Historic resource: A district, site, building, structure or object, including its appurtenances and environmental setting, which is significant in national, state or local history, architecture, archeology or culture. This includes, but is not limited to, all properties on the "Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County."

Historic site: Any individual historic resource that is significant and contributes to the historical, architectural, archeological or cultural values within the Maryland-Washington Regional District and which has been so designated in the master plan for historic preservation.

Permit: An historic area work permit issued by the Director authorizing work on an historic site or an historic resource located within an historic district.

Planning Board; The Montgomery County Planning Board of the Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

Preservation easement means an easement held by the County to protect, maintain, or otherwise conserve an historic resource. (Ord. No. 9-4, § 1; 1989 L.M.C., ch. 4, § 1; Ord. No. 11-59; Ord. No. 13-37, § 1; Ord. No. 13-114, § 1.)

Editor's note—Section 1 of Ord. No. 13-114, amending Section 5 of Ord. No. 13-37 states: "Sunset. On uly 1, 2001, any function transferred by this Ordinance to the Department of Permitting Services reverts to the Department of Environmental Protection."

ec. 24A-3. Master plan for historic preservation; criteria for designation of historic sites or istricts.

- (a) As part of the general plan for the physical development of that portion of the county within the Maryland-Washington Regional District, there shall be prepared, adopted and approved a master plan for historic preservation which shall constitute an amendment to the general plan for the Maryland-Washington Regional District. Such plan shall designate historic sites and historic districts and describe their boundaries; it shall propose means for the integration of historic preservation into the planning process; and it shall suggest other measures to advance the goals of historic preservation.
- (b) In considering historic resources for designation as historic sites or historic districts, the planning board shall apply the following criteria:
 - (1) Historical and cultural significance. The historic resource:
 - a. Has character, interest or value as part of the development, heritage or cultural characteristics of the county, state or nation;
 - b. Is the site of a significant historic event;

Chapter 24A: Page 24A-3

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MONTGOMERY COUNTY CODE Chapter 24A

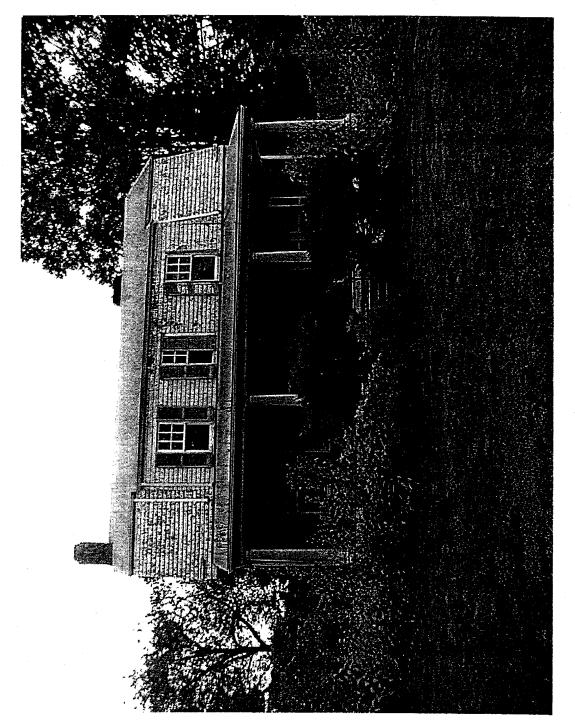
- c. Is identified with a person or a group of persons who influenced society; or
- d. Exemplifies the cultural economic, social, political or historic heritage of the county and its communities.
- (2) Architectural and design significance. The historic resource:
 - a. Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction;
 - b. Represents the work of a master;
 - c. Possesses high artistic values;
 - d. Represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
 - e. Represents an established and familiar visual feature of the neighborhood, community or county due to its singular physical characteristic or landscape. (Ord. No. 9-4, § 1; Ord. No. 11-59.)

Sec. 24A-4. Historic preservation commission.

- (a) Created. There is hereby created a commission to be known as the "historic preservation commission of Montgomery County, Maryland."
- (b) Membership. The commission shall consist of 9 members appointed by the county executive with the confirmation of the county council. Each member must be a resident of the county. The 4 fields of history, architecture, preservation and urban design shall be represented by a minimum of 1 member qualified by special interest, knowledge or training. The remaining members of the commission shall, to the extent possible, be selected to represent the geographical, social, economic and cultural concerns of the residents of the county.
- (c) Officers. The county executive shall appoint the chairman and vice-chairman of the commission, who shall serve at his pleasure, but such appointments occurring after the commission's first year of operation shall be made after due consideration has been given to the recommendation of the commission.
- (d) Term. The terms of the members of the commission shall be for a three-year period and members shall continue to serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.

4





5004 River Road Front Elevation

September 12, 2003

Clare Cavicchi
Preservation Planner
Montgomery County Department of Park and Planning
Historic Preservation Section
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910

Dear Ms. Cavicchi:

Attached is a nomination for the property at 5004 River Road, Bethesda, Maryland. We would like to nominate the property to the "Locational Atlas and Index of Historic Sites in Montgomery County, Maryland."

We believe that 5004 River Road qualifies for inclusion based on the criteria set forth in Section 24-3(b) of the Montgomery County Code. Specifically, the structure meets Criterion 24A-3-(b) (2) a and c. The house has tremendous workmanship and integrity. In addition, we believe the house meets National Register Criterion C because it's a premiere example of the Swedish-variant of a Dutch Colonial house and because it is one of the finest early Colonial Revival gambrel-roofed structures in the County.

We appreciate your review and consideration of the Commission. If you have any questions, please call David Scribner at 301-657-3231.

Sincerely yours,

David Seribner

President, Green Acres and Glen Cove Citizens Association

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of

Inventory No.

Historic Properties Form

1. Name of P	roperty (indicat	e preferred name)			
historic					
other Sara	L. Brown House				
2. Location					
street and number	r 5004	River Road	no	ot for publication	
city, town	Bethe	esda	vi	cinity	
county		gomery			
3. Owner of Proper		id mailing addresses of all o			
name		S. Kelly Development Co.,			
street and nun		Norway Drive telephone 3			, ex
city, town	· ·	y Chase state MD	zip code 20815		
4. Location of Lega		15 22270	.11. 140		
courtnouse, re	gistry of deeds, etc	. liber 23370 fo	olio 148		
□ city, town	tax map	HM23 tax parcel P475	tax ID number432861		
_				•	
5. Primary Lo	cation of Add	litional Data			
	** *				
Cont	tributina Resource	in National Register District			
	•	in Local Historic District			
<u> </u>			and Davids		
	. •	the National Register/Maryla	_		
Dete	ermined Ineligible fo	or the National Register/Mary	/land Register		
Reco	orded by HABS/HA	ER			
Histo	oric Structure Repo	rt or Research Report at MH	IT .		
	•	Report (National Register)			
				_	
C OIif	4.9		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
6. Classific	cation				
Category	Ownership	Current Function		Resource Co	unt
district	public	agriculture	landscape	Contributing	Noncontributing
X_building(s)	X private	commerce/trade	recreation/culture	_	building
structure	both	defense	religion	1	sites
site		X domestic	social		structure
object		education	transportation		objects
		funerary	work in progress	3	Total
		government	unknown	:	
		health care	X_vacant/not in use	Number of Co	ntributing Resources
		industry	other:	previously list	ed in the inventory
					

7. Description		Inventory No.
Condition		
excellent _X good fair	deteriorated ruins altered	

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Summary

The Sara L. Brown House, circa 1908-1912, is an outstanding and rare example of a Swedish gambrel-roofed Colonial Revival style house.

Site and Immediate Vicinity

The 28,962 square foot parcel is rectangular in shape and slopes gently downward towards River Road. The site is bound by River Road on the northeast, three residential houses in the Green Acres Subdivision built in 1940 on the southeast, Greenway Drive on the southwest, and two residential houses on the northwest side. The parcel abutting the Brown House on the northwest fronting Greenway Drive contains a house originally built in 1870 as the servants quarters. The lot on the northwest side of the Brown House fronting on River Road was subdivided from the subject site in 1973 and a new house was built on the site. There is an old farm access road that dates at least to the 19th century that is now used as a driveway and bisects the northwest side of the property from River Road to Greenway Road. There is an old stone granite farm wall aligned with the northwest property line and the old farm access road.

Built Resources

There are three improvements standing on the subject site. The main Sara L. Brown House built in 1908 and a shed, labeled "small house" on a 1956 plat, to its south, probably of early 20th century origin, and a shed/garage, behind the house to the west that is in great disrepair. The "small house" is in good condition and contributes to the property, while the garage does not.

The House

Exterior: The 2,160 square foot house was built circa 1908 for Sara L. Brown, daughter of James Henry and Margaret Loughborough. The Loughborough were descendants of the original builder of Milton, the stone farmhouse first established on the site in the 18th century, and a County Master Plan site. The Sara L. Brown House sits on land that was once part of the old Milton plantation. Sara L. Brown's occupation is not known at the present time. W.H.J. Brown, Sara's husband, was a local businessman and investor.

The two-and-a-half story, three-bay house is made of approximately two-foot thick Potomac River granite walls left as random boulders and large slabs and joined together in a Picturesque "grapevine" mortar pattern. The house's granite is the same as that used on the nearby Clara Barton House and the Baltzley Brothers' late 19th century mansions in Glen Echo, as well as all of the original buildings at the Glen Echo Chautauqua that dated to 1891-1893. The single granite slabs used for the main door's sill and lintel are enormous, with saw marks clearly visible on the lintel. The house features a grand front porch, or veranda, that extends the length of the front façade and is defined by four simple Tuscan wooden columns. A large central wooden staircase leads from the garden to the front door. The porch floor is a typical tongue-and-groove type flooring and the ceiling is beaded tongue-and-groove. The wooden trellis that used to conceal the crawlspace under the porch is extant in part, but in disrepair.

The gambrel roof was almost certainly clad in wooden shingles not only on its lower slope, but on its upper slope, lending it a strong affinity with the Shingle Style houses of the same time period. There would have been a rich, textural transition from the rought stone of the façade to the wooden shingles or shakes of the roof, making the house's walls flow into its roof in a seamless fashion. Today, the upper slope of the roof (and the porch roof) is clad in asphalt shingles. A shed dormer breaks from the front wall and features three windows while a second shed dormer breaks from the rear slope and extends to accommodate a stairhall double window over the projecting kitchen at the first floor. In general, the integrity of the house is practically unparalleled, both from an exterior and interior perspective.

The majority of windows are 6-over-1, double-hung sash, some single in their openings, and some paired. All of the wooden louvered shutters that remain are original and operable. Only two windows have been altered and they are on the rear, second-story. They date to 1930s bathroom renovations and are casement in type. The wooden single-light front door is centrally located and flanked by two



Inventory No. M

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Name Continuation Sheet

Number 7 Page 1

by three six-light panels on either side. Two pairs of double-hung windows are located on either side of the front door providing fenestration to the living room and dinning room.

The eastern façade is bisected by the large stone chimney. Double-hung windows flank the chimney on the first and second floors. Two quarter-round lunette windows are also located on either side of the chimney.

The rear southern side of the house is similar to the front with a stone façade and wood shingle, double-pitched Swedish-gambrel roof. There is a small rear porch glass solarium (most likely a screened-in porch that was glazed around the 1930s) that provides an entrance to the centrally located back door. There is a pair of double-hung windows on the east side and a single double-hung kitchen window on the west. The basement is accessible from a rear door down a flight of stairs accessible from this side of the house.

The second floor has a pair of centrally located double hung windows that provide fenestration to the grand interior staircase. The Depression-era bathroom windows flank it on either side and have been fitted into original openings.

The northwestern side of the house is also stone with windows for the kitchen, pantry, living room, bedroom and a lunette in the attic (now fitted with a louvered screen).

Interior: The house is based upon a center hall, Colonial-Revival style plan with a single-pile main block and an original kitchen extension on the rear, or southwest elevation. One enters into a wide stair hall with a prominent staircase. The cherry newel post is quite substantial and the balusters are squared. The stair rises to a wide landing lit by the double windows and containing built-in bookshelves beneath it. All told there are six newel posts in the grand stair. To the left of the entrance is the living room, with an exposed granite fireplace surround that rises all the way up the length of the wall. To the right is the dining room, with its brick fireplace with a keystone arched lintel on the wall that separates the living room and the kitchen. A pantry, with cupboards that are possibly original but certainly no later than the 1930s, joins the dining room to the kitchen, which was modernized in the 1930s. Both of the main rooms off of the stair hall are entered via intact wooden pocket doors.

The house has a traditional three-piece baseboard with a small crown molding on the first floor. The windows are cased in a traditional fashion with wood frames and trim. The floors are oak throughout the first and second floor.

On the second floor, there are two bedrooms with fireplaces on the opposite sides of the central hall. There is a third bedroom/sitting room centered between the two opposing bedrooms overlooking the front of the house. The bedroom on the northwest side of the house and that located off of the southeastern bedroom also date to 1930s modernizations and are Art Deco in character.

The amount of intact building material is especially noteworthy. All doors, windows, moldings, the stair, etc. are original. All hardware is original (except for the Art Deco bathrooms and 1930s kitchen), and features glass and brass doorknobs, brass escutcheons (some with original keys), etc.



8. Significance			Inventory No.			
Period	Areas of Significance	Check and j	ustify below			
1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 X 1900-1999 2000-	agriculture archeology X architecture art commerce communications community planning conservation	 economics education engineering entertainment/ recreation ethnic heritage exploration/ settlement 	 health/medicine industry invention landscape architecture law literature maritime history military 	performing arts philosophy politics/government religion science social history transportation other:		
Specific dates	1908-1912		Architect/Builder	A.J. Croix (Builder)		
Construction da	ites 1908-1912					
Evaluation for:				·		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	National Register	N	laryland Register	not evaluated		

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

We believe that 5004 River Road qualifies for inclusion based on the criteria set forth in Section 24-3(b) of the Montgomery County Code. Specifically, the structure meets Criterion 24A-3 (b) (2) a and c. The house has tremendous workmanship and integrity. In addition, we believe the house meets National Register Criterion C because it's a premiere example of Swedish-variant of a Dutch Colonial house and because it is one of the finest early Colonial Revival gambrel-roofed structures in the County.

Summary

The house is highly significant for its architecture, for its association with early suburbanization in emerging streetcar corridors, and for its association with the Loughborough family, one of the county's oldest and most distinguished families.

Architecturally, the house is a rare example in the County of the Swedish-gambrel roofed houses that were built as part of the earliest wave of the Colonial Revival tradition. In fact, the only other known example in the vicinity is the stone, gambrel-roofed house directly across the street, located to the immediate north of Willard Park, reportedly having been built by the same builder in 1914. The original Swedish gambrel-roofed house of the 17th and 18th centuries was known only in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland. Like the bankbarn and the German three-plan house, Maryland was the southernmost point for certain European folk traditions. The singular aspect of the Swedish gambrel-roofed house —often confused with the "Dutch Colonial" house - is the gambrel roof with upper and lower slopes of about equal length, but a lower slope of unusually steep pitch. The advantage of this type of house was the height of the ceilings in the upstairs rooms, which therefore permitted more usable space in the upper level than the typical Dutch or English gambrel. This particular style of roof was only found in the Middle Atlantic colonies. The masonry of the house also points to fine craftsmanship of a caliber that is unusually high and worthy of preservation. Secondly, the house stands as a vital remnant from a time when River Road was a link between industrial Georgetown and the early Picturesque streetcar suburbs of Bethesda and Glen Echo.

The house also is a fine example of a "suburban cottage" built at a time when trolley lines (the Glen Echo Railway and the Tenleytown Railway, in particular) enabled people to live beyond the original confines of the city and partake of the fresh air and sunshine that were the hallmarks of suburban life. The house sits on a large lot with mature trees. It is one of the first houses built in the 20th century in that section of River Road that stretches northwest of Western Avenue (the District boundary), and would have been considered a "suburban cottage."

Finally, the houses' history is tied to that of Milton, the nearby plantation, and to the Loughborough family. The house's original owner was the daughter of descendants of the original builder of Milton and a member of the Loughborough clan. The Loughboroughs had a mill along Little Falls Branch that was a highly successful operation.



¹ Hugh Morrison, Early American Architecture (New York: Dover Publications, Inc.), 506.

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No. M

Name Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 1

This house was built for Sara L. Brown on land subdivided from the old Milton Plantation. The deed transferred the property from James Henry and Margaret Loughborough to Sarah L. Brown (the Loughborough's daughter), the wife of W.H.J. Brown. The Loughboroughs were well-known Confederate sympathizers and Mr. Loughborough an actual Confederate soldier. According to William Offutt in *Bethesda: A Social History*, "James Henry Loughborough served in Lee's army as a cavalryman and then in the Signal Corps in most of the major battles of the East, including Jubal Early's 1864 "raid" on Washington. He was with the Army of Northern Virginia when it surrendered at Appomattox, and his young wife, Margaret Cabell, worked for the Southern cause in Richmond all through the war and returned home on a flag-of-truce ship in March of 1865 only at her husband's insistence. After the war Loughborough and his family rebuilt ravaged "Milton," and he lived in Bethesda and served as a justice of the peace until his death in 1921." The deed transferring the property on September 16, 1912 from the Loughboroughs to Sarah L. Brown states the property sold for a consideration of \$1.00 "and the further consideration of love and affection." The deed records reference the house on approximately half of the remaining property first deeded to Sara L. Brown by her parents (the original parcel was exactly 1 acre and this site is now 0.66 acres). The Milton Property landmark National Register of Historic Places Inventory Nomination Form states: "Francis C. Brown, a grandson of James Henry and Margaret Loughborough, has a comfortable home near River Road on part of the old plantation."

From 1925 until 1941 numerous development plans for the old Loughborough farm were proposed. Both the Loughborough Development Corporation and the Green Acres Development Company designed plans for the area. These plans included land as far south as the reservoir near McArthur Blvd. None of the platted development plans included the subdivision and/or removal of the Sara L. Brown House.

Ruth E. Baumann, Thomas Riviere's sister, purchased the property from Francis C. Brown, Sr. in April, 1956. One the same day Thomas Reviere and his wife Dorthy purchased the southeast half of the property including the house from his sister (0.49 acres). Thomas's sister kept the other half of the land along with a small house built in 1870 (noted as the guest house on a 1956 plat). When Ruth Baumann sold two lots from her parcel the remaining 7,190 square feet of her parcels was deeded to the Riviere's land. The house has remained in the Riviere family until recently, when it was sold by Mr. Riviere's descendants to a developer who plans to subdivide the property and demolish the house.

² William Offutt, Bethesda: A Social History (William Offutt), 34-35.

Inventory No. M

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Name Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 2

History of Property Ownership

The subject property is one of the remaining parcels of land which once was James Loughborough's estate "Milton" consisting of 250 acres. James Loughborough died in 1899 leaving everything to his wife Margaret C. Loughborough. Sarah L. Brown the daughter of James Loughborough inherited 5.84 acres of land in two parcels. Between 1931 and 1940 the Green Acres Development Company and the Loughborough Development Corporation planned and subdivided the majority of the old 250 acre plantation leaving the subject property on 1.1474 acres of land. Francis C. Brown (Sara L. Brown's son) and his wife Helen sold the property to Ruth Baumann who divided the property with her brother Thomas Reviere. Ruth Baumann sold the majority of her land by 1977 and the remainder was deeded to Thomas Riviere in 1980. The Riviere's sold the parcel in March 2003 to its current owner.

Date of Deed	Liber/Folio	Grantor	Grantee	Comments
1/27/1869	6/63	Nathan Loughborough	James H. Loughborough	James H. Loughborough receives clear title of 250 acres of land from his father's estate. Property is known as "Milton". Part of the Friendship tract.
9/9/1912	230/89	James H. Loughborough & Margaret C. (H/W)	Sarah L. Brown	Sold 1 acre of land for \$1.00 "and the further consideration of love and affection". Sarah L. Brown is James H. Loughborough's daughter. The subject house is located on this parcel. Part of 250 acres Loughborough inherited from James H. Loughborough. Thomas Anderson, Trustee 1/27/1869 Liber E.B.P. 6 Folio 63
10/19/1922	322/222	Margaret C. Loughborough (Widow of James H. Loughborough)	Sarah L. Brown	4.84 Acres of land abutting 1 acre parcel deed in 1912 deed as part of the James H. Loughborough estate. Liber H.C.A. No. 26 Folio 179 Will Books recorded 1922. Died 12/9/1899.
9/29/1931	Plat 1143 MSA S 1249-8954 Green Acres Blocks 4,7 & 10	Sarah L. & Francis C. Brown (H/W)	Green Acres Construction Co.	Plat 1143 Engineers Certificate: Subdivision is part of land conveyed by John A. Kingdon, Administrator for Loughborough Dev. Corp. by deed 9/29/1931 Liber 528/Folio 37. Also part of land conveyed by Sarah L. & Francis C. Brown, Sr. (H/W) to Green Acres Construction Co. 8/1/39 (no Liber/Folio reference). Liber and folio reference found in plat 1210 Liber 763 Folio 450. DOD 1/8/1940.
1/23/1934	564/115	W.H.J. Brown (Widower)	Francis C. and Helen Brown (H/W)	The subject site containing 1.0 acre.



Inventory No. M

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Name Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 3

8/10/1939	546/333	Francis C. Brown and	The Green Acres	Plat book No. 15, Plat 944 shows
		Helen H. Brown (H/W)	Development	illustrates the division of the property
			Company	leaving 1.1474 acres.
4/23/1956	2197/107	Francis C. Brown and Helen H. Brown (H/W)	Ruth E. Baumann	1.1474 Acres of land.
4/23/1956	2197/109	Lewis A. Baumann and Ruth E. Baumann (H/W)	Thomas A. Riviere and Dorthy M. Reviere (H/W)	Thomas A. Reviere purchases half of the land purchased from Francis. C. Brown by Ruth Baumann (his sister) on the same day. (0.49984 Acres).
4/15/1980	5506/611	Ruth E. Cohane (Ruth E. Baumann)	Thomas A. Riviere and Dorthy M. Reviere (H/W)	The remainder of Ruth E. Baumann's land after subdividing 2 lots. Parcel #3 of legal description 6865 square feet.
9/3/1980	5570/100	Ruth E. Cohane (Ruth E. Baumann)	Thomas A. Riviere and Dorthy M. Reviere (H/W)	A two foot wide slice of land remaining from previous subdivision Parcel #2 of legal description 325 square feet
3/26/2003	23370/148	Ruth S. Baumann	David S. Kelly	Ruth S. Baumann is Thomas Riviere's nice and the daughter of Ruth E. Baumann. The Rivieres did not have any children. The nice is co-trustee of Thomas Riviere's trust 12/5/1997 and has power of attorney as of Liber 22010 folio 382 in 12/21/2002.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No.

Quadrangle scale:

Hugh Morrison, Early American Architecture (New York: Dover Publications, Inc.), 1952.

Allan Gowans, The Comfortable House (Cambridge, Mass.: The M.I.T. Press), 1986.

William Offutt, Bethesda: A Social History (Bethesda, William Offutt), 1996.

Records of the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Section.

Records of the Montgomery County Historical Society.

10. Geographical Data		
Acreage of surveyed property0.66 acresAcreage of historical setting		

Verbal boundary description and justification

Site and Immediate Vicinity

Quadrangle name

The 28,962 square foot (.66 acres) parcel is rectangular in shape and slopes gently downward towards River Road. The site is bound by River Road on the northeast, three residential houses in the Green Acres Subdivision built in 1940 on the southeast, Greenway Drive on the southwest, and two residential houses on the northwest side. The parcel abutting the Brown House on the northwest fronting Greenway Drive contains a house originally built in 1870. The lot on the northwest side of the Brown House fronting on River Road was subdivided from the subject site in 1973 and a new house was built on the site. There is an old farm access road that dates at least to the 19th century that is now used as a driveway and bisects the northwest side of the property from River Road to Greenway Road. There is an old stone granite farm wall aligned with the northwest property line and the old farm access road.

11. Form Prepared by

name/title: David Scribner, President and members of the comm	nunity
organization: Green Acres/Glen Cove Citizens Association	date: September 8, 2003
street & number: 5313 Wakefield Road	telephone: 301/657-3231
city or town: Bethesda	state: MD

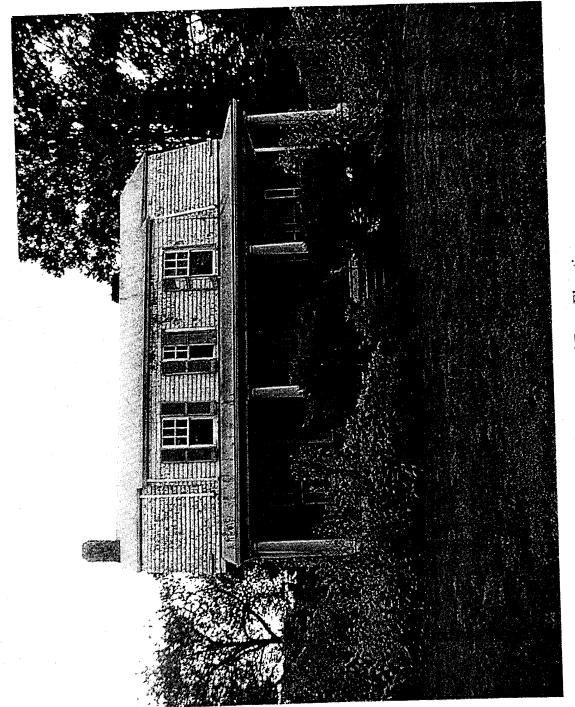
The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

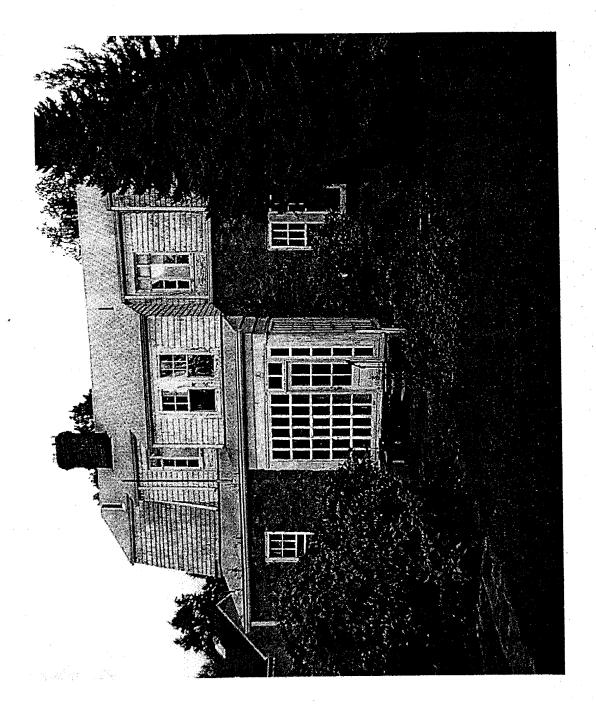
return to:

Maryland Historical Trust DHCD/DHCP 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7600



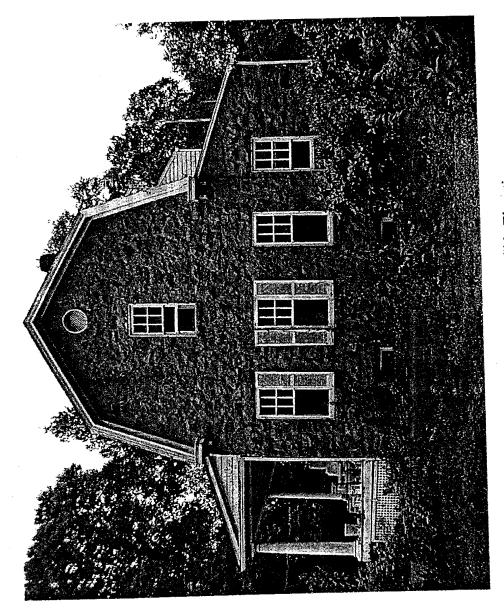


5004 River Road Front Elevation





5004 River Road Southeast Side Elevation



5004 River Road Northwest Side Elevation

DI 01 W -



Montgomery County Maryland Department of Permitting Services 255 Rockville Pike, 2nd Floor Rockville, Maryland 20850-4153 (240) 777-6300 Fax (240) 777-6262 http://permits.emontgomery.gov



APPLICATION FOR RESIDENTIAL BUILDING PERMIT

Sediment Control # 209722 Building AP #(s)	Demolitic	on#3/8/62
DESCRIPTION OF WORK: (check all that apply) ADD ALTER Gross Sq. Ft. of Area Created CONSTRUCT or Affected by this Action: DEMOLISH Estimated Cost: \$ MOVE Disturbed Land Area: FOUNDATION ONLY RESTORE and/or REPAIR * IF BUILDING A FENCE OR RETAINING WALL	RETAINING WALL	DECK DUPLEX BASEMENT POOL IN GROUND POOL ABOVE GROUND DETACHED GARAGE SHED
HEIGHT:fiin. Note: (A signed appropriate to the land of the owner Public Right	oval letter from the adjacent lot or t of Way/Easement	wner(s) is required) cated on the lot line
**NOTE: Manufacturer's Name and Model # for All Tr	allers and Modular Homes	
MODEL HOUSE PROGRAM: to build new homes Initial submittal or PREVIOUSLY APPROVED PERMIT #	REFER-BACK SYSTEM: 40 b INITIAL SUBMITTAL OF PREVIOUSLY APPROVED PER	•
New Home Model Name or #		
REVISION to ORIGINAL PERMIT #	OTHER:	
BUILDING PREMISE ADDRESS: Add'l. House #'s #		
House Number 2004 Street River Rd.	city Bethe	
Lol(s)Block	Subdivision	
Nearest Cross Street Greenway Dr		
APPLICANT INFORMATION: Contact ID #: Name of Applicant	Fax#: 301 654-6115 Ema	#: dskelly 6 C.
Address 5200 norway Dr city C	hery Chese State Mi) zip 20815
CONTACT INFORMATION: Contact ID#:	Fax#:Email	l:
Contact Person Dant Kally (If other than Applicant)	Daytime Phone	o #
AddressCity	State	Zip
Contractor SETF MH	IC or Montgomery County Builders	License #
Confractor Address		*
EXPEDITED PLAN REVIEW; I request an Expedited Plan Re	view, when available, which is sul	bjected to additional fees.
(Applicant) Storeure) Date	(Print Name)	

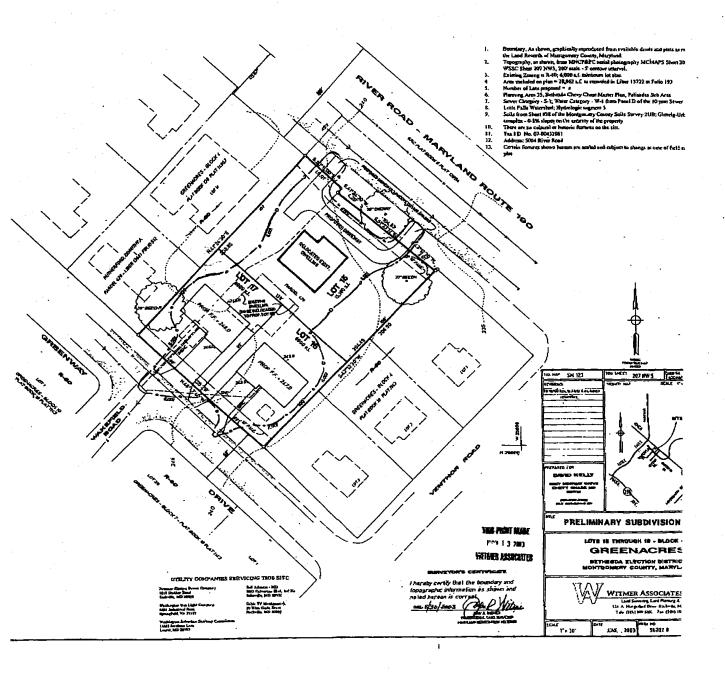
ADDITIONAL APPROVALS: Properties located within historic districts, municipalities and special taxing districts may require additional approvals beyond the required Department of Permitting Services (DPS) building permit. For projects located in the City of Takoma Park's Commercial Revitalization Overlay, certain permits must be approved by the City prior to commencing construction. Please refer to "Permit Procedures for Properties within a Montgomery County Municipality" for more information.							
TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY	Wasc		WELL	OTHER (sp	ectiy)		
SEWAGE DISPOSAL	Wssc Wssc		SEPTIC	OTHER (sp	ecify)		
MPDU 20% of this new hom	e developmer	it will be built a	s Moderate	ely Priced Dwelling Units	Yes	☐ No	
IMPACT TAX New Homes wil				area where the house is bu Credit, a copy of which		ct Tax guide)	
DAP & EDAET AGREEMENTS	Agreemen	must be attac	hed for nev	w homes when applicab	le.		
SPECIAL EXCEPTION: Is this	lot subject to	a Special Exce	ption?	☐ Yes, Case#		, ⊠ No	
VARIANCE: Has a Variance b	een granted to	perform this work	k?	Yes, Variance #		No No	
HISTORIC AREA IN ATLAS or	MASTER PL	AN: Is the pr	operty a Hi	storic resource?	Yes	⊠ No	
AUTHORIZED AGENT AFFIDA	VIT: I he	reby declare a	nd affirm,	under the penalty of p	erjury, that:		
1. I am duly authorized to make	this permit a	oplication on be	ehalf of:	Druckelly			
The work proposed by this is All matters and facts set for (Signature of Authorized Agent)	h)in this Affida		d correct to		and	-	
HOMEOWNER ACTING AS NE By this instrument, I, as the pro- contractor, I hereby declare and	erty owner, a	m applying for	an exempti		quirements fo	r a building	
 I or a member of my immediate family will perform any and all construction associated with the foregoing building permit application; and The type of improvement indicated on the building permit application is designed for use as a residence or dwelling place for my own or my immediate family's use; and I take full responsibility for all and any code violations. All matters and lasts set forth in this affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief. 							
(Signature of Probert 3 Mner)	.	bate	·	(Print Name)			
TO BE READ BY THE APPLICANT: Any information that the applicant has set forth in this application that is false or misleading may result in the rejection of the application. A condition for the issuance of this permit is that the proposed construction will comply at all times with the plans as approved by all applicable government agencies. I hereby declare and affirm, under the penalty of perjury, that all matters and facts jet forth in the building permit application are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.							
(Applicant's Signature)		Date		(Print Name)			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY Permit F	ee: \$	+ Impact	Tax, DAP o	r EDAET: \$	Balance: \$		





ORIGINAL
PROPOSED SUBDIVISION





PROPOSAL