Derek Berlage, Chairman Montgomery County Planning Board 8787 Georgia Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20910 June 30, 2004

Re: Schematic Development Plan Amendment (DPA 03-3)

Dear Mr. Berlage,

The Kensington View Citizens Association (KVCA) requests that the Planning Commission deny DPA-03-3, the application of Lilianne Tran Nguyen to remove binding conditions on the two C-T zoned properties at 11107 Valley View Avenue and 2909 University Blvd. in the Kensington View subdivision.

The current C-T zoning with binding elements was applied by the District Council to protect our residential neighborhood from inappropriate and incompatible development at the entrance to our established and stable community. Removal of the binding conditions to allow demolition of the existing structures and unspecified new construction would remove this protection. The applicant can reasonably renovate, reuse, and remodel the existing structures, even increase their size by 40% if, at site plan review, it is deemed compatible with neighboring residential and commercial uses (59-C-4.302 (c) (1-2), under current applicable standards.

Additionally, the recorded covenants for these properties state that these binding elements will **remain with the land until the property is rezoned.** As this current application is not seeking to rezone these lots, can the District Council remove the binding elements?

Approval of DPA 03-3 to remove the provisions that prohibit demolition of the two existing structures would essentially provide a "blank check" for the owner/applicant of these two lots and an adjoining 3rd lot to come back at site plan review with a proposal to do anything that can be done in a C-T zone, including resubdivision into one large lot and proposing a single mini-mall type building as proposed earlier by the applicant. Section (59-C-4.309 (a) of the county code directs that subdivision or resubdivision of lots must be consistent with the recommendations of the relevant approved and adopted master or sector plan. Resubdivision of these lots should not be permitted, if it is sought, without a great more specificity in the binding elements to ensure that the future plan fully complies with the language and intent of the existing Sector Plan and all of the applicable conditions of the C-T zone. There must be a binding commitment that all three lots will be developed according to Sector Plan recommendations and within the applicable C-T zone specifications.

The "binding elements" currently listed on the schematic plan are little more than commitments to adhere to the technical requirements of the C-T zone in a particular way. They do not provide a clear and binding commitment to maintain the three separate lots as referenced in the Sector Plan, or represent a visual commitment to provide a development that is similar to the size and scale of existing conversions and compatible with the adjoining residential neighborhood. The Approved and Adopted Comprehensive Amendment to the Sector Plan for the Wheaton Central Business District and Vicinity, September 1990 specifically references

these properties and recommends, "C-T zoning, (low intensity office development), for the northern frontages of University Blvd. between East Avenue and Valley View Avenue . . . future development should be similar in scale to the existing conversions that have taken place in the block between East Avenue and Valley View Avenue" and "the character and scale of existing low intensity residential neighborhoods must be protected". "A number of single-family structures along University Boulevard have already been converted to nonresidential uses. While some of the existing houses are large enough to lend themselves to office conversion, a number of properties would be better developed as new low-intensity office development. New development should be limited to existing lots and should be discouraged on assemblages of more than one lot. Conversion, where appropriate, and low-intensity new development are encouraged to buffer existing single-family residences from adverse effects associated with major traffic arteries." (p.46)

Regarding the role of the existing Sector Plan in this current process, page 3 of DPA-03-3 states - "Ten years has obviously passed and intervening events call into question the viability of the plan's recommendations for discouraging assemblages of properties." We believe that the opposite is true. Yes, "Master plans generally look ahead to a time horizon of about 20 years from the date of adoption, although it is intended that they be updated and revised about every ten years. It is recognized that the original circumstances at the time of plan adoption will change over time, and that the specifics of a master plan may become less relevant as time goes on." (Notice to Readers) and ". . . a Sector Plan must be periodically reviewed and adjusted to reflect future decisions, trends, and events not anticipated at the time of its adoption." (p.5)

However, in the case of the lots referenced in DPA 03-3, there has been no significant change in the character of the surrounding neighborhood since the 1990 Plan adoption to justify a change in the recommended development options for these specific parcels. The Plan states "The zoning proposed in this Plan ought to be subject to review within ten years or when events dictate." (p.45) Much of the activity currently underway or proposed in the Wheaton commercial area and surrounds were anticipated and are addressed in the existing Sector Plan and this document continues to be the relevant guidance resource for their future. There have been no fundamental changes in the basic nature of the area surrounding the subject properties. If you were to substitute Westfield Shoppingtown for "Wheaton Plaza", a lawyer's office for "Real Estate and Title Company", and the Ambassador Apartments for "Best Western Motel", you have just described the surrounding area of the subject properties as it stands today. Recommendations in this Sector Plan were thoroughly and publicly debated and evaluated by the business and civic communities, the Hearing Examiner, and the District Council at the time the current zoning on these lots was in place and ratified 3 years later in 1990.

DPA-03-3 also requests that the permitted uses for this project be expanded from general office to office/retail. KVCA strongly opposes this request to change existing permitted uses of the CT zone (banks/financial/charitable institutions, day care, duplicating services, general office, places of worship, etc.) to include "office/retail" uses, even by special exception. There is already a proliferation of special exceptions and non-residential uses in our community. More importantly, retail activities should be directed into the Wheaton CBD to support the revitalization efforts underway and should not be allowed to creep into residential communities. Also, KVCA will vehemently oppose any future requests for new "Special Exceptions" in our

neighborhood, as we are already suffering the negative consequences of spot zoning and "Special Exceptions" throughout our subdivision.

Note that "Application G-540 approved reclassification from the R-60 Zone to the C-T Zone of what is now part of Lot 7 and Lot 23 Block H, (Kensington View subdivision), under the optional method of application on September 15, 1987. This application was subject to the restrictions contained in a Schematic Development Plan (Exh. 32 (b) of G-540) which the District Council, in it's opinion (Res. No. 11-448, pg 2) states "The existing structure on-site will be retained and the only change that will result of the Councils' approval of this application will be the change in use from residential to **general office**". The original rezoning application in 1987 was for the assemblage of the lots, which was denied.

There are several letters of support in the file for this application. We would like to comment on the letters from the Wheaton Urban District Advisory Committee and the Wheaton Redevelopment Office. It is irresponsible for any organization to support projects that do not conform to relevant requirements of the zoning ordinance and applicable Sector or Master plan. Removal of the interior lot lines and resubdivision of the three lots into one is the opposite of the Sector Plan recommendation and also is not part of the application before you. The "binding elements" listed on the schematic drawing are merely a restatement of code requirements and do not address KVCA issues. These groups have frequently endorsed proposed projects without seeking information about their compliance with zoning or use requirements or community issues, often relying only on the presentation of applicant representatives. Comments in the letters in this file reflect a lack of knowledge and understanding of county procedures and processes. The letter from Charles Smith refers to retail trades and not low intensity office and is obviously not based on site inspection or an understanding of the zoning issues involved. A similar comment about the lack of awareness of the issues and concerns from the community can be made regarding the County Executives letter of support.

Many residents have a great distrust of the county decision-makers and processes based on experiences in our community, which has resulted in Acorn storage, with all-night noise and activity and security lights that penetrate deeply into nearby residences, and a large lighted sign that is on all night just feet from occupied homes. Also associated with this facility are several moving vans stored on site and the adjacent streets. We also have new houses approved with no physical street frontage to accommodate extra family cars and visitors, causing existing residents to vie for parking convenient to their homes. Many of the remaining specimen oaks and other significant trees, once part of an old growth forest, will be destroyed this summer when another approved project gets underway. "Preserving the character and integrity of existing neighborhoods" and "forest preservation" are just empty words to us, some of whom have lived here for more than 40 years.

Kensington View Civic Association opposes DPS 03-3 because it does not conform to the language and intent for the development of these properties as specified in the existing Wheaton Sector Plan. Additionally, the applicant/owner can reasonably remodel and renovate the existing structures within current regulations to achieve the same results. For these reasons, we request that the Planning Commission refer this application to the Office of the Zoning Examiner for a public hearing as provided for in 59.D.1.74 (d) (1) where opinion of the Planning Commission and any other details not available for review prior to this hearing can be discussed before this application is presented to the District Council for action.

Elizabeth Quinn Kensington View Civic Association

The fact that a development plan complies with all of the stated general regulations, development standards, or other specific requirements of the zone does not, by itself, create a presumption that the proposed development would be desirable and is not sufficient to require the approval of the development plan or the granting of the application. (59-D-1.2)

FAX COVERSHEET

To: Kathy Reilly - MNPPC

FX: 301-495-1304

From: Alice Fisher

11109 Midvale Rd. Kensington, MD 20895

301-962-5581, W 301-962-8346

Enclosed is a copy of the Code Interpretation /Policy concerning subdivisions recorded prior to the 1928 Zoning Ordinance. Since the Nguyen properties are part of the Kensington View subdivision which was recorded in July of 1925, any proposed development must conform to the standards of the 1928 code, "Therefore, standards including minimum lot area and setbacks must comply with the 1928 code". If this is not accurate please provide a written explanation along with applicable code numbers. Thanks.

Pages including cover: 6



Department of Permitting Services

Division of Casework Management 255 Rockville Pike, 2nd Floor, Rockville, Maryland 20850

Code/Year	Section of Code	Title of Code Section/Subsection/Policy
2004	59-B-5.1 and 59-B-5.3	Exemptions from Controls

CODE INTERPRETATION/POLICY

Statement/Background of Issus Lots recorded prior to 1928 are subject to different development standards for new construction or additions than those required under today's Zoning Orddinance. Historically, the Department has had to interpret whether the original 1928 Zoning Ordinance controls development or if subsequent reenactments of the 1928 Code take precedent, particulatly the 1930 Zoning Ordinance or amendments thereto.

Division Interpretation/Policy For purposes of clarification and consistency, the Department has determined that the language of the 1928 Zoning Ordinance as originally enacted will be the single reference point for determining development standarads on lots recorded prior to March 16, 1928. This is the code citation referenced in the current Zoning Ordinance and accurately reflects the language contiaaned iin the Zoning Text Amendment which amended Sections 59-B-5.1 and 59-B-5.3. Therefore, standards including minimum lot area and setbacks must comply with the provisions of the 1928 Code.

Interpretation/Policy No.	Date	Division Chlef
ZP0404-1		
		Reginald T. Jetter
Interpretation/Policy No.	Date	Assistant County Attorney
		Malcolm F. Spicer
Interpretation/Policy No.	Date	Director
		Robert C. Hubbard

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Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation MONTGOMERY COUNTY Real Property Data Search

Go Back View Map New Search **Ground Rent**

Account Identifier:

District - 13 Account Number - 02893234

Owner Information

Owner Name:

Use:

COMMERCIAL

NGUYEN, LILIANNE

Principal Residence:

NÖ

Mailing Address:

9812 FALLS RD STE 115

POTOMAC MD 20854-3976

Deed Reference:

1) /15670/ 643

2)

Location & Structure Information

Premises Address

2909 W UNIVERSITY BLV **KENSINGTON 20895**

Legal Description

PLAT 17969 KENSINGTO

N VIEW SEC 1

Grid Parcel Sub District Subdivision Section Block Lot Group Plat No: Мар HQ61 16 23 80 Plat Ref:

Special Tax Areas

Primary Structure Built

Town Ad Valorem

Tax Class 38

County Use **Property Land Area**

1939 1,459 SF 15,000.00 SF 600 Stories Basement Exterior

Enclosed Area

Value Information

	Base	Value	Phase-in Assessments	
	Value	As Of	As Of	As Of
		01/01/2004	07/01/2003	07/01/2004
Land:	300,000	360,000		
Improvements:	60,400	61,900		
Total:	360,400	421,900	360,400	380,900
Preferential Land:	0	. 0	0	0

Transfer Information

Seller: LICH & T-M NGUYEN ET AL Type: MULT ACCTS ARMS-LENGTH	Date: 03/27/1998 Deed1: /15670/ 643	Price: \$0 Deed2:
Seller:	Date: 08/09/1990	Price: \$0
Type: NOT ARMS-LENGTH	Deed1:	Deed Z:
Seller:	Date:	Price:
Typa:	Deed1:	Deed2:

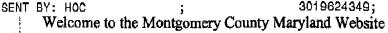
Exemption Information

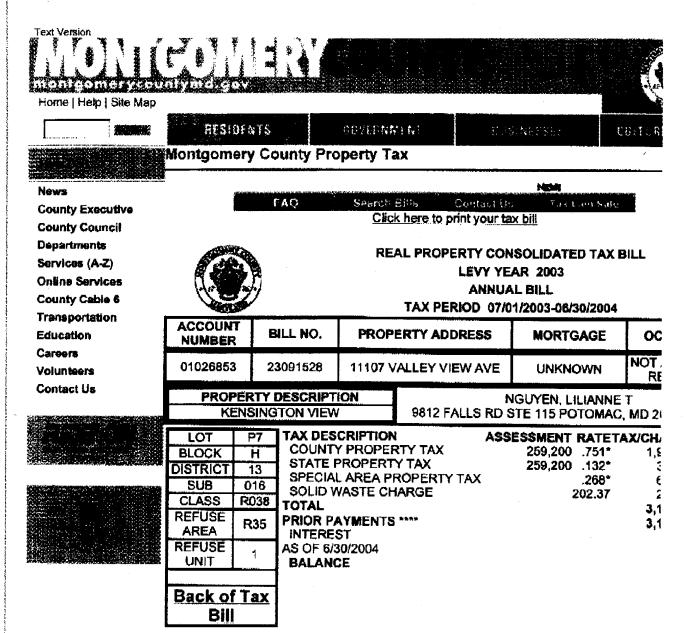
Partial Exempt Assessments	Class	07/01/2003	07/01/2004
County	000	0	0
State	000	0	0
Municipal	000	0	0

Tax Exempt: Exempt Class: NO

Special Tax Recapture:

* NONE *





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Maryland Department of Assessments and Taxation MONTGOMERY COUNTY Real Property Data Search

<u>Go Back</u> Yiew Map New Search **Ground Rent**

Account Identifier:

District - 13 Account Number - 02893223

Owner Information

Owner Name:

NGUYEN, LILIANNE

Usa:

COMMERCIAL

Principal Residence:

NO

Mailing Address:

9812 FALLS RD STE 115

POTOMAC MD 20854-3976

Deed Reference:

1) /15670/ 643

Location & Structure Information

Premises Address

2907 W UNIVERSITY BLV **KENSINGTON 20895**

Legal Description

KENSINGTON VIEW

SEC 1

Grid Sub District Subdivision Section Block Lat Map Parcel Group Plat No: 15 22 80 Plat Ref: HQ61 н

Town Special Tax Areas

Ad Valorem

Tax Class 38

Primary Structure Built Property Land Area Enclosed Area County Use 1939 1,901 SF 15,025.00 SF 602 Basement

Stories

Type

Exterior

Value Information

Base Value Phase-in Assessments Value As Of As Of As Of 01/01/2004 07/01/2003 07/01/2004 300,500 Land: 360,600 Improvements: 127,900 142,600 Total:

Preferential Land:

428,400 0 503,200 ñ

428,400 Ó 453,333 Ω

Transfer Information

Seller: LICH & T-M NGUYEN ET AL Date: 03/27/1998 Price: \$0 **MULT ACCTS ARMS-LENGTH** Type: Deed1: /15670/ 643 Deed 2: LICH & T-M NGUYEN ET AL Seller: Date: 06/17/1996 Price: NOT ARMS-LENGTH Type: Deed1: /14189/ 465 Deed 2: Seller: Date: 08/09/1990 Price:

Type:

NOT ARMS-LENGTH

Deed1:

Deed2:

Exemption Information

Partial Exempt Assessments Class 07/01/2003 07/01/2004 County 000 Ô State 000 0 0 Municipal 000 0 0

Tax Exampt: Exampt Class: NO

Special Tax Recapture:

* NONE *

Friday, February 27, 2004

Dear Kathleen and Khalid,

I'm sorry I couldn't meet with you today. As stated at our last meeting, my main requests are as follows:

1. **Do not assemble lots** on University Boulevard between East Avenue and

Valley View. This is a sensitive area and the last remaining gateway to the

Kensington View Subdivision.

The 1989 Master Plan identified Kensington View as a residential "Euclidean" zone and "Recommends C-T Zoning (low-intensity office development) for the northern frontages of University Boulevard between East Avenue and Valley View Avenue, and the south frontage of University Boulevard adjacent to Wheaton Plaza on those parcels where this zoning does not currently exist.... New development should be limited to existing lots and should be discouraged on assemblages of more than one lot. Conversion, where appropriate, and low-intensity new development are encouraged to buffer existing single-family residences from adverse effects associated with major traffic arteries." (page 46 of the Sector Plan)

2. **Do not allow zero lot line setbacks.** The Zoning Law states:

59-C-4.305. Setbacks.

All buildings must be set back from lot lines at least as follows:

(a) From any street right-of-way as shown on a master plan-10 feet.

(b) From any other lot line:

- (1) If the building has windows or apertures providing light, access, or ventilation to a space intended to be occupied for commercial or residential purposes that faces that lot line-15 feet, except as provided in subparagraph (3) below.
- (2) If the adjoining lot is in a residential zone and is not recommended for commercial or industrial zoning on a master plan-15

feet, except as provided in subparagraph (3) below.

- (3) For a building existing at the time the C-T zone is granted, the board may approve a setback of less than 15 feet, provided the smaller setback is not less than the setback existing at the time of rezoning.
 - (4) In all other cases, no building setback is required.

Filing G-229 (approving C-T zoning on 2907 University Boulevard) required an eight foot setback between 2907 and 2909 University Boulevard.

I firmly believe the purpose of not assembling lots in this area is to prevent huge buildings from being built. Using zero lot lines would achieve the appearance of assembling lots.

3. Buildings should have pitched roofs.

Since the base zone is R-60 and residential, I believe it is important that any new buildings be compatible with the neighborhood.

- 4. All construction and usage adhere to the Zoning Ordinance for C-T zoning.
- 5. Do not allow "false floors".

These floors expand the floor area regardless of whether they are used or not.

Thank you.

Eleanor B. Duckett