured in a hierarchy of decisions:

- Master and sector plan recommendations provide the vision for specific areas
- The Zoning Ordinance and other codes establish standards and regulations for development
- Design Guidelines provide inspiration, suggestions, and illustrations to fulfill the plan vision, and serve as a problem solving tool

The guidelines are approved by the Planning Board for use by staff in developing and evaluating proposed projects. They will be revised and updated as necessary.

With the exception of street standards and other specific recommendations included in the Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan, the Design Guidelines are not regulations that mandate specific forms, locations of buildings, and open space. They illustrate how plan recommendations and principles can be met, and they encourage applicants to propose designs that create an attractive and successful public realm. The illustrations, photographs, and examples are intended to frame discussions regarding design in a flexible way, without prescribing specific standards.

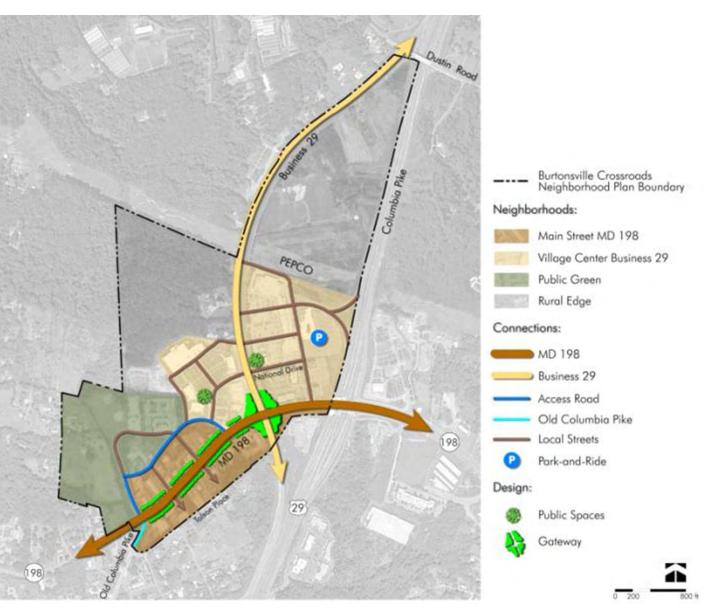
## **Relationship to the Neighborhood Plan**

These Guidelines supplement the Plan's land use planning recommendations. They are intended to bridge the Plan recommendations and the zoning and other recommendations in the Plan's Implementation Chapter. The Guidelines should be used as a resource for exploring ways to enhance the quality of design in Burtonsville.

#### **Design Objectives**

The Guidelines are concerned with the physical characteristics of development in the Burtonsville area. The design objectives—the intent for connections, open spaces, community character, and environment—will contribute to transforming the area from a crossroads to a community.

Burtonsville Crossroads
 Neighborhood Plan Boundary



**Connections** – A network of local streets and sidewalks should make it unnecessary to enter use major roadways to travel to businesses just a short distance away. Commercial parking lots should be interconnected, and a network of sidewalks and crosswalks should provide safe and convenient walking throughout the community.

**Open Spaces** – A range of open spaces—public and private, large and small, active and passive—are desirable as community gathering spaces in the neighborhoods.

**Community Character** – As buildings are renovated or replaced, they will provide an opportunity to improve community appearance. Mixed -use, multi-story buildings, well designed façades and signage, wide sidewalks to accommodate outdoor dining and displays, street furniture, and a variety of landscape elements all work together to create a vibrant and attractive streetscape.

**Environment** – Increasing the tree canopy with indigenous trees, providing shade trees in parking islands, and implementing improved storm management techniques will help improve environmental conditions.



**Community Character** 

Environment

**Design Precedents:** The following precedents identify design patterns that are found in successful communities.

	Connections	Open Space	Community Character	Environment
Germantown - 1900s	<ul> <li>Main Street: Crystal Rock Drive</li> <li>Grid of local streets with on-street parking</li> <li>25-foot wide sidewalks on main street, 15 foot wide sidewalks elsewhere</li> <li>Street trees 30 feet on- center</li> <li>Two to four travel lanes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Open space: Blackrock Center Local Park</li> <li>Restaurants with outdoor seating</li> <li>Open space for pedestrians at narrow intersections</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Special sidewalk paving</li> <li>Variety of building heights - one to two stories</li> <li>Infill and adaptive reuse</li> <li>Transitions to the adjacent neighborhoods</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Street trees provide canopy along all streets</li> <li>Combined stormwater management</li> <li>Public park with green area to reduce imperviousness and provide tree canopy</li> </ul>
Chevy Chase - 1800s	<ul> <li>Main Street: Connecticut Avenue</li> <li>Grid of local streets with limited on-street parking</li> <li>30-foot wide sidewalks along main street</li> <li>Trees 50 feet on-center along main street</li> <li>Six travel lanes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Open space: Chevy Chase Circle</li> <li>Restaurants and other retail with outdoor space</li> <li>Added setbacks along both sides of Connecticut Avenue</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Variety of building heights - one to five stories</li> <li>Reduced building height adjacent to neighborhoods</li> <li>Library along main street</li> <li>Infill and adaptive reuse</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Street trees provide tree canopy along all streets</li> <li>Significant adaptive reuse and infill with new buildings</li> </ul>
Middleburg - 1700s	<ul> <li>Main Street: US 50/Lee Highway</li> <li>Grid of local streets with on-street parking</li> <li>15-foot wide sidewalks</li> <li>Trees randomly spaced along main street</li> <li>Two to four travel lanes with on-street parking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Open space: local park</li> <li>Restaurants with outdoor space</li> <li>Middleburg Recreation Center</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Variety of building heights - one to three stories</li> <li>Brick sidewalks</li> <li>Infill and adaptive reuse</li> <li>Attractive signage</li> <li>Historic character</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Street trees provide canopy along all streets</li> <li>Significant adaptive reuse and infill with new buildings</li> <li>A defined edge between town and rural properties</li> </ul>

# **Guidelines - Connections**

#### **Design of Streets**

Streets are one of the major design elements that will transform the area. The existing major highways and business streets provide for through traffic. MD 198 will be transformed into a main street and the existing Business 29 will be enhanced.

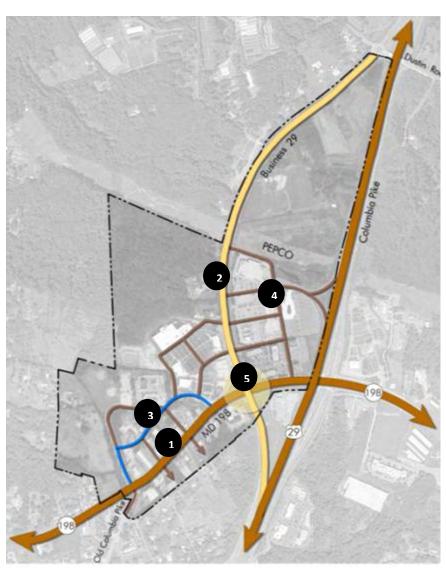
#### Objectives

The following design objectives improve the vehicular and pedestrian access. They concentrate both on functional aspects of access and design quality.

1 Create Main Street MD 198 A new median, wide sidewalks, street trees, lighting, and street furniture will significantly enhance the design character of MD 198. Access points along MD 198 should be consolidated.

# <sup>2</sup> Improve Business 29

This existing major highway will continue as a business street to provide a transition from the commercial areas to the Rural Edge. A bikeway along the east side, and street trees in the median and along both sides will be provided.



## 3 Provide a New Access Road

Incorporate a new street with a reduced width right-of-way, parking, and streetscape compatible with the existing elementary school linking to areas north of MD 198.

<sup>4</sup> Create a Grid Pattern of Local Streets Create a new street system that expands access between parcels, creates a system of short blocks, and improves pedestrian



#### **Improve Intersections**

Crosswalks will provide pedestrian access along the MD 198 and Business 29 at the intersections with the local system of streets.

#### **Road Code**

All applicants must comply with the County's Road Code. The illustrations show design options for public right-of-way and adjacent areas that enhance mobility, and improve



# Main Street MD 198

#### Main Street MD 198 - Major Highway

PlanMin. right-of-way:120 feetLanes:4 lanes, divided

#### Guidelines

Parking:	NA
Trees:	50 feet on-center
Sidewalk:	5 feet wide min., north side
	8 feet wide min., south side
Setback:	10 feet
Median:	Planted, including turn lanes



Challenges: Oriented to high speed through traffic, multiple curb cuts, no turn lanes, no local streets, no sidewalks or streetscape

# Main Street MD 198 - Challenges



#### Western Gateway:

- no formal gateway
- short transition from rural area to commercial area
- limited crosswalks at at the primary intersection
- no street character

#### Main Street MD 198:

- multiple curb cuts and no turn lanes
- high speed traffic
  - limited crosswalks
  - no connections between parcels
  - left turn conflicts
  - no landscaping
  - limited street character

#### Eastern Gateway:

- no formal gateway
- limited transition from the Major
- Highway of US 29 to Main Street MD 198 and Business 29
- no entrance to the office core from MD 198
- concrete median MD 198 east



Opportunities: Provide a new gateway, reduce speed of traffic, provide new grid of local streets, new access road, streetscape and enhanced crosswalks

#### Main Street MD 198 - Opportunities (Note: The proposed local streets show the general location of streets, not actual alignments.)



#### Western Gateway:

- Four-way intersection provides a transition from rural area to Main Street
- striped crosswalks to improve safety
- streetscape along both sides of MD 198
- formal gateway

#### Main Street MD 198:

- connect parcels with sidewalks
- provide crosswalks at intersections
- provide a landscaped median with consolidated left turn lanes and curb cuts, and new local streets
- improve the character of Main Street MD 198:
  - establish a variety of building heights
     provide for infill and adaptive rause of
- provide for infill and adaptive reuse of buildings and continue to improve building facades
   front retail buildings on Main Street MD 198
- create a streetscape pattern including trees 50 feet on-center that avoids conflicts with retail signage

#### Eastern Gateway:

- enhance the median and orient buildings to MD 198 to transition from the Major Highway of US 29 to Main Street MD 198 and Business 29
- provide streetscape along the entrance driveway to the office core
- extend streetscape along both sides
- formal gateway

# Access Road and Local Streets

The following two pages identify the character of Business 29, the Access Road and the variable design standards for the local streets. The standards for the minimum right-of-way and number of lanes are specified in the Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan. The guidelines are flexible and they are not regulations or standards that specify street widths, setbacks, street tree spacing, and location of buildings. The guidelines illustrate how the principles in the Plan can be met, and they encourage applicants to propose street designs that create an attractive realm. The layout of the local streets is illustrative and may be changed during the review process.

#### Access Road: Business Street

Plan (new section only) Min. right-of-way: 60 feet Lanes: 2 lanes

Guidelines (new section only)		
Parking:	One side	
Trees:	30-35 feet on center	
Sidewalk:	4-5 feet wide min.	
Setback:	None	
Median:	None	



Examples: Existing retail access road at MD 198 Two-lane street, sidewalk, building setbacks

Sidewalk and building setbacks along access

# Local Streets: Public or Private

Plan Min. right-of-way: 60-feet wide or less 2 lanes Lanes:

#### Guidelines

Parking:	Optional
Trees:	30-35 feet on center
Sidewalk:	12-15 feet wide
Setback:	None
Median:	None



Examples: Two-way street with parking (60 feet) Two-way street without parking (50 feet)





Pathway: East side sidewalk, west side bikeway, landscaped median, continuous lawn panel, and minimum building setback of 10 feet



Green: Active public use space at the interesection of Business 29 and a local street, landscaping, seating, and public art

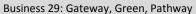


Gateway: Intersection of MD 198 and Business 29, green open space, augmented landscaping, building setbacks, bikeways/sidewalks

# **Business 29: M-10a Major Highway**

Trees:	50 feet on center, varies
Lawn Panel:	Continuous
Sidewalk:	8 feet bikeway, west side
	5 feet sidewalk, east side
Setback from curb:	10 feet minimum for buildings
	and additional landscaping
Median:	Landscaping w/trees





# **Guidelines - Open Spaces**

## **Design of Open Spaces**

The open spaces establish a hierarchy of opportunities for environmental preservation, recreation and public gathering, and public use space.

## Objectives

Open spaces will vary in size and offer:

- flexible public space appropriate for a variety of events
- lighting and ample seating
- access to both sun and shade
- tree canopy and special landscaping
- opportunities for a farmers market.

#### **CRT Zone Standards**

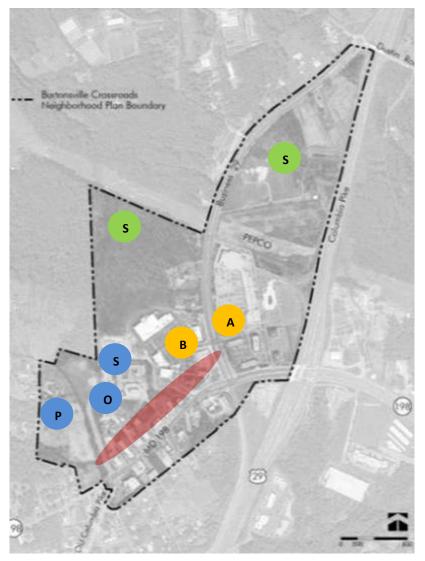
The CRT Zone requires public use space as part of the optional method of development. During project review, public use spaces will meet the criteria established in the Plan.

#### **RC Standards**

The Rural Cluster Zone includes an option for cluster development designed to preserve the environment.

## Public Use Spaces

The following two public spaces have been designated in the Plan.



## A East of Business 29

Development of the east side should include an open space or focal point for civic events adjacent to a proposed local street.





# West of Business 29

The existing public space should be enhanced if the site redevelops.

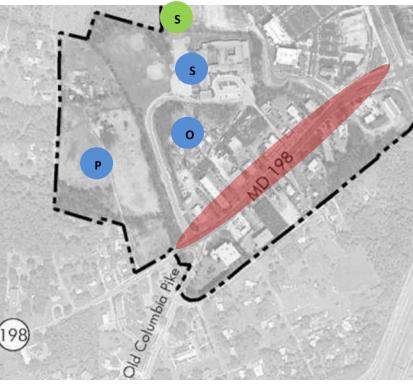


# MD 198

Public Use Space along MD 198 Along MD 198, additional public space is needed to accommodate streetscape, a lawn panel, and spaces for trees.



**S** Rural Open Space The sensitive design and preservation of the stream buffer areas will limit development and expand tree canopy.



#### Public Green

The design of the public green will provide public space for active and passive recreation in Burtonsville. The space will be flexible to serve a variety of community functions, include additional tree canopy, and provide a limited increase in imperviousness above existing levels with shared parking of facilities.

The design of the public green should incorporate three properties:



Elementary school and space for future expansion

Future local park design for active recreation on the Athey property



Ρ

Open space designed for a variety of public events on Volunteer Fire Department property







# **Guidelines - Community Character**

The Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan identifies two areas.



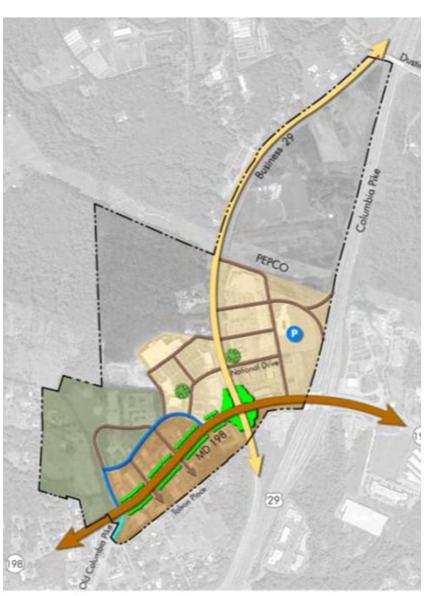
Main Street MD 198

Existing development along MD 198 reflects the earlier pattern of autooriented development. The Plan encourages infill and redevelopment that would make this area more vibrant and pedestrian-oriented. The proposed CRT and CRN zoning emphasizes retaining local businesses and transitions to the adjacent single-family neighborhood.



## Village Center Business 29

The Village Center area includes retail shopping centers along both sides of Business 29, an existing office park, and the park-and-ride lot. With the CRT Zone's design standards, the Plan provides the opportunity to expand the range of land uses, provide useful public use spaces, and allowing additional building height.



There are key features important to establishing the Plan's recommended neighborhood character.

#### Variety of Building Heights

The heights vary from 75 feet adjacent to Business 29 to 35 feet adjacent to Tolson Place. Building heights could vary within each block to accommodate both infill and new development.

#### Infill and Adaptive Reuse

Infill and adaptive reuse of existing buildings is encouraged to provide a more continuous streetscape and support the expansion of the existing small businesses.

#### **Facade Improvements**

The Guidelines support DHCA efforts to improve the function and appearance of Main Street MD 198.

#### Transitions

Transitions will be provided adjacent to the existing single-family neighborhoods along Tolson Place for compatibility.

#### Parking

Parking spaces should be adequately landscaped and located to the side or back of properties. Parking should be screened from streets and from residential properties.

#### Variety of Building Heights

Building height will range from 75 feet (approximately five stories) on properties east of Business 29 to 35 feet (approximately three stories) adjacent to the existing neighborhood of single-family detached homes located along Tolson Place. The Plan recommends:

- varied building heights within the maximum height limits
- transitions from the mixed-use area south of Main Street MD 198 to the neighborhood of single-family detached homes along Tolson Place.

#### Main Street South of MD 198

- Limited infill and adaptive reuse of existing buildings.
- Buildings will be a maximum of 45 feet high along Main Street MD 198, and 35 feet along Tolson Place adjacent to the existing residential neighborhood.

## Main Street North of MD 198

- Infill and adaptive reuse of existing buildings and limited redevelopment with varied building heights
- Buildings will be a maximum of 70 feet high

#### **Business 29**

- Orient redevelopment adjacent to Business 29 away from existing residential development in the RC Zone on the west side of Business 29
- Buildings will be a maximum of 75 feet high east of Business 29
- Buildings will be a maximum of 70 feet high west of Business 29

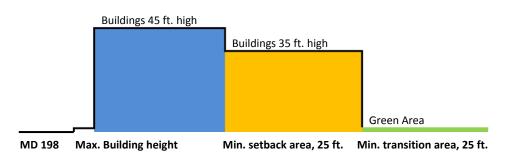


65-70 feet (example of 4 stories)

75 feet Maximum (example of 5 stories)

35 feet (1-2 stories, along Tolson Place)

45 feet (2-3 stories, south of MD 198)



Section: Main Street South of MD 198

#### **Infill and Adaptive Reuse**

Infill development and adaptive reuse of existing structures will bring a vibrant mix of uses and architectural styles to Burtonsville. Infill and reuse will support the expansion of small businesses and allow existing businesses to grow within Burtonsville. Infill and adaptive reuse will also provide continuity in the streetscape and enhance the pedestrian experience along MD 198.

- Existing buildings should continue to be reused, updated, and expanded
- Significant new development will occur primarily between Business 29 and US 29, and infill development will occur primarily along Main Street MD 198

Adaptive Reuse: From an empty space to a sitting area

Infill: Example of small infill between two older buildings

Adaptive Reuse: From a residence to a commercial use

Adaptive Reuse: From a fire station to a restaurant



Existing Infill: Newer buildings on each side of an older building

Potential Infill: Site for potential infill development

#### **Façade Improvements**

Two buildings have received façade improvements, with the potential of additional facades improvements as part of DHCA's façade improvement program based on the Burtonsville Community Legacy Plan (2008) and the Burtonsville Street Face Analysis and Recommendations (2010). As a result, the Façade Easement Program has begun to transform a portion of Main Street MD 198. This program, along with the associated Signage Easement Program, provides an incentive for property owners who improve an existing building exterior, signage, lighting, and landscaping in exchange for a long-term easement and commitment to maintain the improvements.

Examples of Existing Facades: Unimproved facades along Main Street MD 198



Examples of Recent Facade Improvements by DHCA: Façade improvements along proposed Main Street MD 198

Source: DHCA

**DHCA Programs** 

Note: Green space along Tolson Place will provide a transition from future buildings in the CRN Zone to single-family detached neighborhoods in the R-200 Zone.

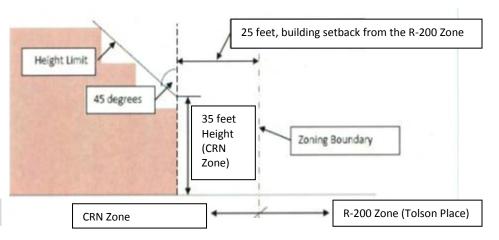


#### Transitions

Appropriate building heights and setbacks with landscaping are necessary to achieve compatibility between redevelopment and the adjacent existing and proposed neighborhoods. The CRN Zone requires appropriate building heights and setbacks to ensure compatible relationships with adjoining, single-family neighborhoods. The section below illustrates appropriate building height and setback where the CRN Zone is located adjacent to a single-family residential zone (R-200).

The Plan delineates the areas where the proposed CRT and CRN Zones are located adjacent to the RC and R-200 Zones.

- Main Street MD 198 South (CRN Zone) Allows building heights up to 45 feet adjacent to MD 198. Buildings will step down to 35 feet with a minimum setback of 25 feet from the adjacent Tolson Place to separate the land uses in the CRN Zone from the adjacent R-200 residential neighborhood.
- Main Street MD 198 North and West Side of Business 29 (CRT Zone) -Allows building heights up to 70 feet.
- East Side of Business 29 Village Center Allows building heights up to 75 feet.



#### Parking

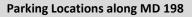
#### Parking Locations along MD 198 and Business 29

The existing parking along MD 198 and Business 29 is often located in the front of buildings. As significant redevelopment occurs and improvements to MD 198 are completed, existing parking within the public right-of-way will be lost. For many of the buildings along the north side of MD 198, a parking aisle and a single row of convenience parking could be retained in the interim. In the long term, the best solution is to locate the parking spaces to the side or back of buildings.

Sidewalks should be continuous and separate from parking to improve the connection between properties. In the long term, structured parking should be well designed with retail or other uses on the street level without large expanses of blank walls.

#### **Temporary Use of Parking Lots**

Large surface parking areas could be adapted for temporary uses such as a farmers market and seasonal sales, and special community events such as the Burtonsville Day celebrations.





Existing: Parking within the right of-way



Better: Parking screened from highway



**Temporary Use of Parking Lots** 







Best: Parking located behind or side

# **Guidleines - Environment**







#### **Design and Environment**

Protecting the quality of the Patuxent River Watershed is a primary Plan recommendation. Redevelopment in Burtonsville will integrate the environment into the design of infill and redevelopment.

The design of the connections and open spaces provide the opportunity to increase tree canopy and reduce imperviousness. The design objectives encourage infill and redevelopment to be designed as environmentally responsible places.

#### **Restore and Enhance**

- Increasing tree canopy
- Reducing imperviousness in the commercial areas
- Establishing best management practices for stormwater

## **Emphasize Green Building Technology**

Buildings should be of the highest caliber of energy efficiency, including:

- Potential for renewable energy systems
- Site and building design and orientation for passive solar heating and day lighting of interior spaces
- Use of local materials
- Green roof technology
- Solar panels in building design
- Outside sun shades that provide shading for glass and direct sunlight deep into interior spaces.

# Summary

## Connections

Local streets between Main Street MD 198 and the proposed Access Road, and between the park-and-ride lot and Business 29.

#### **Open Spaces**

A variety of spaces:

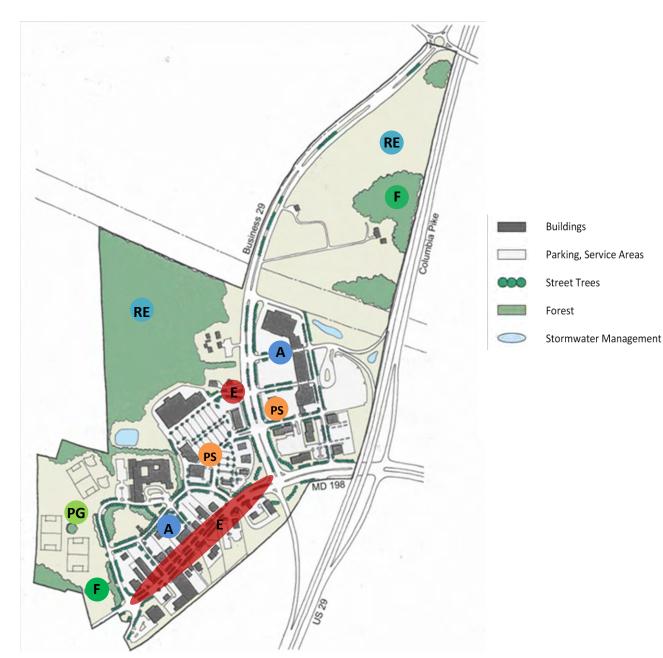
- RE Rural Edge for low density development, and the protection of environmentally sensitive resources
- PG Public green for active recreation and gathering
- PS Public Use Space for passive recreation and gathering

# Community Character

Transform MD 198 into a Main Street, and improve Business 29 with street trees, a landscaped median, façade improvements, infill buildings, sidewalks, bikeways, and street furniture to create a pleasing streetscape.

#### Environment

Enhance the natural environment with indigenous vegetation that provides seasonal color. Increase the tree canopy and landscaping to reduce imperviousness and decrease surface runoff.



# Resources

This list of redevelopment resources is provided as a reference tool, is for informational purposes only, and is not intended to be exhaustive.

## **Montgomery County**

- Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance Chapter 59 <u>http://www.amlegal.com/montgomery\_county\_md/</u>
- Montgomery County Code <u>http://www.amlegal.com/montgomery\_county\_md/</u>
  - Chapter 19 Erosions, Sediment Control and Stormwater Management
  - Chapter 22A Forest Conservation-Trees
  - Chapter 49 Streets and Roads
  - Chapter 50 Subdivision
- DHCA Burtonsville Legacy Plan http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/content/dhca/Burtonsville/burtonsvillefinalcommunitylegacyplan.pdf
- DPS Outdoor Café Seating Guide <u>http://permittingservices.montgomerycountymd.gov/permitting/pdf/OutdoorCafeSeating.pdf</u>
- DPS Sidewalk Vendor Operation and License http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/content/council/pdf/SCANNED\_DOCS/20070227\_16-61.pdf
- DPS Building Construction Building Codes & Standards http://permittingservices.montgomerycountymd.gov/dpstmpl.asp?url=/permitting/bc/nfbldc.asp
- DOT Pedestrian Safety http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/dottmpl.asp?url=/Content/dot/dir/pedsafety/index.asp

- DEP Patuxent Watershed Restoration Plans <u>http://www.montgomerycountymd.gov/dectmpl.asp?url=/Content/dep/water/wrisPatuxent.asp</u>
- MCPS Burtonsville Expansion (CIP 2013) www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/departments/planning/PDF/CIP13\_Chapter3.pdf

## Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission

- M-NCPPC Burtonsville Crossroads Neighborhood Plan <u>http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/community/burtonsville/index.shtm</u>
- M-NCPPC County Bikeways Functional Master Plan <u>http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/transportation/bikeways/A\_A/contents.shtm</u>
- M-NCPPC Development Manual http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/development/development\_manual/index.shtm
- M-NCPPC Commercial Residential Zone Overview http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/development/com\_res\_zones.shtm

## **Maryland State Highway Administration**

 Maryland State Highway Administration- MD28/MD198 Corridor Improvement Study http://www.montgomeryplanning.org/community/burtonsville/documents/SHA198StudyPurposeandNeed.pdf

Draft Burtonsville Design Guidelines From a Crossroads to a Community

July 2012

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