MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK & PLANNING

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

MCPB 1/24/02

8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3760

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

January 17, 2002

TO:

Montgomery County Planning Board

VIA:

Joseph Davis, Chief

FROM:

Development Review Division

Wynn E Witthans, RLA, AICP WW

Planning Department Staff

(301) 495-4584

REVIEW TYPE:

Final Water Quality Plan for a Special

Protection Area Approval and Site Plan Review

APPLYING FOR:

520 apartments inclusive of 65 MPDU's on 66.2 acres

PROJECT NAME: Traville - Avalon Bay Apartments

CASE #:

8-99050A

REVIEW BASIS:

Site Plan Required for the MXN Zone

ZONE:

MXN - Mixed Use Neighborhood

LOCATION:

South of Shady Grove Road 1,500 feet and 4,500 feet south of Md Route 28

MASTER PLAN:

Shady Grove Study Area, July 1990

APPLICANT:

Avalon Bay Communities, Inc.

OWNER:

Traville Owner's Association., LLC c/o Travillah Park Development

Corporation

FILING DATE:

October 24, 2002

HEARING DATE: January 24, 2002

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

THE FINAL WATER QUALITY PLAN FOR AVALON BAY APARTMENTS

Recommend approval of the final water quality plan subject to the following conditions

- 1. Conditions of DPS Final Water Quality Plan approval letter of January 11, 2002.
- 2. Approval of the Planning Board's components of the Final Water Quality Plan only under the following conditions:
 - A) Permanent protection of environmental buffer areas and additional areas from disturbance during and after construction per final forest conservation plan/ grading plan inclusive of 66.16 acres.
 - B) Implementation of the requirements of the final forest conservation plan dated September 21, 2001. All stream valley buffers shall be placed in forest conservation (category I) easement. The forest conservation plan for the overall Traville site includes protection of existing forest or reforestation of the entire stream valley buffer by active planting.
 - C) Imperviousness limited to no more than 14.62 acres on 66.16 acres of land as documented in the January 10, 2002 memo from Ed Wallington of Loiederman Soltesz Associates, and as confirmed on the site plan signature set, unless required by a government agency, or as a revision with appropriate justification and approved by the Planning Board. All impervious areas shall be included in overall cumulative total for Traville per textual stipulation #2 (i.e., part of compliance with the ceiling of 33% imperviousness over the entire 192 acre Traville property).
 - D) Applicant shall provide boardwalks that span the entire wetland area for all necessary trail crossings, subject to compliance with MDE wetland regulations, if applicable.

SITE PLAN # 8-99050 AVALON BAY APARTMENTS

Approval of 520 multifamily units inclusive of 65 MPDU's with the following conditions:

- 1. Standard Conditions dated October 10, 1995, Appendix A with amendments as follows
- 2. Certification from a professional acoustical engineer that the apartment buildings will attenuate projected noise levels from Shady Grove Road to an interior level not to exceed 45dBA Ldn. In addition, the applicant shall implement the proferred specifications for additional acoustical treatment on the residential buildings on Shady Grove Road, referenced in and enforceable by the SPEA. The affected buildings and the acoustical specifications are included in a Polysonics Corporation acoustical report dated May 15, 2001, which is attached to a cover letter from Avalon Bay Communities dated January 18th, 2002. Functionally equivalent products with the same or higher STC ratings may be substituted. Any additional openings (skylights, etc. but excluding garage doors) on the fronts and sides of apartment buildings on Shady Grove Road must have a minimum STC rating of 28 dBA.
- 3. Notify prospective tenants as part of the lease agreement of the high noise levels along Shady Grove Road due to its use as an industrial haul road, and that acoustical treatment has been incorporated into the buildings along Shady Grove Road to mitigate noise levels inside the units. Notification should specify that although the windows may be opened, acoustical treatment presume closed window conditions to be effective.
- 2. With each subsequent application, the developer or the Applicant shall supply to staff an update record of impervious square footage previously approved, the amount of additional imperviousness proposed, the resultant impervious square footage remaining and the overall greenspace within the entire Traville site.
- 3. The landscape and lighting plan shall be finalized at the time of signature set with the following details to be added:
 - a. Final details to insure plant material suitability.
 - b. Final review of lighting to determine need for house shields

SUMMARY OF ISSUES RESOLVED DURING THE COURSE OF SITE PLAN REVIEW:

1. EARLIER PLANNING BOARD REVIEW

The application for Avalon Bay Apartments was first submitted in June 1999. The Planning Board reviewed the initial plans on January 7 and February 4, 2000. Numerous issues were raised in regards to the project's relationship to the Diagrammatic Plan and various compatibility issues raised by the citizens residing in the adjacent Willows subdivision. The applicant withdrew the site plan from consideration prior to the Planning Board's action.

Later, the applicant participated in the amendment of the Diagrammatic Plan that relocated the housing parcels and removed the convention center once proposed on the site. The new proposal relocated units further away from Shady Grove Road and reduced the size of the projects by 44 units. This proposal now utilizes a different parcel of land that was originally the site of R&D and the Convention center. It is immediately opposite the Traville retail center. The County Council approved the Diagrammatic Plan Amendment on August 15, 2001.

2. ENVIRONMENT:

A. Imperviousness

The issue of imperviousness was thoroughly reviewed as part of the recent Diagrammatic Plan Amendment (DPA) to the Traville site. The M-NCPPC sponsored a study of the Piney Branch SPA areas by ERM consultants (August, 2000) to assess the likely impact of development of Traville at approximately 33% imperviousness on the overall water quality of Piney Branch. This percentage was as reduction from the originally approved upper limit of 35%, due primarily to the significant use of structural parking on the Human Genome Sciences site.

The conclusion of the study was that the "Traville project, with the augmented, SPA-level BMP's and projected imperviousness, will likely result in fair stream conditions for the Piney Branch watershed within the subject property".

Current calculations for imperviousness at build-out for the Traville site is 32.75%, as presented in tabular form from the applicant on January 10, 2002 (attached). The cap applies to the entire site: not to individual site plans. Therefore, the Avalon Bay site plan does not necessarily have to be at or

below 33%. However, the site plan was carefully scrutinized to determine if additional impervious reductions were possible, which will also be done for each site plan or other regulatory review of the Traville plan.

B. Noise Impact Mitigation

Testimony on earlier plans and analysis by this applicant and others has documented the noise levels from quarry heavy truck traffic on Shady Grove Road. In response to the well-recognized conflict with both existing and proposed residential development, both the County Executive and the Planning Board have responded positively to the need to address the inherent compatibility conflict by controls at the source and receiver, respectively. The most dramatic improvement has been DPWT's action to reduce the speed limit along Shady Grove Road at night, which in turn has brought a clearly perceptible reduction in truck noise levels and improvement in the nighttime noise impact for nearby residences.

The Planning Board's role is to make all reasonable and feasible efforts to implement noise mitigation strategies to enhance compatibility for residential development along Shady Grove Road. The effort was outlined in a response to then-Council Chairman Ewing in a letter of November 20, 2001, and cited use of noise tolerant uses in the area of greatest impact; building orientation that provides barrier protection to portions of the site more distant; and acoustical treatment of the building facade. Given the interagency effort to deal with this issue, staff invited the director of the DEP noise program and a project manager from DPWT to actively participate in the noise related aspects of the site plan review.

The Avalon Bay apartments site plans use all of these techniques. On Lot #5, a more noise tolerant active recreation facility (swimming pool) is located along Shady Grove Road, and is designed to use the building structure and a noise wall to better isolate the users from Shady Grove Road noise, and further, to provide physical noise reduction and greater setback of residences from the roadway.

A building orientation on Lot #3 has attached units oriented linearly along Shady Grove Road to provide partial mitigation to residences beyond. However, this technique is only effective if the first rows of units are properly armored from truck noise.

Traditional noise standards do not adequate address the nighttime and peaked single event nature of the truck noise. Routine noise descriptors which average a short duration noise event over a longer period of time tend to underestimate the annoyance associated with such noise events. Even M-NCPPC noise compatibility guidelines do not fully characterize the extent of single event impacts with such peaked profiles, although the guidelines do use projected traffic levels and penalize nighttime noise. Staff recommended that affected units should achieve interior levels reflective of the single event intrusiveness of the trucks. The applicant has responded to this recommendation by noting that although nighttime truck noise levels are reduced because of the lower speed limit, they will keep the same acoustical treatment standards, thereby reducing the resulting interior level. The applicant's acoustical engineer has stated that with the "building elements meeting the required STC rating, interior noise levels of the proposed buildings will not exceed 45 dBA for single event truck passbys on Shady Grove Road." (Emphasis added by staff).

Use of acoustical treatment as a primary noise mitigation measure is not without several negative

effects, even at the higher level of protection provided by this applicant. The necessity of a closed window condition for effectiveness (with its inherent extra energy use), and the diminished quality of usefulness of the impacted exterior spaces are unavoidable byproducts of the use of acoustical treatment. However, the ultimate staff position acknowledged the inherent compromise with the focus on neotraditional development and the limited space for development outside environmentally sensitive areas. Ultimately, staff cannot disagree with the gist of the testimony provided on truck noise, its intrusiveness, and its impact on the use of outdoor spaces. However, the implemented nighttime speed limit reduction, and the solution recommended by staff for this site recognized the many design objectives to be achieved on this site, and maximized the available but limited options for achieving noise compatible development.

C. Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species (RTE's)

Upon intensive queries from staff, the applicant's engineer mapped the extent of the serpentine conditions on Avalon Bay. (Memo from Ed Wallington to Laura Bachle, Nov. 16, 1999 inclusive of report from Engineering Consulting Services, Inc). The applicant demonstrated that the serpentine conditions occur only to a limited extent on Lot 3 (an average of 120 feet from Shady Grove Road) and the only wetland/spring area on the serpentine occurs in an area already heavily damaged by gypsy moth.

As part of the reconfirmation of the preliminary water quality plan for Traville as part of the Diagrammatic Plan Amendment (Planning Board, March 8,2001), the Board approved language which addresses the RTE issue and states, "the applicant should consider incorporating reasonable measures into site designs for protecting the high concentrations of RTE species identified on the property. In recognition of previous tradeoffs, this condition does not support modifications to the previously approved Concept Plan or any reductions of density on the Traville site." This condition was intended to specifically address the issue of RTE on the Avalon Bay Apartments on Lot #3: therefore, no further changes to the plan since the "highest concentration" had been protected in the area north of Shady Grove Road. Staff will examine remaining site plans for opportunities to protect migrating areas of krigia (specifically, the former park site north of the curve on Shady Grove Road) through possible inclusion in the open space system.

D. Forest Conservation

Forest conservation for the entire Traville site was accomplished in accordance with the forest conservation plan approved with Preliminary Plan #1-97022. This site contributes a significant portion of the preserved high priority forest, as wells as large areas of afforestation (surrounding development on Lot #5) and environmental enhancement areas, where existing forest will be "enhanced" through management of invasives and other management measures intended to improve the quality of the forest resource.

3. CITIZEN ISSUES

The representatives of the Willows Subdivision or "WANCA" have been involved with the review of Avalon Bay Apartments since their first submittal. They have met with staff and commented on this site plan citing the following concerns:

- The spur at the intersection of Darnestown Road and Shady Grove Road will not function properly and the trucks have rutted Shady Grove Road already.
- The dumpster (trash compactor) within Parcel A should be relocated further away from Willows residents.
- The open space path system should utilize wooden boardwalks in the environmental areas
- Not enough recreation for adults within the Avalon Bay community- propose tennis courts by Calabash Court (would require removal of units)
- Too many apartments, sector plan recommended too many residential units for an area like this
- Need high speed internet access to allow apartment residents telecommute
- Increase tree save areas internally
- Add screening at boundary by Calabash;
- Need to determine the Storm Water Management coordination (maintenance and public access) with the existing ponds within the Willows Subdivision and the Traville Conservancy (the traffic and maintenance group for Traville projects)
- Modify acoustical treatment of front line units on Shady Grove Road to include all units
- Desire to work with Parks Department on the new park on Willow Tree Drive

The Applicant has addressed most of the concerns of the citizens as is possible within the venue of a site plan approval. Concerns about off- site traffic improvements and sector plan recommendations cannot be addressed at this stage of approval. The dumpster has been moved to another location, boardwalks are included with the paths in the environmental areas, recreation needs are in full compliance with the Planning Board's Recreation Guidelines (the applicant has provided basketball and other active sport opportunities within the club house), the option to have high speed internet access is supplied to every unit (Category 5 wiring for phone and data is run to each unit in a central home box), tree save areas are difficult to create in areas internal to the site due to the topography and preservation of the environmental areas, acoustical treatment for the front line of units on Shady Grove Road has been provided and coordination on the SWM pond issues of maintenance and access have begun.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Site Description

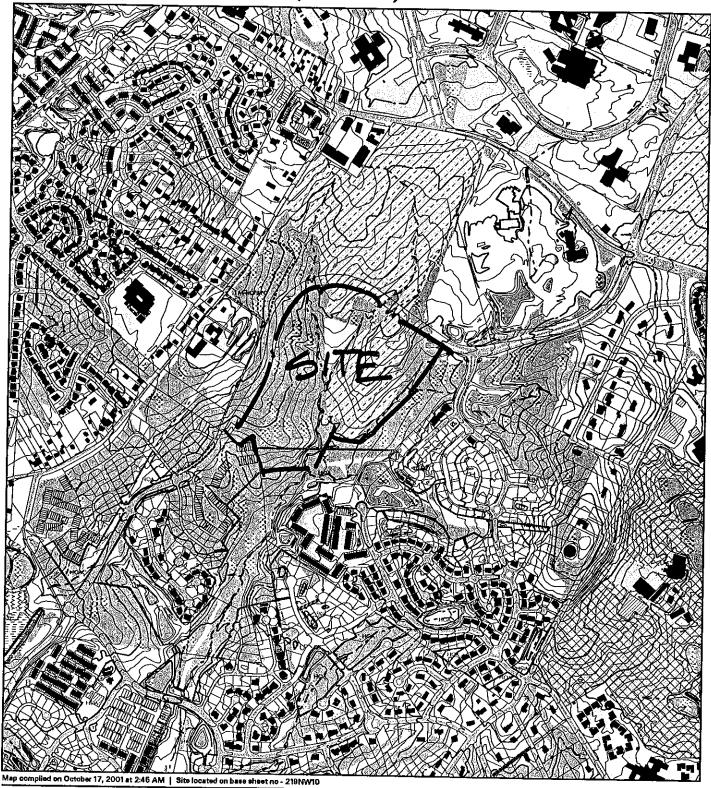
Parcel "A" is the westernmost parcel of the Avalon Bay proposal, bounded by two open space areas. The area of development is level, open area. The surrounding environmental areas to the north and south fall away to stream valleys and partially wooded areas.

Parcel "B", west of Parcel "A," is partially clear and the topography drops down to stream valleys with a large forested area associated with the stream valley. Storm Water Management Facilities and open space paths are located within this area.

Parcel "C" is heavily wooded and contains seeps and small intermittent streams. The topography slopes down from Shady Grove Road to the east. A large forest associated with the stream valley predominates the site with several specimen trees. The westernmost portion of the site is underlain with serpentine rock with a shallow overburden of soil.

Parcel "D" is an open space area that includes wooded areas, open areas, stream valleys and SWM areas. It is located between the two developed areas of the Avalon Bay Site Plan.

TRAVILLE, AVALON BAY (8-99050A)



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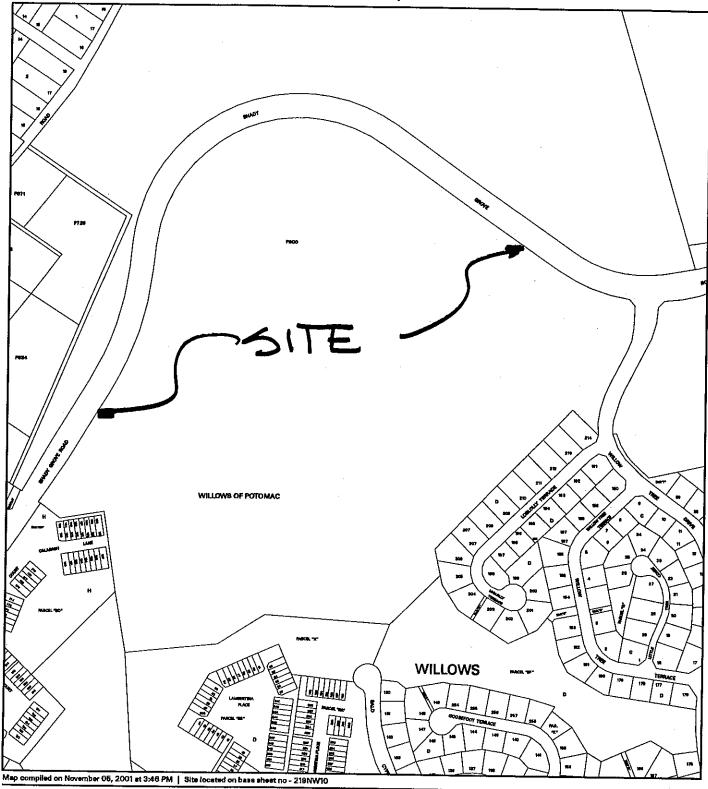






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TRAVILLE - AVALON BAY (8-99050A)



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MONTGOMERY COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PARK AND PLANNING
THE MARYLAND NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION









PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposal

Overview: This proposal is designed to create a community that allows for an enhanced pedestrian experience, thus allowing future resident to participate fully in the mixed-use development within Traville. Each unit faces a street or court and the path system allows for pedestrian access to throughout the proposed project or to adjoining development for retail, employment, and education and recreation opportunities. The housing units have been designed to be compatible with nearby housing through its massing and use of materials.

Layout and Housing Design: The proposed site plan is divided into two parcels that are divided by green spaces and environmental areas. The units are sited in a grid pattern consistent with the neo-traditional practices of neighborhood design. The blocks allow for an attractively designed sidewalk and street tree patterns for the major streets. Common green areas are sited to allow for visibility and use throughout the community. Each of the two different parcels include a formal entry drive, which allows for clear orientation when inside the project. The unit design allows at grade level parking bays in the back of the unit. One parking space is located under the unit and the second parking space is immediately behind. This feature removes most parking from the major streets where parallel parking is provided thus creating an attractive streetscape.

The Clubhouse/Leasing Center is located on Shady Grove Road immediately opposite the entrance to the Traville Retail site plan. The building design includes an attractive brick façade and large windows. The facilities within the Clubhouse include an outdoor swimming pool, half-court basketball/volleyball court, fitness center, business center (with computers, copiers and fax machine), resident lounge and kitchen facilities. Along side the Clubhouse, the streetscape and entry pier treatment has been designed to tie into the retail street and the intersection, thus creating a node that enhances orientation to the project. A sign for the Avalon Bay project will be located at the entrance in front of the Clubhouse.

The proposed apartments include several different unit types that are two and three stories tall. The multifamily units are assembled in such a way that the resultant building form is reminiscent of a single home or town home. The townhomes have a recessed facade and a "Charleston porch" (side orientation). One unit has a central door that resembles the entrance to a single family detached home. All units have a variety of building materials and window and door trim. The rear porches provided for some units will be immediately above the tandem parking spaces.

Units within Lot 5 are located over 600 feet from the boundary of the Willows subdivision adjacent to Willow Tree Drive. In the Calabash Lane area, the four unit groups are setback 45 feet and 95 feet from the closest unit in the adjacent townhouse area. Adjoining Willow Tree Drive, a natural buffer remains as a buffer. In the Calabash Lane area, an evergreen hedge of Leyland Cypress (double row) has been proposed.

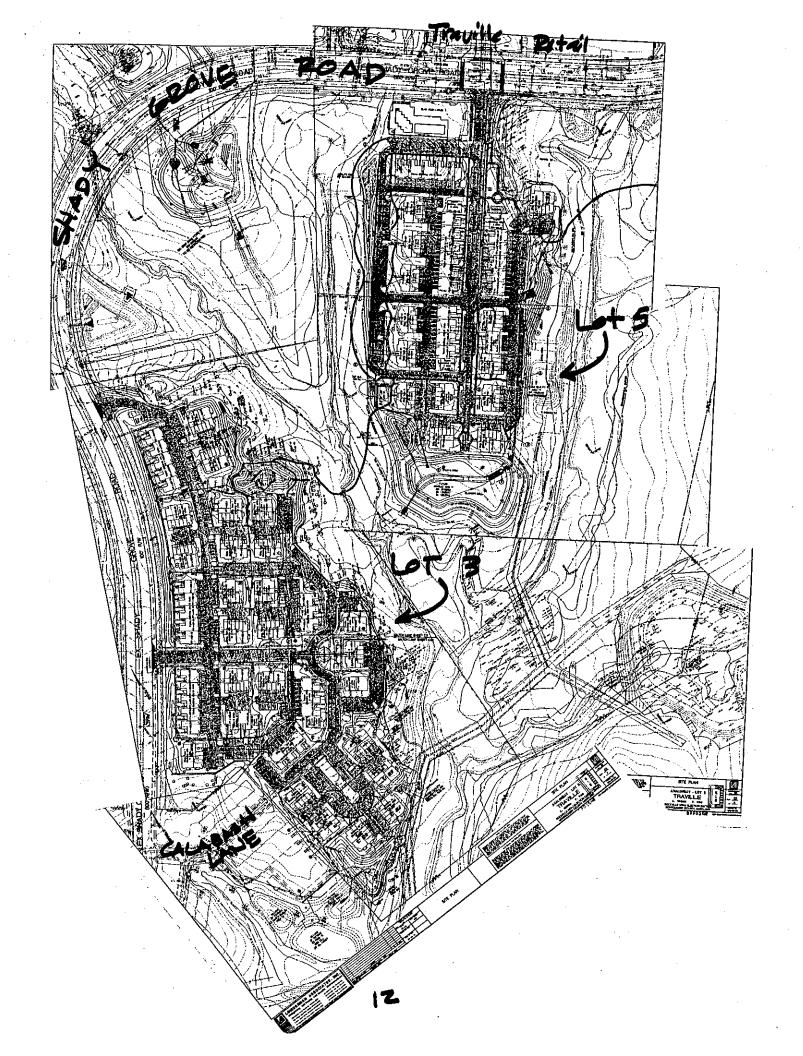
Circulation: The vehicular entrances are characterized by the piers on either side of the entry drives, thus marking an entry and tying them into the design theme established for Traville overall with other projects. Each parcel includes an internal loop that allows for easy drop off to the centrally loaded dumpster. Parking areas are dispersed through the housing. The pedestrian system extends along each street on one or two sides, linking internal spaces to the public streets and to the retail, employment, recreational, educational and transit uses near the sites. Within the open spaces, a paved path will extend from Lot 3 to Lot 5 (connecting the two parcels of Avalon Bay) and an

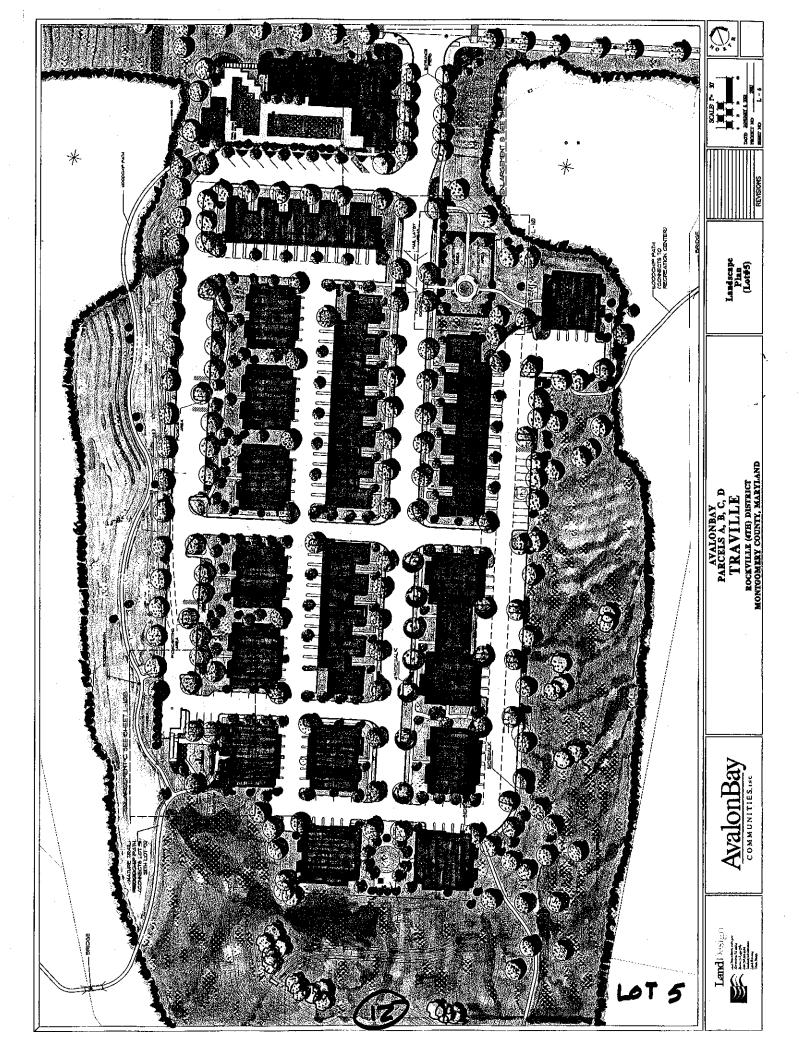
additional asphalt path will connect from Lot 5 to the M-NCPPC Park at Willow Tree Drive. Wooden boardwalks will connect the paths through the wetland areas.

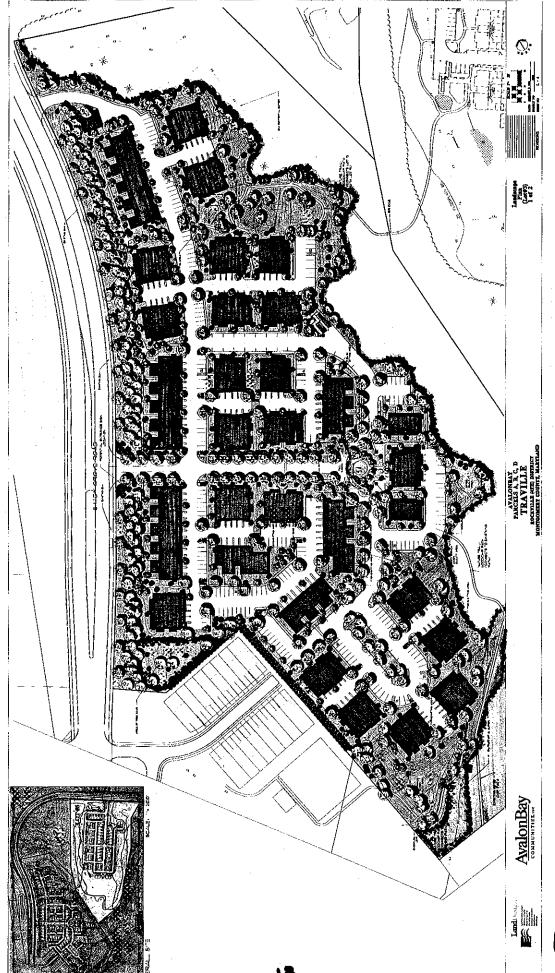
Recreation: In addition to the facilities associated with the Clubhouse, the project proposes two tot lots (one within each section), numerous sitting areas and a natural path system that includes wooden boardwalks when they cross environmental areas.

Landscaping and Lighting: Landscaping includes: the internal streets are landscaped with street trees and flowering or evergreen tree accents, detailed foundation plantings for each unit; screen planting for parking courts; shade trees around sitting areas. Screen plantings are placed around the trash compactor and a double row of Leyland cypress are placed between this site and the existing townhomes within "The Willows" at Calabash Lane. Additional street trees have been place along the frontage of Lot 3 at Shady Grove Road to enhance the buffer to the project. Lighting for the project includes decorative light fixtures that provide a .9 and .7 footcandles to each parcel respectively. Further review is needed to review the location of house shields to reduce light trespass into the apartments. Street tree planting along Shady Grove Road is provided with the earlier approved Traville Streets Only Site Plan.

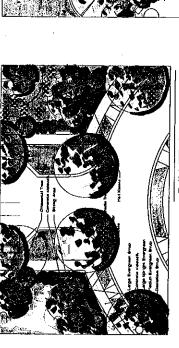
Stormwater management: SWM consists of quantity control via off-site ponds coupled with on-site dry ponds. Quality control is to be provided on-site via recharge/infiltration trenches, surface sand filters, water quality inlets, and vegetated buffers.



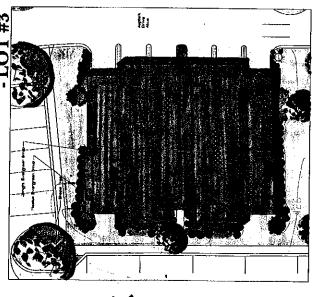




LOT 3



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-LOT #3



AvalonBay COMMUNITIES INC

Land Design

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PARCELS A, B, C, D
TRAVILLE
ROCKVILLE (4TB) DISTRICT
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAN



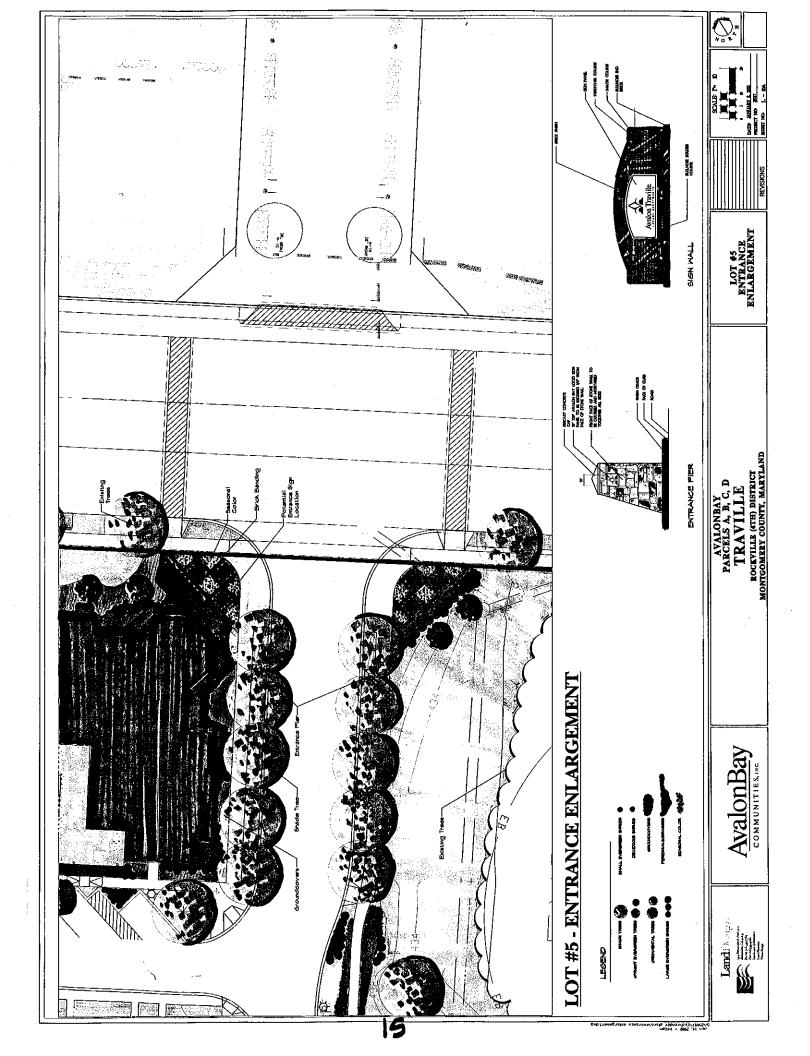
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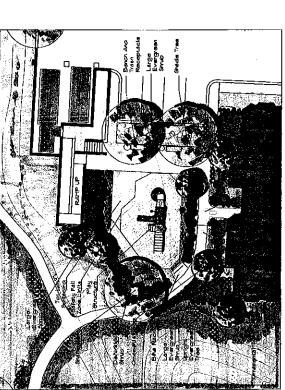
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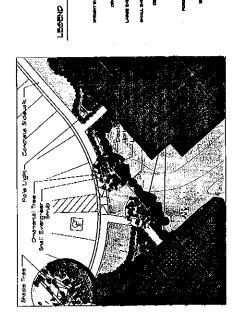
AvalonBay

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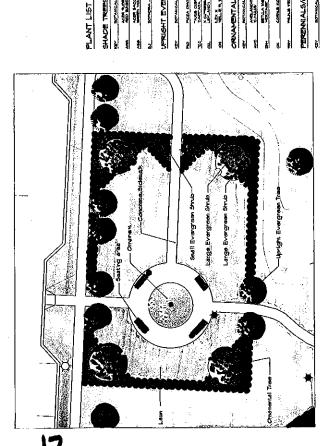
ROCKVILLE (4TH) DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND AVALONBAY PARCELS A, B, C, D TRAVILLE

Lot #5 Compactor and Tot Lot Plans

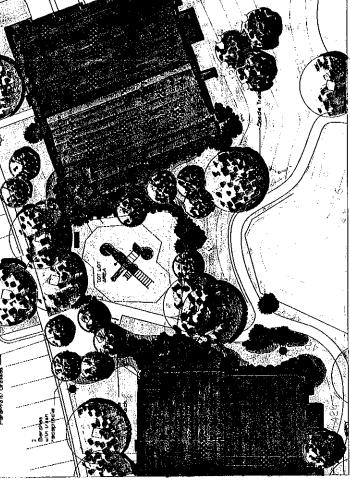




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FEATURE GARDEN - LOT #5



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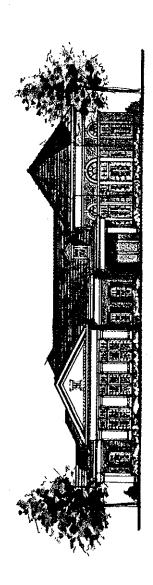
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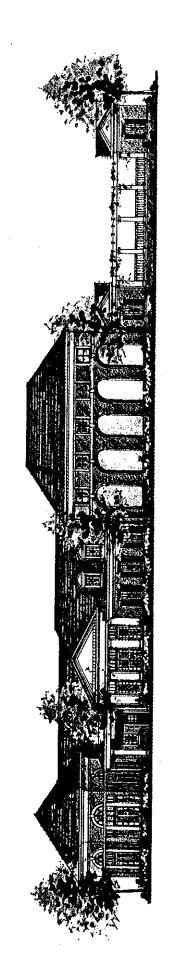
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AvalonBay Land

PARCELS A, B, C, D
TRAVILLE

ROCKVILLE (4TH) DISTRICT MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND





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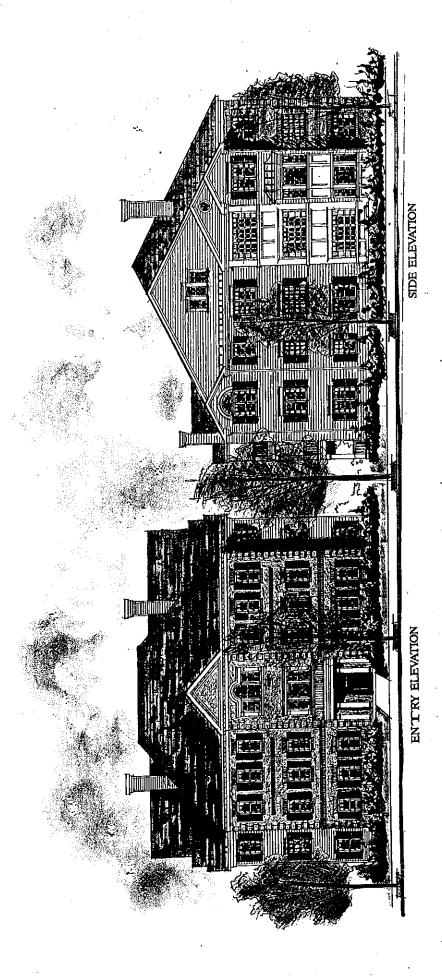
ELEVATIONS
ELESSARD ARCHITECTURAL GROUP INC.

18

DATEFEBRUARY 16,1999 DATE: DEC.18, 1998

TRAVILLE APARTMENT

FRONT ELEVATION TOWNHOUSE



AVILLE APARTMENTS

BUILDING #1

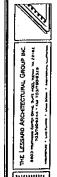
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THE LESSARD ARCHITECTURAL, GROUP INC.

AVALON BAY COMMUNITIES

DATEFEBRUARY 16,1999 DECEMBER 18, 1998 DATE: DEC 15, 1996





THE ESSAND ARCHITECTURA, GROUP INC.

SIDE ELEVATION

BUILDING #1 BREEZEWAY ELEVATION

AVALON BAY COMMUNITIES

DATE:FEBRUARY 16,1999 DECEMBER 18, 1996 DATE: DEC 15, 1998

SIDE ELEVATION ENTRY ELEVATION

BUILDING #3

THE LESSAND ARCHITECTURAL GROUP INC.

RESPONDE ALTO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

AVALON BAY COMMUNITIES

DATE:FEBRUARY 16,1999 DECEMBER 18, 1998 DATE: DEC. 15, 1998



AVALON BAY COMMUNITIES

BUILDING #3 BREEZEWAY ELEVATION

SIDE ELEVATION

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Prior Approvals and their Status.

The following is a brief history of the Traville property.

On July 2, 1996, the District Council approved Local Map Amendment (G-718) for a zoning change from the R-200 and R-200/TDR Zones to the MXN Zone. A Diagrammatic Plan accompanied the requested zoning change and was also approved. That original diagrammatic plan proposed a conference center; a village center; office and research; a community park; day care center; health club; community center; and a variety of housing types as well as an overall maximum amount of 1.5 million square feet for non-residential uses and maximum of 750 dwelling units for the site. A copy of the technical staff report and District Council opinion for rezoning application G-718 is contained in the Appendix .

In November 1996, the County Council adopted and approved an amendment to the Gaithersburg and Vicinity Master Plan that deleted the right-of-way for the transitway to serve this site. Based on a series of consultant studies, it was determined that increased bus service as well as a bus loop on the existing roadways in the area could provide mass transit opportunities for future employees and residents of the Traville property.

On September 11, 1997, the Planning Board approved Preliminary Plan 1-97022 for 6 lots consisting of 750 multi-family dwelling units and 750,000 square feet of mixed commercial/employment/development on the 192 acre Traville property.

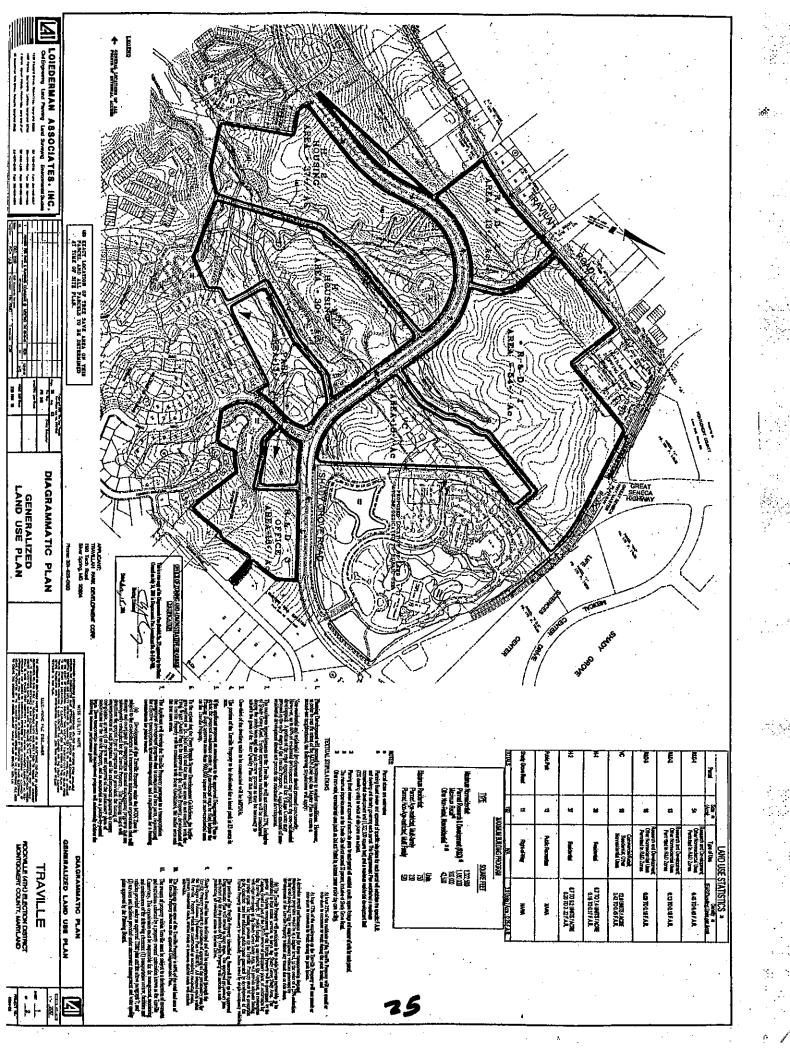
The North Bethesda-Garrett Park Master Plan (1997) recommended a conference center in the White Flint area of the County. In June, 1998, the County Council approved local map amendment (G-745) to rezone property in North Bethesda and place a conference center on the site. This action effectively removed and relocated the proposed conference center on the Traville property to North Bethesda.

On January 21, 1999, the Planning Board approved a phasing plan for the phased recordation of lots associated with the Traville property. The amount of non-residential square footage was limited to 750,000 square feet per approved Preliminary Plan 1-97022.

In August 1999, the applicant submitted a revised Diagrammatic Plan Amendment (DPA-00-1) to delete the conference center from the Traville property and replace it with a health club. The applicant withdrew this amendment on October 5, 2000.

On July 27, 2000, The Planning Board recommended approval of an overall concept plan for the entire Traville property. The concept plan provided a coordinated approach to development and uses on the entire site. The plan recommended several changes in location to approved uses and the deletion of the approved conference center. A copy of the concept plan report is available with the Planning Board offices or within the staff file (for public access).

On August 15, 2001, the County Council approved the Diagrammatic Plan Amendment. It provided for the deletion of the conference center, the relocation of the housing, R&D and park areas and the adjustment of the square footage. The DPA and the conditions follow.



TEXTUAL STIPULATIONS

TRAVILLE DAA. 678-A

- 1. Planning Development will proceed in response to market conditions. However, in order to meet the intent of the MXN Zone and the Master Plan to create a mixed-use neighborhood, the following stipulations will apply:
 - Non-residential and residential development should proceed concurrently. However, up to 60% of residential development may precede the non-residential development.
 - A portion of the retail component of the Village Center may proceed in the early stages of the Traville Property.
 - A significant amount of non-residential development should not precede the residential development.
- 2. The maximum imperviousness on the Traville site will not exceed 33%, inclusive of Shady Grove Road. Further imperviousness reductions will be considered during the subdivision and site plan review process as may be necessary to achieve the goals of the Water Quality Plan for this project.
- 3. One-third of the dwelling units to be constructed will be MPDUs.
- 4. The portion of the Traville Property to be dedicated for a local park is 13 acres in size.
- 5. If the applicant proposes an amendment to the approved Diagrammatic Plan to delete the proposed conference center, the Amendment must be filed before the Planning Board approves more than 900,000 square feet of non-residential uses on the Traville Property.
- 6. To the extent that the Piney Branch Sewer Development Guidelines, the buffer area outlined on Ex. 36(a) and (b) and the tree save areas do not conflict with the Final Water Quality Plan to be approved for the Traville Property, development of the Traville Property will be consistent with those Guidelines, the buffer area and the tree save areas.
- 7. The Applicant will develop the Traville Property pursuant to a transportation management development program that is comprised of two parts, requirement for effective transportation demand management, and a requirement for a funding commitment for public transit:
 - (a) Development of the Traville Property under the MXN Zone is subject to the establishment of a transportation management organization that will manage and coordinate all transportation demand management programs that are subsequently established for the Traville Property. The Planning Board will determine the specific type of programs to be provided, the timing of implementation of such programs, and the enforcement measures to ensure

compliance, as part of its review and approval of the preliminary plans of subdivisions for the Traville Property, and as measured on a parcel-by-parcel basis. These transportation demand management programs will substantially achieve the following minimum goals:

At least 25% of the residents of the Traville Property will use transit or ride-share to commute to work during the peak hours; and

At least 12% of the employees on the Traville Property will use transit or ride-share to commute to work during the peak hours.

A desirable overall performance goal for these transportation demand management programs would be at a higher level, in the order of a 25% reduction in the total peak-hour trips by single-occupancy vehicles generated by development of the Traville Property without any transit use or ride share.

- (b) The Traville Property will participate in the public/private partnership to be established to fund transit services to serve the Shady Grove Study Area. The amount of funding commitment for the Traville Property will be determined by the Planning Board as part of the APFO review of preliminary plans of subdivision for the Traville Property. If public funding is unavailable, the Applicant, in conjunction with other developers in the Shady Grove Study Area, will provide adequate funding for public transit. The funding amount for the Traville Property must be in proportion to the identified need for additional public transit generated by development of the Traville Property and necessary to substantially reduce travel by single-occupancy vehicles.
- 8. The portion of the Traville Property identified as Bancroft Road on the approved Diagrammatic Plan will remain as open space. The approved preliminary plan and record plat for this portion of the Traville Property will include a note prohibiting all vehicular access to Marian Drive.
- 9. Shady Grove Road has been dedicated and will be constructed through the Traville Property pursuant to a condition of approval of the preliminary plan for the Willows of Potomac (Preliminary Plan #1-88187). All internal roads within the Traville Property which are constructed as secondary residential roads, primary residential roads, arterial roads or business district roads will include sidewalks.
- 10. The minimum green area of the Traville Property is 60% of the total land area of the Traville Property shown on the approved Diagrammatic Plan.
- 11. The owners of property within Traville must be subject to a declaration of covenants and restrictions enforced by a property owners' association known as the Traville Conservacy. This organization must be responsible for the management, monitoring and maintenance of the following elements: (1) transportation review, facilities and vehicles provided under an approved TDM plan and the above paragraph 7; and (2)

services and facilities provided under stormwater management and water quality plans approved by the Planning Board.

TRAVILLE SITE PLANS #8-02018 AND #8-99050A CONFORMANCE TO THE DIAGRAMMATIC PLAN AMENDMENT

Amended	1) Phasing:	2) Max	3) One		nter	6) Conform	7) TMD	(8	6	10)	11)
Diagrammatic	Max. 60%	imperv-	Third	Park 13	delete by	to PBS Dev	with	Bancroft	Shady	Min	Mbr
Plan	residential to	ious	MPDU's	acres	·	Guidelines,	Traffic	Rd to be	Grove	green	s of
Amendment -	precede	33%				buffer are	Demand	oben	Road	area	Trav
· .	comm.	(63.31				and tree	mgmt	space	red'd	%09	ille
	Signif.	ac gross	٠,			save	and	·	w/PP:	Jo	Con
	amonnt of	total)					funding		Internal	gross	serv
	comm.not to			•			for public		roads to)	ancy
	precede		-				transit		public		•
	resid.								stds		
Site Plan	230,000 sf	3.56 ac	74% of	See Site	Per DPA	Yes	Yes per	Open	Side-	2.5	Yes
# 8-02018	Jo	- (3	250	plan			Prelim	space	walks/	ac	
Gardens of	750,000*sf	. 1 3a.	req'd	-8 #			Plan	4	St trees	2.1%	
Traville	of housing	<u>-</u>	 - 	99047A					uo	of	
	to follow	٠ <u>٠</u> .	- .						internal	total	
	comm.	÷ ,						•	streets	reg'd	
Site Plan	520,000 sf	14.4 ac	26% of	***	Per DPA	Yes	Yes per	Open	Side-	51.8	Yes
# 8-99050A	of		250	See Site			Prelim	Space	walks/	ac	
Avalon Bay	750,000* sf	, 12.1€	reg'd	plan			Plan		St trees	44.9	
Apts	of housing			-8#			•••		uo	% of	
	to follow	-		99047A			•		internal	total	
	commercial								streets	req'd	

* $(750 \text{ du}) \times (1,000 \text{ sf per du}) = 750,000 \text{ sf for residential per } 59\text{-C-}7.74.1 (c)$.

ANALYSIS: Conformance to Master Plan

The Approved and Adopted Shady Grove Study Area Master Plan (1990) is the guiding document for planning the Traville projects. The County Council approved a recent amendment to the Diagrammatic Plan on August 15, 2001 that does the following:

- Delete the Executive Conference Center
- Reduce the non-residential development from 1,500,000 square feet to 1,322,000 square feet
- Changes the location of the approved housing, local park, and a portion of the research and development uses.

These revisions to the Diagrammatic Plan Amendment conform to the guidelines in the Shady Grove Study Area Master Plan. The following paragraphs discuss the Master Plan conformance

Mix of Uses – The Avalon Bay site plan maintains the residential component within the mix uses as permitted in the Textural Stipulations approved by the County Council in the original Diagrammatic Plan. The mix of uses combine with other proposed site plans which will include research and development, retail, elderly housing, daycare and open spaces as specified in the Master Plan.

<u>Land Use Pattern</u> – The master plan calls for "more dense development within this area be within one mile of MD Route 28 so as to be easily served by feeder busses when Metro becomes operational in this area." The Avalon Bay site plan provides 520 of the 750 multifamily dwelling units recommended for residential uses in the Diagrammatic Plan.

<u>Proposed Development Guidelines</u> – The Avalon Bay site plan conforms to the development guidelines described in the Shady Grove Study Area Master Plan.

- The retail center will be located to provide a strong connection to the transit system.
- Neighborhood design elements included in the Master Plan on page 28 are provided with this site plan by: providing street oriented buildings and the proximity to open spaces and interconnecting streets.
- The Avalon Bay Site Plan is part of a series of site plans that include an open space system that retains forest area, preserves wetlands, and maintains the extensive stream buffers originally approved in the Diagrammatic Plan.
- The proposed Diagrammatic Plan Amendment includes a road system that connects the development to the Center for Advanced Research and Bio-technology (CARB) of the University of Maryland and to an internal street that connects to the proposed retail center. The Avalon Bay Site Plan includes a comprehensive system of pathways and sidewalks that provides easy and convenient pedestrian access to all portions of the development, to adjoining projects and to the transit system as required in the Master Plan

CONFORMANCE TO THE MXN ZONE

59-C-7.7. Mixed use neighborhood.

59-C-7.71. Objectives and Purpose

The specific purposes of the zone are:

- (a) To provide for an integrated mix of uses:
 - (1) A diversity of dwelling unit types;
 - (2) A diversity of commercial, research and development and institutional
 - (3) Adequate open space for both active and passive recreation ...that encourages interaction among the occupants of both.
- (b) To provide for access to these uses via a circulation system and pattern that encourages travel on foot and by bicycle within the neighborhood ... use of public transit...
- (c) To provide... for integration of residential uses with commercial, research and development, or institutional uses.
- (d) To ensure compatibility of residential and nonresidential uses on-site by providing a suitable residential environment enhanced by the amenities of the nonresidential components.
- (e) To establish land use and design standards that will ensure compatibility with surrounding uses.
- (f) establish standards and procedures through which the land use objectives and guidelines of an approved and adopted master or sector plan serve as the basis for evaluating an individual multi-use neighborhood proposal.

#8-02018 Gardens	#8-99050A Av Bay
N/a	N/a
Other SP	Other SP.
On site	On site
Sidewalk & bike paths connect	Sidewalk and sitting areas
Open space and SW connect	Open Space and SW connect
Park, landscaping and sidewalks	Park, landscaping and sidewalks
Landscape, setbacks, on-site amenities, ped connects	Landscape, setbacks, on-site amenities, ped connects
Conform to Shady Grove Sector Plan	Conform to Shady Grove Sector Plan

#8-02018

#8 000504

(g) To authorize development that is consistent or may be shown to be consistent with applicable laws, regulations and restrictions addressing environmental protection.

59-C-7.72. Where applicable.

59-C-7.721. Master plan. Land classified in the Mixed Use Neighborhood Zone must be located in an area for which an approved and adopted master or sector plan recommends multi-use development at a neighborhood scale.

59-C-7.722. Minimum area.

... an area of at least twenty (20) acres,...

59-C-7.723. Location.

...Mixed Use Neighborhood Zone must be located adjacent to and readily accessible from an existing or planned arterial road, major highway, limited access public transit facility or corridor

59-C-7.73. Permitted uses and their locations.

The intent of this zone is to provide a mix of uses in close proximity-to each other... A mix of uses in each neighborhood is encouraged to reduce the dependence on automobile travel and encourage pedestrian and bicycle travel. ...

59-C-7.731. Residential.

Any type of dwelling unit defined by Section A-2.1. as well as any use accessory thereto, is allowed, subject to all of the following provisions:

(a) The location and mix of types must be consistent with the recommendations and guidelines of the relevant approved and adopted master or sector plan..

#8-02018	#8-99050A
Gardens	Av Bay
SPA, Dia.Plan, PP, Site Plan	SPA, Dia.Plan, PP, Site Plan
Site Zoned MXN	Site Zoned MXN
192 acres total	192 acres total
Shady Grove Rd, Great Seneca Hwy, S.G Metro, transit center	Shady Grove Rd, Great Seneca Hwy, S.G Metro, transit center
Adjacent to retail, employ, institution	Adjacent to retail, employ, institution
High density recommended	High density recommended

				# 8-02018 Gardens	# 8- 99050A Av Bay
(b)	A re	siden use	tial use may be intermixed with a nonresidential or uses in the same block, lot or building.	Adjacent to retail	N/A
	(c)	provallo	v special exception use allowed in a dwelling unit, as wided by Divisions G-1 and G-2, and any registered use wed in a dwelling unit, as provided by Section A-6.1 or .10 may be allowed as follows:	N/A	N/A
	(a)	read	ations must be concentrated in areas lily served by public transit, ride-sharing, for transportation management programs.	Conforms	Conforms
		(1)	For a one-family detached dwelling unit, the R-60 Zone, as provided in Section C-1-31;	N/A	N/A
		(2)	For a one-family attached or semidetached dwelling unit or a townhouse, the RT-6 Zone, as provided in Section C-1.71; or	Conforms	Conforms
		(3)	For a multi-family dwelling unit, the R-30 Zone, as provided in Sec. C-2.3.	Conforms	Conforms
A special exception use that is within a dwelling units subordinate to its residential use does not need to appear on the diagrammatic Plan required by Paragraph (d), below. A site plan amendment may be required if the dwelling unit is enlarged or significantly remodeled to accommodate the special exception.			rdinate to its residential use does not need to appear on iagrammatic Plan required by Paragraph (d), below. A plan amendment may be required if the dwelling unit is ged or significantly remodeled to accommodate the	N/A	N/A
		types Plan	general locations and preliminary classification of of dwelling units must be shown on a diagrammatic approved by the District Council in accordance with rovisions of Division D-4.	Conforms	Confroms
9-C-	7.732	. Cor	nmercial/research and development.		

Any use allowed in the C-1, ...or the R&D Zone,

N/A

N/A

59-C-7.74. Density of development.

59-C-7.741. Maximum density of development.

The maximum overall floor area ratio (FAR) for total development on the tract as a whole must not exceed 0.3, calculated on the gross tract area, provided this does not exceed the density recommended by the relevant approved and adopted master or sector plan.

·	
# 8-02018 Gardens	# 8- 99050A Av Bay
Conforms See chart	Conforms See chart
	·

59-C-7.7	5. Compatibility and design standards.	8-02018	8-99050A	7
and ado con on c	uses must conform to the recommendations guidelines of the relevant approved and pted master or sector plan. Uses must be appatible with existing or planned development or adjacent to the site. To assist in achieving	Yes, see DPA and site plans	Yes, See DPA and site plans	
but crea	s compatibility the following standards apply, compliance does not, in and of itself, ate a presumption of compatibility. 51. Setbacks and height.			
(a)	Any multiple-family dwellings,. Townhouse or one-family attached dwelling unit on land classified in the MXN zone adjoining or confronting an area of existing or planned one-family detached residential zoning and use must be set back a minimum of one hundred (100) feet from the tract boundary of the Mixed Use Neighborhood.	690 feet	N/A	
(b)	Any nonresidential building on land classified in the MXN zone adjoining or confronting an area of existing or planned residential zoning and use must be set back a minimum of one hundred (100) feet from the tract boundary of the Mixed Use Neighborhood.	N/A	N/A	
(c)	No building is allowed to be constructed to a height greater than its setback from the tract boundary of the Mixed Use Neighborhood, if the adjoining land is in an area of existing, or planned one-family detached residential zoning	35 ft bldg w/ 100 ft setback at western boundary	N/A,	
(d)	A building devoted primarily to retail or general office use must be oriented toward the street on which it fronts, with off-street parking kept to a minimum between the building and the front lot line, except as provided in Section C-7.772.	N/A	N/A	
59-C-7.75	2. External access and internal circulation.			
	the internal vehicular circulation system must follow a pattern of intersecting street			
	35			

			8-02018 Gardens	8-99050A Av Bay
		provide alternative routes. l-de sacs are discouraged but not prohibited.	Loop road and connector streets	Blocks, cross streets
(b)	road This bus	nts of external access and alignments of internal dways must facilitate use of public transit. It is may include rights-of-way sufficient for pull-outs and bus shelters, as well as transit ements on private streets.	Streets connect apts to transit ctr	Streets connect transit ctr and bus stops
(c)	syst wall	omprehensive pedestrian and bicycle circulation em must link all uses, with the intent of minimizing king distances and reducing dependence on the private emobile for internal travel and external access; and ude:		
	(1)	Pedestrian sidewalks within the rights-of-way of all roadways built to secondary or higher standards;	Sidewalks present all streets and adj to streets	Sidewalks present all streets and adj to streets
	(2)	Pedestrian pathways and bikeways within open space areas in addition to the sidewalks when consistent with environmental criteria; and	Path system within Park	Paths connect to open space
-	(3)	Safe and convenient access to retail and service uses, community and public facilities, public transit and carpool/vanpool services.	Via sidewalk and path connections	Via sidewalk and path connections
				·

59-C-7.753. Public facilities and utilities.

- (a) The provision of facilities and necessary dedications or easements must be consistent with those recommended for the site by the relevant approved and adopted master or sector plan.
- (b) All utility lines must be placed underground.
- (c)Street lighting must be provided in accordance with the site plan be provided in accordance with the site plan approved by the Planning Board.

59-C-7.754. Internal compatibility.

Compatibility of uses and development will be determined in the course of site plan approval, which must be consistent with the approved diagrammatic plan.

59-C-7.76. Green area and public use space requirements.

The minimum amount of green area is as specified in Section C-7.761, except that comparable amenities or facilities for public use and enjoyment may be provided instead of green area if the Planning Board determines that these amenities or facilities are sufficient to accomplish the purposes of the zone and would be more beneficial to the Mixed Use Neighborhood than strict adherence to the specific green area requirement. This include the following:

- (a) Within the commercial/research and development area, a plaza for public use where feasible;
- (b) Within the residential area, a public park or common open space suitable for active or passive recreation within a reasonable walking distance of any area devoted to multiple-family or one-family attached dwelling units or townhouses; and

#8-02018	#8-99050A
Gardens	Av Bay
yes	yes
Yes	Yes
Yes, including parking lot lighting	Yes, including parking lot lighting
As shown on the DP See chart	As shown on the DP See chart
See chart	See Chart
N/A	N/A
Park and open space trail will provide for residents	Natural open spaces, tot lot, clubhouse, sitting areas
<u> </u>	

must

(c)		hin the tract area as a whole, integration of ye and passive spaces so located as to encourage	#8-02018 Gardens	#8-99050A Av Bay
	joir	at use by employees and residents, subject se following criteria:		
		C	Adj to open	
	(1)	Active open spaces include large open play fields, local parks, and small recreation areas.	spacesat HGS and town square	Adj to open spaces
	(2)	Passive open space areas are primarily located near neighborhood boundaries and preserve natural features such as trees and small streams.	Adj to HGS	Env
				AreasSitting areas
	(3)	Active and passive open spaces isolated from neighborhoods are discouraged.	Access to HGS open space	Direct path connections to all
			space	to an
· ·				
		nimum Requirement. Fifty (50) percent (Green al tract area of the Mixed Use Neighborhood.	2.1%	51.8%
59-C-7.77.	Off-	street parking		
59-C-7.77 1	l. Re	quirement.		
with	the re	Parking must be provided in accordance equirements of Article E. Development is d to reduce parking wherever such reductions are	Parking reduced to fit TMD req'mts	Parking As req'd
59-C-7.772	2. Sur	face parking.	,	
off-str and c avoic	reet s comm l large	arrangement, and landscaping of urface parking for multiple-family dwellings ercial and industrial uses must be designed to e expanses of paved area. It must be located the street frontage and in the interior of the lot,	Located in interior of lot	Associated with buildings, bulk away from street

unless the Planning Board..

59-C-7.78. Development approvals required.

59-C-7.791. Diagrammatic Plan.

Application and diagrammatic Plan approval must be in accordance with Division D-4. Amendment of an approved diagrammatic plan must be in accordance with the amendment prescribed by Section D-1.7.

59-C-7.792. Site plan.

Site plan approval must be in accordance with the approved diagrammatic plan and the provisions of Division D-3.

#8-02018	#8-99050A
Gardens	Av Bay
Approved DPA	Approved DPA
Conforms	Conforms
to DPA	to DPA

Prior approvals: Preliminary Plan and Revised Preliminary Plan

On September 11, 1997, the Planning Board approved the preliminary plan of subdivision for the proposed development, Preliminary Plan 1-97022, with the following conditions:

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PLANNING BOARD

OPINION

Preliminary Plan 1-97022 NAME OF PLAN: TRAVILLE On 09-12-96, TRAVILLE PARTNERSHIP, submitted an application for the approval of a preliminary plan of subdivision of property in the MXN zone. The application proposed to create 6 lots on 192.10 ACRES of land. The application was designated Preliminary Plan 1-97022. On 09-11-97, Preliminary Plan 1-97022 was brought before the Montgomery County Planning Board for a public hearing. At the public hearing, the Montgomery County Planning Board heard testimony and received evidence submitted in the record on the application. Based upon the testimony and evidence presented by staff and on the information on the Preliminary Subdivision Plan Application Form attached hereto and made a part hereof, the Montgomery County Planning Board finds Preliminary Plan 1-97022 to be in accordance with the purposes and requirements of the Subdivision Regulations (Chapter 50, Montgomery County Code, as amended) and approves Preliminary Plan 1-97022, subject to the following conditions:

Approval for 750 Multi-Family Dwelling Units and 750,000 Square Feet of Mixed Commercial/Employment Development, Subject to the Following Conditions:

(1) Prior to recording of plats, enter into an adequate public facilities (APF) agreement with the Planning Board to limit development to a maximum of 750 multi-family dwelling units and 750,000 square feet of mixed commercial/employment development, and provide the necessary roadway improvements as identified in the 9-4-97 transportation division memorandum (Exhibit #1, attached) prepared by Park and Planning Department staff. Applicant must also agree to provide for payment of a pro rata share for any required APF roadway improvements, consistent with the applicant's APF phasing requirements, prior to release of any building permit, if the improvement has been constructed by another applicant with the same APF off-site requirement

This condition has been satisfied.

(2) Prior to submitting a site plan application, applicant to enter into agreement with Montgomery County to establish the transportation action partnership (TAP) as the

operating organization for the proposed transportation management district (TMD) for the greater Shady Grove Area.

This condition has been satisfied.

(3) Prior to record plat, applicant to enter into an agreement with the Planning Board to participate in a future transportation management district (TMD), share-a-ride district and/or other funding mechanism recommended for the Shady Grove Master Plan Study Area. The cost for such participation will be legislatively determined by the County Council when a district is enacted. Participation in a TMD may be approved in lieu of the transportation management organization required as part of the approved zoning diagrammatic plan. If a TMD is not enacted for the area, then the applicant must initiate a transportation management organization (TMO) that fully achieves the textual stipulations for a TMO approved as part of the MXN zoning

This condition has been satisfied by the applicant entering into a traffic mitigation agreement with the Planning Board and DPW&T.

(4) As part of the first site plan application for the commercial/employment area located north of the future extension of Shady Grove Road, the applicant must submit a concept plan for internal traffic and pedestrian circulation showing all proposed streets (both public and private). A determination will be made at the time of site plan whether the proposed streets are adequate for the amount of development proposed

This plan has been submitted and is being actively reviewed by staff.

(5) Compliance with the conditions of approval of the preliminary forest conservation plan. The applicant must meet all conditions prior to site plan approval or MCDPS issuance of sediment and erosion control permit, as appropriate

This condition has been satisfied.

(6) Approval of the preliminary water quality plan update subject to the conditions contained in the environmental memorandum prepared by staff of the Park and Planning Department

The Department of Permitting Services has approved their portion of the Final Water Quality Plan for the Special Protection Area on January \$\infty\$, 2001. Staff has presented their recommendations regarding the Planning Board's issues for review in this report.

(7) Applicant must comply with management plan recommendation for protection of "Krigia Dandelion" (State Endangered Species), any changes recommended by the Maryland Department of Natural Resources Forest, Wildlife and Heritage Service

This condition has been satisfied.

(8) Noise sensitive site design and/or noise mitigation to protect residential uses located along Shady Grove Road to be addressed at site plan

See previous discussion.

(9) Record plats to reflect delineation of conservation easements over any 100-year floodplain, wetlands and stream buffer

This condition has been satisfied.

(10) Dedicate at least 75 feet of right-of-way for MD Route 28, as measured from the center line of the existing road. Dedicate at least 35 feet of right-of-way for Travilah Road, as measured from the center line of the existing road. Dedicate 100 feet of right-of-way for Shady Grove Road extended through the site, as shown on plan

This condition has been satisfied.

(11) Access and improvements as required and approved by MCDPW&T and MDSHA, prior to recording of plats

This condition has been satisfied.

(12) Conditions of MCDPS stormwater management approval dated 2-6-96 and as updated on 5-28-97

This condition has been satisfied.

(13) Applicant must comply with all textual stipulations contained in the diagrammatic plan that was approved by the County Council, sitting as the District Council, as part of the approval of MXN Zoning for the property

See above for details of the plan's conformance to the Textual Stipulations.

(14) No clearing, grading or recording of lots prior to site plan approval

The site has been partially cleared and graded, the violation fine has been paid and reparations have been made.

(15) Provide necessary 10 foot public utilities easement adjacent and parallel with all public rights-of-way

This condition has been satisfied.

(16) Final number of dwelling units, the amount and type of commercial/employment uses, the number of parking spaces and location of all buildings and uses will be determined at site plan

This will be addressed with each site plan.

- (17) Other necessary easements
- (18) As provided in Sec. 50-30(d) of the Subdivision Regulations, concerning the suitability of land to be dedicated for public use, applicant must enter into an agreement with the Planning Board to clear, rough grade for positive drainage and seed the active recreation portion of the proposed park, as shown on a clearing and grading plan to be submitted and approved as part of the first site plan. The timing for the dedication and grading of the park shall be determined at site plan

This condition has been satisfied.

(19) This preliminary plan will remain valid until October 12, 2000 (37 months from date of mailing, which is September 12, 1997). Prior to the expiration of this validity period, a final record plat for all property delineated on the approved preliminary plan must be recorded or a request for an extension must be filed.

These conditions have been revised, see below.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY PLANNING BOARD OPINION

Preliminary Plan 1-97022R NAME OF PLAN: TRAVILLE

On 09-12-96, TRAVILLE PARTNERSHIP submitted an application for the approval of a preliminary plan of subdivision of property in the MXN zone. The application proposed to create 6 lots on 192.10 acres of land. The application was designated Preliminary Plan 1-97022. On 01-21-99, a request to revise previous conditions of approval for Preliminary Plan 1-97022 was brought before the Montgomery County Planning Board for a public hearing. At the public hearing, the Montgomery County Planning Board heard testimony and received evidence submitted in the record on the application. Based upon the testimony and evidence presented by staff and on the information on the Preliminary Subdivision Plan Application Form, attached hereto and made a part hereof, the Montgomery County Planning Board finds Preliminary Plan 1-97022 to be in accordance with the purposes and requirements of the Subdivision Regulations (Chapter 50, Montgomery County Code, as amended) and approves the revision of the previous conditions of approval for Preliminary Plan 1-97022, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. All previous conditions of preliminary plan approval as contained in the Planning Board Opinion dated 11-20-97 remain in full force and effect
- 2. Record plats for this large scale residential and mixed commercial/employment development may be recorded in stages that allow for an additional nine year validity period for the preliminary plan, based on the following phases:
- 3. Phase I: January 1, 1999 to January 1, 2002 plats must be recorded for a minimum of 250 multi-family dwelling units and minimum of 250,000 square feet of mixed commercial/employment development
- 4. Phase II: January 1, 2002 to January 1, 2005 plats must be recorded for an additional 250 multi-family dwelling units and an additional 250,000 square feet of mixed commercial/employment development
- 5. Phase III: January 1, 2005 to January 1, 2008 record plats must be recorded for the remaining development under the 11-20-97 preliminary plan approval for 250

- multi-family dwelling units and 250,000 square feet of mixed commercial/employment development
- 6. Applicant to coordinate with MCDPW&T in developing a roadway improvement project addressing the traffic safety issues currently existing along Darnestown Road (MD28) in front of the Travilah Square Shopping Center

Any further approval of development by the Planning Board may require amendments to the phasing schedule

ANALYSIS: Conformance to the Development Standards of the Mixed Use Neighborhood - MXN Zone

PROJECT DATA TABLE

Development Standard	Permitted/Required	Proposed	
Lot Area (acres) Traville total	20 acres min	192.10 acre	s – Total
	-	66.2 acres - Bay	Avalon
		Lot (5) 31.4	acres
		Parcel A:	23.8 acres
		Parcel B:	7.6 acres
		Lot (3) 34.8	acres
		Parcel C:	24.1 acres
		Parcel D:	10.7 acres
Number of Dwelling units	750 multifamily	520 multifan	nily
	Traville - total	Avalon Bay	
Moderately Priced Dwelling Units	250 MPDU's	65 Avalon B	ay
	Traville	(12.5% of A)	B total)
Density/Floor Area Ratio (FAR)	H-1 (Lot 5) 6.7 – 7.4 du/ac	6.4 dı	ı/ac
	.1617 FAR	.14 F.	AR
	H-2 (Lot 3) 8.7 to 9.2 du/ac	9.3 dı	ı/ac
	.2022 FAR	.21 F	AR
Min. Green Area	60% per DP Traville/	51.8 acres-sec	e tally
	115.26 acres total	sheet for total	I

Development Standard

Permitted/Required

Proposed

Off street Parking per Section 59-E

Lot 5:

68 (1BR) @ 1.25 sp/du = 85

104 (2 BR) @ 1.5 sp/du = 156

30 (3 BR) @ 2 sp/du = 60

Total:

301 req'd

Total: 431

Incl 9 handicapped

Lot 3:

122 (1BR) @ 1.25 sp/du = 153

1580 (1BR) @ 1.5 sp/du = 237

38 (3 BR) @ 2 sp/du = 76

Total: 466 req'd

Total: 653

Incl 14 handicapped

Bicycle

Lot 5: 22

22

Lot 3: 33

33

Motorcycle

Lot 5: 9

9

Lot 3: 13

10

Discussion on Parking:

Staff was initially concerned about what appeared to be a gross overage of parking on site, given the environmental concerns for impervious areas. The applicant has stated that it is their experience that their projects historically require between 2.16 and 1.70 spaces per unit depending on unit type. Our standards recommend 1.48 spaces per unit, at a minimum. Staff then compared the these parking numbers to the Institute of Traffic Engineers parking ratios, which staff has utilized on projects such as Clarksburg Town Center, we found that 1.8 spaces per unit were the average (for this particular unit mix). The applicant's proposal is for 2.08 spaces per unit for this project.

Staff recommends approval of the applicant's parking proposal as there is no place for overflow parking within or around the residential areas.

MPDU CALCULATIONS

MPDUs required for entire site: 1/3 of dwelling units ie 1/3 of 750 = 250 MPDU's Traville

MPDUs required: 520 units @ 12.5% (min MPDU without density bonus)

= 65 MPDU's required

MPDUs provided with in Avalon Bay section: 65 MPDU's

The total number of MPDU's will be provided with the approval of both projects Traville housing projects: Avalon Bay (providing 12.5%) and the Gardens of Traville (providing 80%). The projects will be heard concurrently on January 24, 2001. See staff memo, attached.

RECREATION CALCULATIONS

Sometiment in appendix. The proposed recreation features include a pedestrian system that is typically required to be five feet in width. Due to the environmental constraints of the site, a four-foot path and sidewalk system around the developed areas is recommended for this case.

Recreation Calculations

	~				•
Avalonbay Traville Lot 🍣			-	•	
Total dualing units	318				
· -				·	•
DEMAND POINTS					•
Population Requirements					
	DI	102	D3	.D4	DB
Housing Type	TOTS	CHILDREN	TEENS	ADULTS	
GARDEN	34.98	4452	38.16	375.24	50.88
SUPPLY POINTS		·			•
Values of Recreation Facilities		•			•
	DI	D2	D3	D4	
Iune	TOTS	CHILDREN	<u>TEENS</u>	ADULTS	DB CDUOTA
•			والباعد	- HANTIS	SENIORS
Indoor Community Space	3.52	6.72	11,52	N3.28	2048
Indoor Pitness Facility	Ø	4.48	3.84	75.52	7.68
Natural Areas	ø	2,24	3.84	37.76	256
Nature Trail	1.76	4.48	5.76	56.64	748
Pedestrian System	3,52	8.96	748	16333	23.094
Pichic / Sitting Areas - 16	16	16	24	20	23224 . 32
Swimming Pool	176	8.96	7.68	94.4	768
Tot Lot - 1	. 9	2	Q	4	1
TOTAL	35.54	53.84	6432	63 <u>1</u> 24	102.12
•					
SUPPLY AND DEMAND	-			•	
	DI	D2	D3	D4	
	TOTS	CHILDREN	TEENS	ADULTS	DS STUDEN
•		والمعادية والمستبد		ELAIL 18	SENIORS
Denand	34.56	44.52	38.16	37524	50.86
Summer to					
enbbia	35.54	53,84	64.52	49124	10212
Difficiences / Surplus	4Ø.58				
— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	THE LAND	+9.32	+26.1 6	256.00	よりま

Recreation Calculations			÷		
Avalonbay Traville Lot 5				•	
Total dwelling units	202				
DEMAND FOINTS					
Population Requirements					
·	DI	D2	D3	D4	DB
Housing Type	TOTE	CHILDREN	TEENS	ADULTS	SENIORS
GARDEN	22.22	2828	2424	238.36	32.32
SUPPLY POINTS				•	
Values of Recreation Pacifities				•	
	Di	D2	D3	D4	DB
Type	TOTS	CHILDREN	TEENS	ADULTA	SENIORS
Indoor Community Space	22	4.2	٦2	708	12.8
indoor Fitness Facility	Ø	2.8	2.4	472	4.8
Natural Areas	Ø	1.4	2.4	23.6	16
Nature Traff	u	2.8	3.6	95 <i>A</i>	4.8
Pedestrian System	2.2	54	4,2	1062	14.4
Pionic / Sitting Areas - 7	7	٣	105	98	H
Sulming Pool - 1	IJ	5.6	4.8	5-8	4.8
Tot Lot - I	•	2	Q	4	1
TOTAL	22.6	31.4	37.7	3812	63.2
					•
SUPPLY AND DEMAND					
	DI TOTA	D2	DB	D4	DB
	TOTA	CHILDREN	IEEN@	ADULTS.	<u>SENIORS</u>
Demand	22.22	28.28	2424	238.36	32.32
Supply	22.6	31.4	ד.דפ	3812	6 32
Difficiences / Surplus	10.38	-3.13	13,46	+42.84	130.88

SWIMMING POOL AREA REQUIREMENT CALCULATION:

918 BEDS + 520 UNITS X 25 X 10 = 3,595 6F POOL AREA REQUIRED

SWIMMING POOL PROVISION

(LAP POOL 2,0593F + (MAIN POOL),5366F = 3,595 SF.

POOL DECK AREA = 5,853 SF

FINDINGS FOR SITE PLAN REVIEW:

- 1. The site plan is consistent with the approved Diagrammatic Plan Amendment, approved by the County Council on August 15, 2001.
- 2. The site plan meets all of the requirements of the zone in which it is located. See Project Data Table above.
- 3. The locations of the buildings and structures, the open spaces, the landscaping, recreation facilities, and the pedestrian and vehicular circulation systems are adequate, safe and efficient.

a. Location of Buildings

The buildings are located in accordance with the zone: they are designed to show a diversity of building types; the design standards are compatible with surrounding residential uses; they are oriented to the street and well tied into the pedestrian systems internally and along public streets. The building locations along Shady Grove Road make a compatible presentation to the adjoining communities. The units along Shady Grove Road, with the recommended soundproofing improvements, will act as a buffer for the other units and open space areas further within the site. The buildings are also located to minimize views to parking and parking areas themselves are reduced by the provision of some parking within the lower level of the units.

MPDU's conform to the approved guidelines by being evenly dispersed through the project at a density of 12.5%. There will be recreation facilities nearby and they will be integrated within the community as a whole.

b. Open Spaces

There are 51.8 acres of open space provided on the individual sites for buffers, play areas, storm water management and pedestrian use.

The stormwater management concept for the proposed development was approved with conditions by the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services (DPS) on January 15, 2001, see attached letter.

c. Landscaping and Lighting

Landscaping on the site consists of a variety of design treatments which create a well-developed scheme consistent with the residential and clubhouse uses proposed.

The highlighted planted accent areas near building entries and in other key locations within each site. Open space planting will create attractive walkways. The internal drives are well defined by the street tree planting and accent planting which will develop a hierarchy of streets and assist in orientation within the site. Internal screen planting around the parking courts will beautify pedestrian areas by minimizing views of parked cars. The added landscaping within the stormwater management ponds and other devices will make those areas more attractive as well. The planting along the public streets will assist in providing a psychological buffer to the noise from Shady Grove Road.

The evergreen and undisturbed buffers to adjoining projects will provide a more compatible relationship between the two projects. The preservation of existing trees near the stream valley buffer will maintain the natural surroundings associated with the site and provide further protection to the stream valleys.

The proposed lighting scheme will provide an adequate amount of light for residential use. The lighting is proposed to be contained on site (directed internally) and should not cause any glare given the low light levels proposed.

d. Recreation

Recreation demand is satisfied as shown in the recreation calculations table attached. The tot lots are located near the naturalistic buffers of the property and stream valley buffers. These provide a more naturalistic, quieter and attractive place for sitting and a safer place to play, away from the road. The woodchip paths, pedestrian bridges and the hiker/biker sidewalk will provide for pedestrian connections between the two projects and provide for optimal use of the Clubhouse by the entire community.

e. Vehicular and Pedestrian Circulation

The street connections to the site are in accordance with the approved Preliminary Plan, with connections to Shady Grove Road. An additional right-in, right-out connection to Shady Grove Road for Lot 3 will provide improved function to the circulation pattern. The internal circulation patterns for the site should provide for the even distribution of traffic through the site.

The driveways are located in a grid pattern that provides clear orientation and wayfinding on site. Parking is well located and located near the units they serve.

The pedestrian system is tied to the vehicular system as sidewalks within and surrounding the site follow the roads. The path to each unit is clear and well defined and sidewalks connections are made to each front door from the parking areas.

Additional pedestrian connections are made through the open spaces beyond the developed parcels by woodchip paths that tie to an existing woodchip and asphalt path system within the open space areas.

4. Each structure and use is compatible with other uses and other site plans and with existing and proposed adjacent development.

The compatibility of this plan is achieved by it's setbacks, landscaping and the massing and scale of the proposed architecture. The two and three story, sloped roof units have a variety of traditional designs and building materials that are consistent with the large single-family detached homes and townhouses nearby. The setbacks between the units within "The Willows" and the proposed multifamily units allows for suitable privacy and identity for each neighborhood. The site design of the units with front doors to the major streets and the parking courts which screen views of parking are other important elements of compatibility. The preservation of wooded areas, connection of path systems, the low but effective lighting levels proposed and the screening of the trash compactors with wooden screening and landscaping are all elements which allow this proposal to become a contributing part of the existing and future neighborhood.

Buffers to adjoining projects are enhanced by preserved vegetation, additional planting distance and unit orientation.

The activity associated with the proposed residential will not cause any negative effect on adjoining residential and non-residential uses.

5. The site plan meets all applicable requirements of Chapter 22A regarding forest conservation.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A. Standard conditions dated October 10, 1995, attached

Attachment B. Correspondence referenced in report, attached

Attachment A: STANDARD CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL DATED 10-10-95:

- 1. Submit a Site Plan Enforcement Agreement, Development Program for review and approval prior to approval of the signature set as follows:
 - a. Development Program to include a phasing schedule as follows:
 - 1) Street tree planting must progress as street construction is completed, but no later than six months after completion of the units adjacent to those streets.
 - 2) Community-wide pedestrian pathways and recreation facilities must be completed prior to seventy percent occupancy of each phase of the development.
 - 3) Landscaping associated with each parking lot and building shall be completed as construction of each facility is completed.
 - 4) Pedestrian pathways and seating areas associated with each facility shall be completed as construction of each facility is completed.
 - 5) Clearing and grading to correspond to the construction phasing, to minimize soil erosion;
 - 6) Coordination of each section of the development and roads;
 - 7) Phasing of dedications, stormwater management, sediment/erosion control, recreation, forestation, community paths, trip mitigation or other features.
 - b. Site Plan Enforcement Agreement to delineate transportation management or other programs.
- 2. Signature set of site, landscape/lighting, forest conservation and sediment and erosion control plans to include for staff review prior to approval by Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services (DPS):
 - a. Undisturbed stream buffers as shown on site plan and limits of disturbance per approved Final Water Quality and Forest Conservation Plan;
 - b. Methods and location of forest protection per final Forest Conservation Plan;
 - c. Conditions of DPS Final Water Quality Plan including Stormwater Management Concept approval letter dated January 15, 2002.
 - d. Note stating the M-NCPPC staff must inspect tree-save areas and protection devices prior to clearing and grading;
 - e. The development program inspection schedule.
 - f. Street trees 50 feet max. on center along all public streets;
 - 3. Forest Conservation Plan shall satisfy all conditions of approval prior to recording of plat and DPS issuance of sediment and erosion control permit.

4. No clearing or grading prior to M-NCPPC approval of signature set of plans.





DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

Douglas M. Duncan
County Executive

January 11, 2002

Robert C. Hubbard

Director

Mr. Edward C. Wallington Loiederman Soltesz Associates, Inc. 1390 Piccard Drive, suite 100 Rockville, Maryland 20850

Re:

Revised Final Water Quality Plan for Traville -

Avalon Bay

Preliminary Plan #: 1-97022

SM File #: 200044

Tract Size/Zone: 66.2 acres/MXN Total Concept Area: 66.2 acres Tax Plate: FR 342, 343 and 563

Lots: 3 and 5

Montg. Co. Grid: 28 5D & E

Watershed: Watts Branch/Piney Branch

SPECIAL PROTECTION AREA

Dear Mr. Wallington:

Based on a review by the Department of Permitting Services (DPS) Review Staff, the Revised Final Water Quality Plan for the above mentioned site is **acceptable**. This approval is for the elements of the Final Water Quality Plan of which DPS has lead agency responsibility, and does not include limits on imperviousness or stream buffer encroachments.

Site Description: The site consists of 66.2 acres located on the south side of Shady Grove Road and adjacent to the Willows of Potomac subdivision. The proposed development is zoned MXN and will consists of a mix of residential development and the associated infrastructure. The property is located within the Piney Branch Watershed, which is a designated Special Protection Area (SPA).

Stormwater Management: Water quantity control will be provided via an existing off-site dry pond (Willows of Potomac, Pond #2), coupled with on-site dry ponds. These structures will provide detention of the two-year storm with a predeveloped release rate. As an added measure of stream protection the new on-site ponds will also provide control of the one-year storm. Quality control will be provided on-site via an extensive system of linked BMPs, which include recharge/infiltration trenches, surface sand filters, water quality inlets, bioretention structures, and vegetated buffers. These on-site structures will be coupled with an existing off-site structure (water quality area #3, Willows of Potomac) that was sized to provide partial water quality treatment for the contributing drainage area. Generally the on-site linked system will consist of a water quality inlet that outlets to dual surface sand filters in series. The recharge/infiltration trenches will typically treat rooftop area only. The water quality structures in series will each provide half of the overall one-inch of treatment volume that is required over the impervious drainage area. Pretreatment is required for all areas intended for vehicular use.

<u>Sediment Control</u>: In general sediment control will be provided via dual cell sediment traps with the required storage volume divided equally between the two cells whenever feasible. This two celled sediment control approach will provide for a redundant sediment trapping system. The earth dikes that feed the traps must be constructed using trapezoidal channels to reduce flow velocities. The site is to be graded in phases whenever possible to minimize the amount of disturbance at any one time. Small areas



Edward C. Wallington January 11, 2002 Page 2

that do not drain to a sediment trap must use super silt fence for sediment control. Silt fence alone will not be allowed as a perimeter control.

Monitoring: The following are the requirements for monitoring that are to be done by Avalon Bay in conjunction with the on-going overall site monitoring being done by the property seller (Traville):

- 1. During construction total suspended solids are to be sampled (composite samples) at the discharge into a sediment trap/basin forebay, and at the outlet of the sediment trap/basin on both lots 3 and 5. The sediment trap/basin with the largest drainage area and that will remain throughout the construction phase, will be sampled on each lot. This sampling is to be done four times a year during storm events throughout the construction phase.
- Two monitoring stations are to be established for pre-construction and during construction measurements of turbidity and embeddedness. Testing will be done as delineated in the previous FWQP submission.
- 3. Chemical and nutrient monitoring is required for Traville Water Quality Structure #1 and Quantity Control Pond #1. The monitoring is to be done at the outlet into each cell and at the outlet into the quantity control pond for five years after construction is complete. Additional monitoring is to be done at the quantity pond outfall for three years after construction is complete. Sampling is to be done using automated samplers and is to be done four times (quarterly) per year. Each sampling event will include testing for nitrate, nitrite, total kjeldahl nitrogen, total nitrogen, total phosphorus, ortho-phosphorus, copper, cadmium, lead, and zinc. This is a requirement for all areas of Traville that drain to this structure with pro rata cost sharing.
- 4. One monitoring station will be established at proposed stormwater management structure 3.5 to obtain information on the effectiveness of the structure. Prior to construction three samples will be taken to establish a baseline for monitoring. Once the structure is converted to a permanent stormwater structure, monitoring will be done as delineated in the FWQP submission. The parameters will include nitrogen (nitrate, nitrite and TKN), phosphorus (total and ortho) metals, (lead, zinc, copper and cadmium) and flow. This monitoring will last for a period of five years after construction is complete with reports submitted quarterly during this period.

The monitoring requirements must be in accordance with the BMP monitoring protocols that have been established by the Department of Permitting Services (DPS) and Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Prior to the start of any monitoring activity, a meeting is to be held on site with DEP, DPS and those responsible for conducting the monitoring to establish the monitoring parameters.

<u>Conditions of Approval</u>: The following conditions must be addressed in the initial submission of the detailed sediment control/stormwater management plan. This list may not be all inclusive and may change based on available information at the time of the review:

- 1. Water quality structures that are to be used for sediment control must have a minimum undisturbed buffer of two feet from the bottom of the sediment trap to the bottom of the stormwater structure.
 - 2. The quality control structure detention duration must not exceed 12 hours.



Edward C. Wallington January 11, 2002 Page 3

- 3. Surface sand filters are to be pretreated with a minimum of a 20' vegetated buffer or a water quality inlet.
- 4. Verification of a stormwater management joint use agreement between Avalon Bay and Willows of Potomac must be submitted at the plat recordation.
- 5. Provide stream restoration via the use of fiber logs and plantings, at three areas at or below the proposed pond outfall for water quantity structure #1. These areas are to be identified and field marked during a joint field walk by DPS, DEP, and your staff. The restoration plan must be submitted along with the detailed sediment control plan. Photographic documentation is to be done prior to construction and throughout the post construction monitoring period. The photos are to be submitted with the quarterly monitoring reports.
- 6. Provide safe and non-erosive conveyance of the pond outfall at structure 3.5 via a level structure (earthen).
- 7. Safely locate the path that is shown below the outfall of the stormwater structure 3.5.
- 8. At a minimum one foot of stone (dead storage) is to be provided below the outlet pipe of the surface sand filters.

This letter must appear on the original segment control/stormwater management plan at its Initial submittal. Any divergence from the information provided to this office; or additional information received during the development process; or a change in an applicable Executive Regulation may constitute grounds to rescind or amend any approval actions taken, and to reevaluate the site for additional or amended stormwater management requirements.

If you have any questions regarding these actions, please feet free to contact Leo Galanko at (240) 777-6242.

Richard R. Brush, Manager Water Resources Section

Division of Land Development Services

RRB:enm:LMG

cç:

M. Shaneman

S. Federline

L. Galanko

D. Marshall

SM File # 200044

QN -On-site;

Acres: 66.2acres Acres: 66.2acres

QL - On-site;

3



Memorandum

TO:

Wym Withans MNCP&PC/

Steve Federline - MNCP&PC

FROM: Ed Wallington - LSA Z

DATE: January 10, 2002

Re:

Traville

LSA No: 54-08

Summary Table of Impervious Area Analysis (All figures are in Acres, unless noted otherwise)

I. South of Shady Grove Road	<u>Area</u>	Impervious Area	Percentage Impervious	Stream Buffer Area
A. R&D-3 (Lot 2)	15.98	2.65	16.58%	3.7
B. Park	13.87	0.40	2.88%	4.7
C. AvalonBay (Lot 3)	36.62	8.47	23.13%	13.7
D. AvalonBay (Lot 5)	29.54	6.15	20.82%	15.9
SUBTOTAL	96.01	17.67	18.40%	38.0
II. North of Shady Grove Road				
E. Proposed R&D – 2 (New Lot 6)	14.58	5.0	34.53%	0
F. Village Center & Elderly Housing	20.38	14.3	70.17%	3.6
1. Retail	(10.73)	(7.86)		5.0
2. Streets	(3.65)	(2.23)		
3. Apartments	(4.5)	(3.56)	•	
4. Day Care	(1.5)	(0.65)		
G. Office & R&D – 1 (Lot 1)	49.98	18.6	37.21%	6.9
SUBTOTAL	84.94	37.90	44.62%	10.5
SUBTOTAL (I & II)	180.95	55.57	30.71%	48.5
III. Shady Grove Road			* . •	
H. Shady Grove Road	10.89	7.26	66.67%	0
TOTAL	191.84	62.83	32.75%	48.5

NOTES:

- Calculations for Item H reflect "as-built" condition.
 Calculations for Items C, D, F, and G are based on Site Plans either approved or under review.
- Calculations for Items A & E are based on illustrative concept plans, not currently under contract.

THE MARYLAND-NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION Department of Park & Planning Montgomers County Manual Land

Department of Park & Planning, Montgomery County, Maryland 8787 Georgia Avenue • Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

January 18, 2002

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Wynn Witthans, Development Review Division

FROM:

Steve Federline and Carol Martin

Environmental Planning-Countywide Division

SUBJECT:

Avalon Bay at Traville (8-99050)

Environmental Planning Staff Recommendations

Environmental Planning recommends approval of the final water quality plan for Avalon Bay Apartments at Traville subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Conditions of DPS Final Water Quality Plan approval letter of January 11, 2002.
- 2. Approval of the Planning Board's components of the Final Water Quality Plan only under the following conditions:
 - A) Permanent protection of environmental buffer areas and additional areas from disturbance during and after construction per final forest conservation plan/ grading plan inclusive of 66.16 acres.
 - B) Implementation of the requirements of the final forest conservation plan dated September 21, 2001. All stream valley buffers shall be placed in forest conservation (category I) easement. The forest conservation plan for the overall Traville site includes protection of existing forest or reforestation of the entire stream valley buffer by active planting.
 - C) Imperviousness limited to no more than 14.62 acres on 66.16 acres of land as documented in the January 10, 2002 memo from Ed Wallington of Loiederman Soltesz Associates, and as confirmed on the site plan signature set, unless required by a government agency, or as a revision with appropriate justification and approved by the Planning Board. All impervious areas shall be included in overall cumulative total for Traville per textual stipulation #2 (i.e., part of compliance with the ceiling of 33% imperviousness over the entire 192 acre Traville property).
 - D) Applicant shall provide boardwalks that span the entire wetland area for all necessary trail crossings, subject to compliance with MDE wetland regulations, if applicable.



Recommend approval of the Site Plan with the following conditions:

- A) Certification from a professional acoustical engineer that the apartment buildings will attenuate projected noise levels from Shady Grove Road to an interior level not to exceed 45dBA Ldn. In addition, the applicant shall implement the proferred specifications for additional acoustical treatment on the residential buildings on Shady Grove Road, referenced in and enforceable by the SPEA. The affected buildings and the acoustical specifications are included in a Polysonics Corporation acoustical report dated May 15, 2001, which is attached to a cover letter from Avalon Bay Communities dated January 18th, 2002. Functionally equivalent products with the same or higher STC ratings may be substituted. Any additional openings (skylights, etc. but excluding garage doors) on the fronts and sides of apartment buildings on Shady Grove Road must have a minimum STC rating of 28 dBA.
- B) Notify prospective tenants as part of the lease agreement of the high noise levels along Shady Grove Road due to its use as an industrial haul road, and that acoustical treatment has been incorporated into the buildings along Shady Grove Road to mitigate noise levels inside the units. Notification should specify that although the windows may be opened, acoustical treatment presumes closed window conditions to be effective.

Major Environmental Issues

The three issues of overall concern that have been addressed in prior reviews re: imperviousness (per textual stipulation #2, specific to this plan, and in the broader Traville context); noise impact mitigation; and rare, threatened, and endangered (RTE) species protection.

Imperviousness

The issue of imperviousness was thoroughly reviewed as part of the recent Diagrammatic Plan Amendment (DPA) to the Traville site. The M-NCPPC sponsored a study of the Piney Branch SPA areas by ERM consultants (August, 2000) to assess the likely impact of development of Traville at approximately 33% imperviousness on the overall water quality of Piney Branch. This percentage was as reduction from the originally-approved upper limit of 35%, due primarily to the significant use of structural parking on the Human Genome Sciences site.

The conclusion of the study was that the "Traville project, with the augmented, SPA-level BMP's and projected imperviousness, will likely result in fair stream conditions for the Piney Branch watershed within the subject property".

Current calculations for imperviousness at build-out for the Traville site is 32.75%, as presented in tabular form from the applicant on January 10, 2002 (attached). The cap applies to the entire site: not to individual site plans. Therefore, the Avalon Bay site plan does not necessarily have to be at or



below 33%. However, the site plan was carefully scrutinized to determine if additional impervious reductions were possible, which will also be done for each site plan or other regulatory review of the Traville plan.

Noise Impact Mitigation

Testimony on earlier plans and analysis by this applicant and others has documented the noise leve; ls from quarry heavy truck traffic on Shady Grove Road. In response to the well-recognized conflict with both existing and proposed residential development, both the County Executive and the Planning Board have responded positively to the need to address the inherent compatibility conflict by controls at the source and receiver, respectively. The most dramatic improvement has been DPWT's action to reduce the speed limit along Shady Grove Road at night, which in turn has brought a clearly perceptible reduction in truck noise levels and improvement in the night-time noise impact for nearby residences.

The Planning Board's role is to make all reasonable and feasible efforts to implement noise mitigation strategies to enhance compatibility for residential development along Shady Grove Road. The effort was outlined in a response to then-Council Chairman Ewing in a letter of November 20, 2001, and cited use of noise tolerant uses in the area of greatest impact; building orientation that provides barrier protection to portions of the site more distant; and acoustical treatment of the building facade. Given the interagency effort to deal with this issue, staff invited the director of the DEP noise program and a project manager from DPWT to actively participate in the noise related aspects of the site plan review.

The Avalon Bay apartments site plans use all of these techniques. On Lot #5, a more noise tolerant active recreation facility (swimming pool) is located along Shady Grove Road, and is designed to use the building structure and a noise wall to better isolate the users from Shady Grove Road noise, and further, to provide physical noise reduction and greater setback of residences from the roadway.

A building orientation on Lot #3 has attached units oriented linearly along Shady Grove Road to provide partial mitigation to residences beyond. However, this technique is only effective if the first row of units are properly armored from truck noise.

Traditional noise standards do not adequate address the night-time and peaked single event nature of the truck noise. Routine noise descriptors which average a short duration noise event over a longer period of time tend to underestimate the annoyance associated with such noise events. Even M-NCPPC noise compatibility guidelines do not fully characterize the extent of single event impacts with such peaked profiles, although the guidelines do use projected traffic levels and penalize night-time noise. Staff recommended that affected units should achieve interior levels reflective of the single event intrusiveness of the trucks. The applicant has responded to this recommendation by noting that although night-time truck noise levels are reduced as a result of the lower speed limit, they will keep the same acoustical treatment standards, thereby reducing the resulting interior level. The applicant's acoustical engineer has stated that with the "building elements meeting the required STC rating, interior noise levels of the proposed buildings will not exceed 45 dBA for single event truck passbys on Shady Grove Road." (emphasis added by staff).

Use of acoustical treatment as a primary noise mitigation measure is not without several negative effects, even at the higher level of protection provided by this applicant. The necessity of a closed window condition for effectiveness (with its inherent extra energy use), and the diminished quality of usefulness of the impacted exterior spaces are unavoidable byproducts of the use of acoustical treatment. However, the ultimate staff position acknowledged the inherent compromise with the focus on neotraditional development and the limited space for development outside environmentally sensitive areas. Ultimately, staff cannot disagree with the gist of the testimony provided on truck noise, its intrusiveness, and its impact on the use of outdoor spaces. However, the implemented nighttime speed limit reduction, and the solution recommended by staff for this site recognized the many design objectives to be achieved on this site, and maximized the available but limited options for achieving noise compatible development.

Rare, Threatened, and Endangered Species (RTE's)

Upon intensive queries from staff, the applicant's engineer mapped the extent of the serpentine conditions on Avalon Bay. (Memo from Ed Wallington to Laura Bachle, Nov. 16, 1999 inclusive of report from Engineering Consulting Services, Inc). The applicant demonstrated that the serpentine conditions occur only to a limited extent on Lot 3 (an average of 120 feet from Shady Grove Road) and the only wetland/spring area on the serpentine occurs in an area already heavily damaged by gypsy moth.

As part of the reconfirmation of the preliminary water quality plan for Traville as part of the Diagrammatic Plan Amendment (Planning Board, March 8,2001), the Board approved language which addresses the RTE issue and states, "the applicant should consider incorporating reasonable measures into site designs for protecting the high concentrations of RTE species identified on the property. In recognition of previous tradeoffs, this condition does not support modifications to the previously approved Concept Plan or any reductions of density on the Traville site." This condition was intended to specifically address the issue of RTE on the Avalon Bay Apartments on Lot #3: therefore, no further changes to the plan since the "highest concentration" had been protected in the area north of Shady Grove Road. Staff will examine remaining site plans for opportunities to protect migrating areas of krigia (specifically, the former park site north of the curve on Shady Grove Road) through possible inclusion in the open space system.

Forest Conservation

Forest conservation for the entire Traville site was accomplished in accordance with the forest conservation plan approved with Preliminary Plan #1-97022. This site contributes a significant portion of the preserved high priority forest, as wells as large areas of afforestation (surrounding development on Lot #5) and environmental enhancement areas, where existing forest will be "enhanced" through management of invasives and other management measures intended to improve the quality of the forest resource.

SDF:g:avalonsteve.env1/02.wpd

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

January 16, 2002

TO:

Wynn Witthans, Development Review

FROM:

Sally Roman, Research and Technology Center 5R

SUBJECT: Traville Housing

Finding: The multi-family and senior housing units proposed for Traville conform to the requirements of the Moderately Price Dwelling Unit (MPDU) law and the Montgomery County Housing Policy.

MPDUs: As specified in the diagrammatic plan, one-third of Traville's housing units are MPDUs, substantially more than the 12.5 to 22 percent required by the MPDU law. Overall, there are 252 MPDUs. Almost three-fourths, 187 units, are located in the senior housing portion of the development. The remaining one-fourth, 65 units, are located in the Avalon Bay section and constitute 12.5 percent of Avalon Bay's housing.

The MPDUs are well distributed throughout the Avalon Bay site. Located in 25 different buildings, there are one to five MPDUs in each building. The mix of MPDU unit sizes is balanced; the project offers 32 one-bedroom units and 33 two-bedroom units. Since larger MPDU apartments can be difficult to find, the decision to offer one more two-bedroom unit than one-bed room unit was a good one.

More than 80 percent of the senior housing units are MPDUs. These units are also well distributed within the project. Between 38 and 58 MPDUs are located in each of the project's four buildings. The number of MPDUs appears to be determined by the size of the building, with the most units in the two largest buildings. One-bedroom units constitute 56 percent of the MPDUs. Since senior housing is comparatively expensive to construct and households are typically small, this is not unreasonable.

Housing Policy: Traville should be a positive addition to the County's housing stock. Its units will serve both people of working age and retired residents. The MPDUs offer a

sizable contribution to the affordable housing supply. The housing is well located for workers, students, and senior citizens.

For workers, Traville will provide the nearest multi-family housing to Human Genome and the Life Sciences Center. It will also serve the Shady Grove Road/Research Blvd. area of the I-270 corridor. The site's proximity to the adjacent University of Maryland and other educational facilities is an added benefit, as is the convenient, mixed use nature of Traville. Montgomery County's rental housing supply is very tight at present, as indicated by extremely low vacancy rates and rapidly rising rents. This housing will help ameliorate the serious scarcity of such housing.

For the elderly, Traville offers affordable housing close to shopping and other services, transportation, and educational opportunities desired by older residents. The setting will also provide opportunities for walking and other recreation.

Some of the specific visions of the Housing Policy addressed by the project include:

- Affordable housing for all who live or work in the county, regardless of age or position.
 - Distribute locations of affordable housing
 - Support mixed income properties
 - Continue inclusionary communities
 - Promote housing in mixed use development
- Appropriate housing and services for each stage of life so that people can remain in the community as they grow older.

N:\divdr\Wynn\SallyTraville





January 15, 2002 (Revised)

Ms. Wynn Witthans
Development Review Division
Maryland National Capital Park & Planning Commission
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910

RE: Avalon at Traville Apartments - Parking Requirements

Dear Wynn:

The purpose of this letter is to provide additional information on the number of parking spaces shown in AvalonBay's site plan submission. The number of spaces shown on the plan (1,084 spaces or 2.08 spaces per apartment home) is based on projected need and is derived from AvalonBay's experience at other area apartment communities. As you are aware, the community that we have designed for Traville has a large percentage of parking garages integral to the apartment buildings (56.3% of the apartments have integral garages available). Integral garages are a popular amenity for our residents who, like homeowners, often prefer to keep their cars inside to keep their vehicles clean and to avoid the elements.

The integral garages also help to enhance the curb appeal of the community. Rather than typical garden style apartment buildings surrounded by large areas of asphalt surface parking, 293 of our parking spaces are garages that are within the residential building footprints. Each garage has an associated exterior tandem parking space. The tandem spaces are made from concrete rather than asphalt, which also further enhances the overall curb appeal. This design will help our community feel like a neighborhood rather than a typical apartment complex.

Although using integral garages and tandem spaces has many advantages, it does tend to restrict the use of parking spaces. Each resident who rents a home with a garage has two designated parking spaces (one garage space and the associated tandem). As a result, communities with integral garages require slightly higher parking ratios than a surface parked communities.

The following chart shows parking ratios at some of AvalonBay's newer apartment communities in the metro area. As you can see, communities with a large percentage of integral garages tend to have higher parking ratios.

Community Name	# of Apartment- Homes	- Product Type	# of Integral Garage Spaces	Parking Ratio/ Apartment Home
Avalon Fox Mill	165	Primarily Townhome	132	2.10
Avalon Fair Lakes	234	Primarily Townhome	156	2,16
Avalon at Cameron Court	460	Townhome & Garden Flats	168	1.87
Avalon Crescent	558	Townhome & Garden Flats	116	1.75
Avalon Crossing	132	Garden Flats	54	1.70
Avalon Fields - Phase 2	96	Garden Flats	0	1.88



We believe that the number of parking spaces shown on the plan is appropriate for the community we have designed at Traville. It is important to us to ensure that we offer adequate parking to safely and conveniently serve our residents. Please let me know if you have any questions or if I can provide you with any additional information.

Sincerely,

Betsy L. Weingarten

Senior Development Director

cc: Steve Elmendorf (Linowes & Blocher)



Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association, Inc.

FAX TRANSMISSION

To:

Wynn Witthans

Fax:

301-495-1306

Tel:

301-495-4584

From: Thomas J. DeGraba

Fax:

(301) 295-0863

Tel:

(301) 295-0846 (W) (301) 340-2570 (H)

email:

tdegraba@yahoo.com

Date:

January 18, 2002

Pages Including Cover: 8

Comments:

Attached by an outline of the issues and comments form WANCA regarding the Avalon Bay and Gardens of Traville site Plans.

Best Regards, Tom DeGraba

President, Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association



Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association, Inc.

Serving the Communities of: Willows of Potomac, Potomac Glen and Hunting Hills Estates

Mr. Arthur Holmes, Jr. Chairman, Montgomery County Planning Board 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, Maryland 20910

January 18, 2002

Re: Site Plans for the Traville Property #8-99050A and 8-02018

Dear Mr. Holmes,

I am Tom DeGraba, 13612 Cherrydale Dr., Rockville, and for the 1400 homes of the Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association, I would like to comment on the Avalon Bay Apartment site plans and Gardens of Traville:

- 1) First, the Association is in complete support of the Gardens of Traville, which supplies the much-needed affordable elderly housing that has been opposed in many other regions of the County. Item to be Addressed: We request that the Planning Board assures that sufficient sound insulation for these apartments are required. Even though this part of the development is off of Shady Grove Road, from our experience, this community knows that it is still close enough for significant noise impact from the trucks. Since, the elderly are sensitive to sleep disturbances, the Association wants to be sure that every effort be made to make this an excellent environment. Overall, the concept of affordable housing as designated for Traville represents a significant County asset and has been supported by this Association since the onset of public testimony on the Traville property.
- 2) Second, the Association still has great concern that the remainder of the density of this project continues to be in violation of the Shady Grove Master Plan and the MXN zoning. The Traville development is in violation of MXN zoning ordinance 59-D-4.61(b), which states that the MXN Zone at the location in question must be "in accordance with the adopted master plan...and does not conflict with the applicable County plans and policies". The Shady Grove Master Plan assigned a total of 1700 family dwelling units this sector of the Plan and with the Fallsgrove development currently approved for 1530 units, the Traville development causes a 580 unit housing excess. This overage allows for the violation of zoning ordinance 59-C-7.723 that requires "adequate access be available to the site so that traffic does not have an adverse impact on the surrounding area. Since traffic in the Shady Grove region is subjected to numerous class F intersections, much of the traffic in and out of Traville will use neighborhood roads as cut-throughs.
- 3) The community is still very concerned with the undetermined intersection configuration at Shady Grove Road and Darnstown Road. Given the high density of traffic from the apartments, quarry trucks, students from the expanding University of Maryland and the existing neighborhoods, we request that the north bound lanes at the intersection include 4 lanes: a L hand only lane, 2 through lanes and 1 R hand only lane. Lack of this facility will cause excessive lines that will promote traffic to use alternate routes either through the neighborhoods or

Human Genome and the "pedestrian friendly" Village Center. Though this element will not correct the excess development, it can help to decrease some of the negative impact on the community.

- 4) In further examining the violations of MXN zoning ordinance 59-D-4.61(b) the current conditions at Traville also conflicts with at least two plans and/or policies of the County's: First, this "pedestrian friendly" mixed use prototype of a live/play and work community is split by a truck haul route with 1500 trucks day and night and therefore Traville is in conflict with Shady Grove Road being designated the Quarry Truck haul route. The Avalon Bay apartments are the most susceptible to the fumes and noise pollution as well as the safety hazards created by this juxtaposition of Quarry Trucks and residential community.
- 5) Second and of equal importance the density of the Avalon Bay Apartments encroach upon the most sensitive wetlands on the property and will result in the destruction of quality upland forest. This is in conflicts with Legacy Open Space which is a program designed to spend millions of taxpayer dollars to purchase land to save open space to preserve valued County environmental resources. This plan is predicated on the understanding that even modest development in sensitive environmental areas will result in significant degradation. Traville, at its approved density and proposed BMP's will result in the destruction of one of the most sensitive environmental regions in the County. Because of this the only sure solution for the protection of Water Quality as mandated by MXN zoning is to reduce density as required by Textual stipulation 2 for Traville. Zoning ordinance 59-C-7.71(g) which states that the purpose of the zone was to authorize development "consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and restrictions addressing environmental protection", requires that efforts should be made to minimize water impact and preserve the environment by impervious reduction. Short of impervious reduction, we further request that the Planning Board requires that as a condition of this site plan approval, improvements of failing and subadequate SWM facilities at the Willows be implemented by the Traville developers in order to attempt to optimize water quality in the upper Piney Branch. This may help reduce impervious negative impact. The condition which support this request can be found in the attached communication, which was composed and supported by the Potomac Leadership group, including the presidents of the West Montgomery County Citizens Association, North Potomac Citizens Association, Darnstown Citizens Association and the Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association.
- 6) The Association supports, as a condition of approval for the Avalon Bay Apartments, the implementation of future OSHA regulation to be adopted by the County Council as outlined by testimony submitted by Michael Berger. This implementation will improve protection of workers and residents from hazards created by development and blasting on serpentine rock.
- 7) The Association is concerned by the lack of adequate active recreational facilities on the Avalon Bay property particularly within access of residents on the parcel closest to Calabash lane. We suggest that attempts be made to re-arrange parking and road surface to allow at least for a half court basketball court and a tennis court, hopefully without any appreciable increase in imperviousness. We approve of the replacement of the asphalt paths in the wetlands with board-walks.

- 8) Given the overwhelming noise still produced by the trucks, we recommend that all sides of all apartment buildings be significantly insulated and not just those buildings facing Shady Grove Road.
- 9) Because of significant traffic impact from the excess housing above the Master Plan and the additional 526,000 sq ft of non-resident above the APFO generated by Pay and Go, we would like to see some level of incentive from the Apartments for workers at Human Genome Science (and any future businesses on Traville) rent at Avalon Bay in order to reduce traffic and fulfill some of the concept goals of the MXN zone.
- 10) Finally, we believe that extraordinary efforts need to be made for reforestation of this property considering the sensitive wetlands that are being displaced.

We thank the Board for its' consideration of our concerns and we will continue to work with MNCPPC to make this project the best it can be. We look forward to our interaction at the hearing and hope to be able to elaborate on any specific issue as needed.

Sincerely,

Tom DeGraba

President: Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association

Env. & Energy

042818 Montgomery County Council

The Honorable Steven Silverman, President Stella Warner Building 100 Maryland Ave. Rockville, Maryland 20850

January 7, 2001

Hand Delivered January 8, 2002

Dear Mr. Silverman and Council Members,

As the representatives of the Leadership of the major civic associations in the Potoma Subregion, we respectfully ask your assistance in giving guidance to the Montgomery County Department of Permitting Services and the Planning Board Staff at MNCPPC with respect to Be Water Quality Plans for the Traville development.

In July 2001, oral arguments presented by the Willows and Neighbors Citizens Association on the DPA for the Traville Project, revealed serious concerns with regards to the realistic capability of the Traville storm water management plan to maintain the Pincy Branch water quality in a "good" range. The following points highlight the deficiencies in the current plan, which creates a high potential for significant water degradation and violation of the MXN zoning ordinances with the implementation of further development at Traville.

- 1) The Traville property is priority wetlands in a special protection area of the headwaters of the Piney Branch. Despite the developer's assertions that their "new" SWM plans will mitigate 33% impervious surface of Traville, all authoritative scientific documents state that water degradation will occur at impervious levels > 10-12% irrespective of BMP's.
- 2) The non-peer reviewed study that the developers opined support the above assertions was not even admitted into evidence during the hearings. The conclusion of the report (as determined by MNCPPC Environmental Planning Staff) was that insufficient data exists to determine if BMP's would mitigate Traville's impervious impact.
- 3) Water quality degradation is in direct violation of MXN zoning ordinance 59-C-7.71(g) which states that the purpose of the zone was to authorize development "consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and restrictions addressing environmental protection".
- 4) Storm Water Management facilities in the adjacent property of the Willows of Potomac are failing. Failure has occurred to the point where one SWM facility has been filled in at the direction of DPS because of the "potential negative environmental effects that these facilities may have in this sensitive watershed". DPS further wrote, "these areas will then cease to be storm water management facilities". (See attachment 1). It is important to note that the same engineers that are designing Traville's "new" BMPs designed these facilities. No safeguards are in place if SWM facilities at Traville also fail.
- 5) Water quality has already significantly deteriorated in the Piney Branch, as indicated by the worsening of Benthic Macroinvertibrate IBI scores, due to development in the area that has a lesser imperviousness than Traville. (See attachment 2). These data are from County monitoring station in the Piney Branch on the Traville property, stations WBPB201, WBPB202 and WBPB203A.
- 6) Some of the Traville property is designed to drain into the current SWM facilities at the Willows, which cannot even handle it's own 26% imperious level.
- 7) Traville is using BMPs that rely heavily on a high ground percolation rate, in a region known to have a very poor percolation capacity.
- 8) The developers touted the success of the Germantown Bog as an indication that the BMPs for Traville could work. However, the conditions at the Bog and the Piney Branch stream are not

comparable entities. In addition, a large reservoir was created on the Bog site, which is not a component at the Traville property.

9) Given the foreseeable degradation of a high quality stream, the Traville development with its current BMPs is in further violation of MXN zoning ordinance 59-D-4.61(b), which states that the MXN Zone at the location in question must be "in accordance with the adopted master plan...and does not conflict with the applicable County plans and policies". The current situation at Traville conflicts with at least two plans and/or policies of the County's: First, it conflicts with Legacy Open Space which is a program designed to spend millions of taxpayer dollars to purchase land to save open space to preserve valued County environmental resources. This plan is predicated on the understanding that even modest development in sensitive environmental areas will result in significant degradation. Traville, at its approved density and proposed BMP's will result in the destruction of one of the most sensitive environmental regions in the County Second, the extraordinary number of SWM facilities necessary to attempt to mitigate the density of Traville will set a precedent for future BMPs in other developments that will cost the taxpayers of Montgomery County hundreds of thousands of dollars to maintain.

Therefore, given that the County has knowingly approved a project that realistically jeopardizes a priority wetlands, in violation of the MXN Zoning Ordinances, we ask that the County Council directs the Department of Permitting Services and the MNCPPC Environmental Planning Staff to, in addition to the usual process, consider reviewing and correcting deficient and inadequate SWM facilities on the Willows property, which serve the identical watershed as part of the Traville Water Quality Plan.

This request is appropriate at this time given that the developers of Traville, five years ago, received Council approval for the project based on the developers' assurance that they could mitigate a 35% impervious level. The developers have failed the burden of proof that this is possible with the existing technology and therefore all efforts must be made in this region to mitigate the impact of development on the Piney Branch water quality.

The site plans for the apartments on the property are currently under review and the Water Quality plans are at DPS. We request that an expedient communication be sent to DPS expressing the Council's concerns of the current plans for the protection of the Piney Branch, and that a high priority be given to solutions that include correcting SWM facilities in the neighboring development that was created by the same developer and engineers.

Thank you for your attention in this matter and please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Thomas DeGraba

President: Willows and Neighbors

Citizens Association

301-340-2570, tdegraba@yahoo.com

President: North Potomac Citizens Association grantj@us.ibm.com

President: West Montgomery County

Civic Association

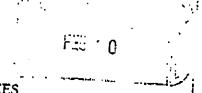
gingybarnes@jung.com

Gerry Fole President: Damstown Cixic Association

foleyg007@aol.com

formament 1





DEPARTMENT OF PERMITTING SERVICES

Douglas M. Duncan County Executive

Robert C. Hubbard Director

February 14, 2001

Ted Smart MI/Willows Ltd. Partnership c/o Maryland Development Corporation 2401 Research Blvd. Rockville, MD 20850

Re:

Willows of Potomac Phase 2C Sediment Control No. 9406300090

Dear Mr. Smart:

The water quality facilities constructed behind the homes at the end of Shining Willow Drive, (shown on the above referenced plans as "Water Quality Area #2") have not operated as designed since their installation. Water is ponded for significant amounts of time. A recent repair effort did not solve the problem; and, we continue to receive complaints from homeowners in the area. We also have concerns about the negative environmental effect that these facilities may have in this sensitive watershed. Therefore, you are required to grade these facilities out and stabilize them in such a way that positive drainage is provided. These areas will then cease to be stormwater management facilities.

Please submit redline plans to this office, for review and approval, prior to regrading these areas. There will be no review fees associated with this plan revision. Regrading should commence as soon as

If you have questions or comments please contact me at 240-777-6343.

Richard R. Brush, Manager_

Sincerelly

Water Resources Plan Review Section Division of Land Development Services

RAB:anm

Ed Wallington (Loiederman Associates, Inc.) Cc:

James R. Hammerschmidt (Paley, Rothman, Goldstein, Rosenberg & Cooper)

Mark Elheridge (MCDPS)

SWM File #1-88187

SC #: 940630090

ATTACHMEN / 2

BENTHIC MACROINVERTEBRATE IBI SCORES - Scores range from 8 (poor) to 40 (excellent)

MONITOR ites or -	
TRAVILLE	

(excellent)						œ0 - 3¢(
STATION	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
WBPB201	N/D	32	26	34	16	12
WBPB202	30	20	22	22	14	14
WBPB203A	28	12	14	28	14	10
WBPB203B	N/D	N/D	N/D	22	16	14
WBPB204A	24	14	18	N/D	20	14
WBPB204B	N/D	N/D	16	24	16	16
WBPB205	28	14	14	28	8	N/D
WBBB101	34	20	24	28	32	32