ATTACHMENT 1

Zoning Text Amendment No: 05-10 Concerning: Telecommunication Facility

Amendments

Draft No. & Date: 3 - 7/5/05 Introduced: July 12, 2005

Public Hearing: 9/20/05 - 1:30 p.m.

Adopted:
Effective:
Ordinance No.:

COUNTY COUNCIL FOR MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND SITTING AS THE DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THAT PORTION OF THE MARYLAND-WASHINGTON REGIONAL DISTRICT WITHIN MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND

By: Councilmembers Praisner and Knapp

AN AMENDMENT to the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance for the purpose of:

- defining amateur radio facility and allowing an amateur radio facility as a permitted use in certain zones;
- defining radio and television stations and towers and establishing special exception standards for radio and television broadcasting station and tower; and
- generally amending the telecommunication facility zoning regulations.

By amending the following sections of the Montgomery County Zoning Ordinance, Chapter 59 of the Montgomery County Code:

DIVISION 59-A-2	"DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION"
Section 59-A.2.1	"Definitions"
DIVISISION 59-B-1	"EXEMPTIONS FROM HEIGHT CONOTROLS"
Section 59-B-1.1	"Belfries, chimneys, etc."
DIVISION 59-C-1	"RESIDENTIAL ZONES, ONE-FAMILY"
Section 59-C-1.31	"Land uses"
Section 59-C-1.71	"Land uses"
DIVISION 59-C-2	"RESIDENTIAL ZONES, MULTIPLE-FAMILY"
Section 59-C-2.3	"Land uses"
DIVISION 59-C-4	"COMMERCIAL ZONES"
Section 59-C-4.2	"Land uses"
DIVISION 59-C-5	"INDUSTRIAL ZONES"
Section 59-C-5.21	"Allowable uses"
DIVISION 59-C-6	"CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT ZONES"
Section 59-C-6.22	"Land uses"
DIVISON 59-C-8	"TRANSIT STATION DEVELOPMENT AREA"
Section 59-C-8.3	"Land uses"
DIVISION 59-C-9	"AGRICULTURAL ZONES"
Section 59-C-9.3	"Land uses"

DIVISION 59-C-10	"RMX ZONES—RESIDENTIAL MIXED USE
	DEVELOPMENT"
Section 59-C-10.3.2	"Land uses"
DIVISION 59-G-2	"SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS—STANDARDS AND
	REQUIREMENTS"
Section 59-G-2.43	"Public utility buildings, public utility structures and
	telecommunication facility"
Section 59-G-2.44	"Radio and television broadcasting stations and towers"

EXPLANATION:	Boldface indicates a heading or a defined term.
	<u>Underlining</u> indicates text that is added to existing laws by the original text amendment.
	[Single boldface brackets] indicate text that is deleted from existing law by the original text amendment.
	<u>Double underlining</u> indicates text that is added to the text amendment by amendment.
	[[Double boldface brackets]] indicate text that is deleted from the text amendment by amendment.
	*** indicates existing law unaffected by the text amendment

ORDINANCE

The County Council for Montgomery County, Maryland, sitting as the District Council for that portion of the Maryland-Washington Regional District in Montgomery County, Maryland, approves the following ordinance:

Sec. 1. Division 59-A-2 is amended as follows:

- 2 DIVISION 59-A-2. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION.
- **59-A-2.1. Definitions.**
- 4 * * *
- 5 Amateur Radio Facility: Any facility used for personal, non-commercial radio
- 6 communications licensed by the Federal Communications Commission.
- 7 * * *
- 8 Radio and television broadcasting studio: A facility used for the creation and
- 9 production of radio, television, and other electronic media programming. This
- includes studios, stages, editing facilities, post-production facilities, and program
- distribution via wire or fiber optic cable. A radio and television broadcasting
- studio does not include a [broadcast] tower at the same location as the studio.
- 13
- 14 Radio and television broadcasting stations and towers. Any facility used to
- transmit radio or television communications that are intended to be received by the
- general public.
- 17 * * *
- 18 Structure: An assembly of materials forming a construction for occupancy or use
- including, among others, buildings, stadiums, gospel and circus tents, reviewing
- 20 stands, platforms, stagings, observation towers, radio and [TV] television
- broadcasting towers, [[telecommunications facilities,]] telecommunications and
- 22 <u>wireless transmission towers, monopoles,</u> water tanks, trestles, piers, wharves,
- open sheds, coal bins, shelters, fences, walls, signs, power line towers, pipelines,
- 24 railroad tracks and poles.
- 25 * * *
- Telecommunication facility: Any facility established for the purpose of providing
- 27 wireless voice, data or [and] image transmission within a designated service area.

- A telecommunication facility must not be staffed. A telecommunication facility 28 consists of one or more antennas attached to a support structure and related 29 equipment. Antennas are limited to the following types and dimensions: omni-30 directional (whip) antennas not exceeding 15 feet in height and 3 inches in 31 diameter; directional or panel antennas not exceeding 6 feet in height and 2 feet in 32 width; and satellite or microwave dish antennas not exceeding 6 feet in diameter. 33 An antenna may be mounted to a structure, a building rooftop or a freestanding 34 monopole in accordance with Sections 59-A-6.12, 59-A-6.14, and 59-G-2.43. 35 Equipment may be located within a building, an equipment cabinet, or an 36 equipment room within an existing building. No lights or signs are permitted on an 37 antenna or support structure unless required by the Federal Communications 38 Commission, the Federal Aviation Administration, or the County. 39
- 40 * * *

- Tower: A lattice-type structure, guyed or freestanding, supporting antennas used for radio[,] and television broadcasting, telecommunication, and wireless transmission.
 - Sec. 2. Division 59-B-1 is amended as follows:
- 45 DIVISION 59-B-1. EXEMPTIONS FROM HEIGHT CONTROLS.
- 46 Sec. 59-B-1.1. Belfries, chimneys, etc.
- The building height limits [set forth in this] <u>under this</u> chapter [shall] <u>do</u> not apply to belfries, chimneys, cupolas, domes, flagpoles, flues, monuments, [radio towers,] television antennae or aerials, spires, tanks, water towers, water tanks, air conditioning units or similar roof structures, and mechanical appurtenances, or, if
- associated with an optional method development project and where recommended
- in an approved urban renewal plan, rooftop architectural features, except:
- 53 (a) Where such structures are located within an airport approach area, as
 54 designated on the zoning map; or

- 55 (b) In the case of air conditioning units or similar roof structures and
 56 mechanical appurtenances located on buildings in the RT-6.0, RT-8.0,
 57 RT-10.0, RT-12.5 and R-30 Zones or constructed under the standard
 58 method of development procedures in the CBD-0.5, CBD-R, and
 59 CBD-1 Zones, this exemption is limited to 8 feet.
- [No such roof structures, however, may] A roof structure must not have a total area greater than 25 percent of the roof area except that a larger area may be approved for buildings approved by the Planning Board under the Central Business District optional method of development procedure[s in the central business district zones].

 A roof structure must not be used for any purpose other than a use incidental to the main use of the building. Exempt space [may] must not be used for retail, general and professional offices, or similar uses.

Sec. 3. DIVISION 59-C-1 is amended as follows:

68 DIVISION 59-C-1. RESIDENTIAL ZONES, ONE-FAMILY.

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70 59-C-1.3. Standard development.

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72 **59-C-1.31.** Land uses.

73 * * *

	RE-2	RE-2C	RE-1	R-200	R-150	R-90	R-60	R-40	R-4 plex	RMH 200
(b) Transportation, communication and utilities.										
* * *										
Amateur radio facility.	P*/SE									
* * *										
Public utility buildings[, public utility] and structures[, and telecommunications facilities].	[P ¹⁸ /] SE									

| Radio and television broadcasting stations and towers. | SE |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Telecommunication facility. | P ¹⁸ /SE |

- * Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height
- may be granted[[,]] by the Board of Appeals, if it can be demonstrated that additional
- height is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.
- 77 18 Subject to Section 59-A-6.12 and 59-A-6.14
- 78 59-C-1.7. R-T zones, townhouse, residential.
- 79 **59-C-1.71.** Land uses.

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	R-T 6.0	R-T 8.0	R-T 10.0	R-T 12.5	R-T 15.0
(b) Transportation, communication and utilities.					
Amateur radio facility.	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE
Public utility buildings and structures.	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE
* * *					

- 81 * Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height
- may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height
- is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

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Sec. 4. DIVISION 59-C-2 is amended as follows:

86 DIVISION 59-C-2. RESIDENTIAL ZONES, MULTIPLE-FAMILY.

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88 **59-C-2.3.** Land uses.

* * *	R-30	R-20	R-10	R-H
(b) Transportation, communication and utilities.				
Amateur radio facility.	P*/SE	<u>P*/SE</u>	P*/SE	P*/SE

* * *				
Public utility buildings and structures.				
	SE	SE	SE	SE ^[4]
Radio and television broadcasting stations and		1		
towers.	SE	SE	SE	
* * *				

Not including above ground transmission lines nor radio and television broadcasting stations and towers.]

Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height
may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height
is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

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Sec. 5. DIVISION 59-C-4 amended as follows:

DIVISION 59-C-4. COMMERCIAL ZONES.

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98 **59-C-4.2.** Land uses.

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	C- T	O- M	C-O	C-P	C- 1	C-2	C-3	C- 4	C-5	C- 6	Н-М	Country Inn
(c) Transportation, communication and utilities:		·										
Amateur radio facility.	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> SE	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>
* * *						,		-				
Public utility buildings [,public utility] and structures [and telecommunication facilities].	SE	SE	[P ⁸ /]SE	[P ⁸ /]SE	SE	[P ⁸ /]SE	[P ⁸ /]SE	SE	[P ⁸ /]SE		[P ⁸ /]SE	SE
Radio and television broadcasting stations and towers.		-	SE/P ⁵⁵			SE/P ⁵⁵	SE/P ⁵⁵		-			
Radio and television broadcasting studios.			P			P		P		Р		

* * *											
Telecommunication facility.	<u>SE</u>	<u>SE</u>	P ⁸ /SE	P ⁸ /SE	<u>SE</u>	P ⁸ /SE	P ⁸ /SE	SE	P ⁸ /SE	P ⁸ /SE	<u>SE</u>

Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height
 may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height
 is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

A [freestanding monopole for a] monopole or tower supporting antennas used for a telecommunication facility is a permitted use up to 150 feet in height with a setback of one foot for every foot of height from all residential and agricultural zoned properties.

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A radio and television broadcasting station without a broadcast tower is a permitted use.

Sec. 6. DIVISION 59-C-5 is amended as follows:

109 DIVISION 59-C-5. INDUSTRIAL ZONES.

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111 **59-C-5.21.** Allowable uses.

112 * * *

	I-1	I-2	I-3	I-4	R&D	LSC
(c) Transportation, communication and utilities.						
Amateur radio facility.	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE
* * *						
Public utility buildings [,public utility] and structures [and telecommunication facilities]. [4]	[P/]SE	[P/]SE	[P/]SE	[P/]SE	[P/]SE	SE
Radio and television broadcasting stations <u>and</u> towers [,and accessory structures].	SE/P ³³	P	SE/P ³³	SE/P ³³	SE/P ³³	SE/P ³³
Telecommunication facility.4	P	<u>P</u>	<u>P</u>	P	P	P

4 A [freestanding monopole for a] monopole or tower supporting antennas used for a 113 telecommunications facility is a permitted use up to 199 feet in height with a setback of 114 one foot for every foot of height from all residential and agricultural zoned properties. 115 33 Radio and television broadcasting station without a broadcast tower is a permitted use. 116 117 Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height 118 is needed to engage in amateur radio communications. 119

Sec. 7. DIVISION 59-C-6 is amended as follows:

121 DIVISION 59-C-6. CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT ZONES.

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123 59-C-6.22. Land uses.

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	СВ	D-0.5	CB	D-R1	CI	BD-1	CI	BD-2	Cl	3D-3	СВ	D-R2
	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	О	S	0	S	О
(c) Transportation, communication and utilities.							-					
Amateur radio facility.	<u>P*/</u> <u>SE</u>											
* * *			Ì									
Public utility buildings and structures.		SE										
Radio and television broadcasting studio.					P	P	P	P	P	P		
Radio and television stations and towers.				SE								
* * *									1			

* Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height

may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height

is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

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Sec. 8. Division 59-C-8 is amended as follows:

130 DIVISION 59-C-8. TRANSIT STATION DEVELOPMENT AREA

131 ZONES.

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133 **59-C-8.3.** Land uses.

	TS-R	TS-M
(b) Transportation, communication and		
utilities.	D#/GE	D#/GTC
Amateur radio facility.	P*/SE	P*/SE
* * *		
Public utility buildings and structures.		P
Radio and television broadcasting studios.		SE
* * *		

Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height
 may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height
 is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

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Sec. 9. DIVISION 59-C-9 is amended as follows:

139 DIVISION 59-C-9. AGRICULTURAL ZONES.

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141 **59-C-9.3.** Land uses.

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	Rural	RC	LDRC	RDT	RS	RNC
(f) Transportation, Communication and Utilities:						
Airstrip, associated with farm.		SE ²	SE	SE		
Amateur radio facility.	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE
* * *						
Public utility buildings [, public utility] and structures [and telecommunication facilities 33].	SE	SE	SE	SE	[P ³² /] SE	SE ²
Radio or television broadcasting [station or tower] <u>stations and towers</u> .	SE	SE ²	SE ²	SE	SE	SE
Telecommunication facility.	P ³³ /SE	P ³³ /SE	P ³³ /SE	P ³³ /SE	P ³² /SE	SE ²

- This use or class o[[r]] uses is not permitted in the portion of [a] any [rural] cluster development regulated by section 59-9.52 or in any [the] rural open space area [as] regulated by section 59-C-9.57[, except as noted in those sections].
- A [freestanding monopole for a] telecommunication facility is a permitted use if the height does not exceed the building height of the zone and the monopole is [[setback]] set back one foot for every foot of height from the property line.
- 149 33 A [freestanding monopole for a] monopole or tower supporting antennas used for a

 150 telecommunications facility is a permitted use up to 199 feet in height within an overhead

 151 transmission line right-of-way but must not be any closer than 300 feet to any residence.
- Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height
 may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height
 is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

Sec. 10. DVISION 59-C-10. RMX ZONES—RESIDENTIAL MIXED

157 USE DEVELOPMENT.

158 * * *

59-C-10.3.2. Land uses.

RMX-1 RMX- 1/TDR	RMX-2 RMX- 2/TDR	RMX-2C	RMX-3 RMX- 3/TDR	RMX-3C
P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE	P*/SE
SE	SE	SE	SE	SE .
P	P	P	P .	P
	RMX- 1/TDR P*/SE	RMX- RMX- 2/TDR	RMX-1/TDR RMX-2C 1/TDR 2/TDR P*/SE P*/SE SE SE SE SE	RMX-1/TDR RMX-2C RMX-3/TDR P*/SE P*/SE P*/SE SE SE SE

* Must not exceed 100 feet in height; however, a special exception for additional height may be granted, by the Board of Appeals if it can be demonstrated that additional height is needed to engage in amateur radio communications.

Sec. 11. DIVISION 59-G-2 is amended as follows:

DIVISION 59-G-2. SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS—STANDARDS AND166 **REQUIREMENTS.**

167 * * *

Sec. 59-G-2.43. Public utility buildings[, public utility] <u>and</u> structures [and telecommunication facility].

(a) A public utility building or public utility structure, not otherwise permitted, may be allowed by special exception. The findings of this subsection (a) do not apply to electric power transmission or distribution lines carrying in excess of 69,000 volts. For other buildings or structures regulated by this section, the Board must make the following findings:

(1) The proposed building or structure at the location selected is 176 necessary for public convenience and service. 177 (2) The proposed building or structure at the location selected will 178 not endanger the health and safety of workers and residents in 179 the community and will not substantially impair or prove 180 detrimental to neighboring properties. 181 (b) A public utility building allowed in any residential zone, must, 182 whenever practicable, have the exterior appearance of a residential 183 building[s] and must have suitable landscaping, screen planting and 184 185 fencing, wherever deemed necessary by the Board. (c) The Board may approve a public utility building and public utility 186 structure exceeding the height limits of the applicable zone if, in the 187 opinion of the Board, adjacent residential developments and uses will 188 not be adversely affected by the proposed use. 189 [(d)]Any proposed broadcasting tower must have a setback of one foot 190 from all property lines for every foot of height of the tower; provided, 191 that any broadcasting tower lawfully existing on September 1, 1970, is 192 exempt from the setback limitations imposed by this subsection, and 193 may be continued, structurally altered, reconstructed or enlarged; 194 provided further, that any structural change, repair, addition, alteration 195 or reconstruction must not result in increasing the height of such 196 tower above the then existing structurally designed height.] 197 [(e)] (d) Examples of public utility buildings and structures for which 198 special exceptions are required under this section are buildings and 199 structures for the occupancy, use, support or housing of switching 200

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equipment, regulators, stationary transformers and other such devices

for supplying electric service; telephone offices; railroad, bus, trolley,

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203	air and boat passengers stations; [radio or television transmitter towers
204	and stations; telecommunication facilities;] above ground pipelines.
205	[Additional standards for telecommunication facilities are found in
206	subsection (j).]
207	[(f)] (<u>e)</u> Reserved.
208	[(g)](f)In addition to the authority granted by Section 59-G-1.22, the Board
209	may attach to any grant of a special exception under this section other
210	conditions that it may deem necessary to protect the public health,
211	safety or general welfare.
212	[(h)](g) Petitions for special exception under this section may be filed on
213	project basis.
214	$[(i)](\underline{h})$ A petitioner under this section is considered an interested person for
215	purposes of filing a request for a special exception if the petitioner
216	states in writing under oath that a bona fide effort has been made to
217	obtain a contractual interest in the subject property for a valid
218	consideration without success, and that there is an intent to continue
219	negotiations to obtain the required interest or in the alternative to file
220	condemnation proceedings should the special exception be granted.
221	[(j) Any telecommunication facility must satisfy the following standards:
222	(1) A support structure must be set back from the property line as
223	follows:
224	a. In agricultural and residential zones, a distance of one foot
225	from the property line for every foot of height of the support
226	structure.
227	b. In commercial and industrial zones, a distance of one-half
228	foot from property line for every foot of height of the
229	support structure from a property line separating the subject

230		si	te from commercial or industrial zoned properties, and one
231		fo	ot for every foot of height of the support structure from
232	•	re	sidential or agricultural zoned properties.
233		c. Tl	ne setback from a property line is measured from the base
234		of	the support structure to the perimeter property line.
235		d. Tl	ne Board of Appeals may reduce the setback requirement
236		to	not less than the building setback of the applicable zone if
237		th	e applicant requests a reduction and evidence indicates
238		th	at a support structure can be located on the property in a
239		1e	ss visually obtrusive location after considering the height
240		of	the structure, topography, existing vegetation, adjoining
241		ar	nd nearby residential properties, if any, and visibility from
242		th	e street.]
243	[(2)	A suj	oport structure must be set back from any off-site dwelling
244		as fo	llows:
245		a.	In agricultural and residential zones, a distance of 300
246			feet.
247		b.	In all other zones, one foot for every foot in height.
248		c.	The setback is measured from the base of the support
249			structure to the base of the nearest off-site dwelling.
250		d.	The Board of Appeals may reduce the setback
251		•	requirement in the agricultural an residential zones to a
2\$2			distance of one foot from an off-site residential building
253			for every foot of height of the support structure if the
254			applicant requests a reduction and evidence indicates that
255			a support structure can be located in a less visually
256			obtrusive location after considering the height of the

structure, topography, existing vegetation, adjoining and
nearby residential properties, and visibility from the
street.]

[(3) The support structure and antenna must not exceed 155 feet in
height, unless it can be demonstrated that additional height up

- height, unless it can be demonstrated that additional height up to 199 feet is needed for service, collocation, or public safety communication purposes. At the completion of construction and before the final inspection of the building permit, the applicant must submit documentation to the Department of Permitting Services as to the height and location of the support structure.]
- impact. The Board may require the support structure to be less visually obtrusive by use of screening, coloring, stealth design, or other visual mitigation options, after considering the height of the structure, topography, existing vegetation and environmental features, and adjoining and nearby residential properties. The support structure and any related equipment] [buildings or cabinets must be surrounded by landscaping or other screening options that provide a screen of at least 6 feet in height.]
- [(5) The property owner must be an applicant for the special exception for each support structure. A modification of a telecommunication facility special exception is not required for a change to any use within the special exception area not directly related to the special exception grant. A support structure must be constructed to hold no less than 3

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telecommunication carriers. The Board may approve a support structure holding less than 3 telecommunication carriers if: 1) requested by the applicant and a determination is made that collocation at the site is not essential to the public interest; and 2) the Board decides that construction of a lower support structure with fewer telecommunication carriers will promote community compatibility. The equipment compound must have sufficient area to accommodate equipment sheds or cabinets associated with the telecommunication facility for all the carriers.]

- [(6) No signs or illumination are permitted on the antennas or support structure unless required by the Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Aviation Administration, or the County.]
- [(7) Every freestanding support structure must be removed at the cost of the owner of the telecommunication facility when the telecommunication facility is no longer in use by any telecommunication carrier for more than 12 months.]
- [(8) All support structures must be identified by a sign no larger than 2 square feet affixed to the support structure or any equipment building. The sign must identify the owner and the maintenance service provider of the support structure or any attached antenna and provide the telephone number of a person to contact regarding the structure. The sign must be updated and the Board of Appeals notified within 10 days of any change in ownership.]
- [(9) Outdoor storage of equipment or other items is prohibited.]

311		[(10) Each owner of the telecommunication facility is responsible for
312		maintaining the telecommunication facility, in a safe condition.]
313		[(11) The applicants for the special exception must file with the
314		Board of Appeals a recommendation from the
315		Telecommunications Transmission Facility Coordinating Group
316		regarding the telecommunication facility. The recommendation
317		must be no more than one year old.]
318	-	[(12) Prior to the Board granting any special exception for a
319		telecommunication facility, the proposed facility must be
320		reviewed by the County Telecommunication Transmission
321		Facility Coordinating Group. The Board and Planning Board
322		must make a separate, independent finding as to need and
323		location of the facility.]
324	[(k)	Any telecommunication facility special exception application for
325	•	which a public hearing was held before November 18, 2002 must be
326		decided based on the standards in effect when the application was
327		filed.]
328	[(1)	Any telecommunication facility constructed as of November 18, 2002
329		may continue as a conforming use.]
330		
331	59-G-2.44.	Radio and television broadcasting stations and towers.
332	[See section	n 59-G-2.43.]
333	Any	Radio and television broadcasting station [[or]] and tower must satisfy
334	the fo	ollowing standards:
335		(1) A [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for radio and
336		television broadcasting must be set back from the property line
337		as follows:

338		<u>a.</u>	In agricultural and residential zones, a distance of one foot
339			from the property line for every foot of height of the
340			[[support]] tower or other antenna-supporting structure.
341		<u>b.</u>	In commercial and industrial zones, a distance of one-half
342			foot from property line for every foot of height of the
343			support structure from a property line separating the subject
344			site from commercial or industrial zoned properties, and one
345			foot for every foot of height of the [[support]] tower or other
346			antenna-supporting structure from residential or agricultural
347			zoned properties.
348		<u>c.</u>	The setback from a property line is measured from the base
349			of the [[support]] tower or other antenna-supporting
350			structure to the perimeter property line.
351		<u>d.</u>	The Board of Appeals may reduce the setback requirement
352			to not less than the building setback of the applicable zone if
353			the applicant requests a reduction and evidence indicates
354			that a [[support]] tower or other antenna-supporting structure
355			can be located on the property in a less visually obtrusive
356			location after considering the height of the structure,
357			topography, existing vegetation, adjoining and nearby
358			residential properties, if any, and visibility from the street.
359	<u>(2)</u>	<u>A</u>	[[support]] structure supporting antennas used for radio and
360		<u>te</u>	levision broadcasting must be set back from any off-site
361		<u>dv</u>	welling as follows:
362		<u>a.</u>	In agricultural and residential zones, a minimum distance
363			of 300 feet, but in no case less than one foot for every
364			foot in height.

365		<u>b.</u>	In all other zones, one foot for every foot in height.
366		<u>c.</u>	The setback is measured from the base of the [[support]]
367			tower or other antenna-supporting structure to the base of
368			the nearest off-site dwelling.
369		<u>d.</u>	The Board of Appeals may reduce the setback
370	T.		requirement in the agricultural an residential zones to a
371	•		distance of one foot from an off-site residential building
372			for every foot of height of the [[support]] tower or other
373			antenna-supporting structure if the applicant requests a
374			reduction and evidence indicates that a [[support]] tower
375			or other antenna-supporting structure can be located in a
376			less visually obtrusive location after considering the
377			height of the structure, topography, existing vegetation,
378			adjoining and nearby residential properties, and visibility
379			from the street.
380	<u>(3)</u>	The [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for radio and
381		<u>televi</u>	sion broadcasting must not exceed 300 feet in height,
382		<u>unles</u>	s it can be demonstrated that additional height up to 450
383		feet	is needed for service, collocation, or public safety
384		comn	nunication purposes. At the completion of construction
385		and 1	pefore the final inspection of the building permit, the
386		appli	cant must submit documentation to the Department of
387		Perm	itting Services as to the height and location of the
388		[[sup	port]] tower or other antenna-supporting structure.
389	<u>(4)</u>	The [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for radio and
390		<u>televi</u>	sion broadcasting must be sited to minimize its visual
391		impa	ct. The Board may require the [[support]] tower or other

392	antenna-supporting structure to be less visually obtrusive by use
393	of screening, coloring, stealth design, or other visual mitigation
394	options, after considering the height of the structure,
395	topography, existing vegetation and environmental features,
396	and adjoining and nearby residential properties. The [[support]]
397	tower or other antenna-supporting structure and any related
398	equipment buildings or cabinets must be surrounded by
399	landscaping or other screening options that provide a screen of
400	at least 6 feet in height.
401 (5)	The property owner must be an applicant for the special
402	exception for each [[support]] structure supporting antennas
403	used for radio and television broadcasting. A modification of a
404	radio and television station or tower special exception is not
405	required for a change to any use within the special exception
406	area not directly related to the special exception grant. The
407	equipment compound must have sufficient area to
408	accommodate equipment sheds or cabinets associated with a
409	station or tower.
410 (6)	No signs or illumination are permitted on the antennas or
411	[[support]] structure supporting antennas used for radio and
412	television broadcasting unless required by the Federal
413	Communications Commission, the Federal Aviation
414	Administration, or the County.
415 (7)	Every freestanding radio and television broadcasting tower
416	must be removed at the cost of the owner when no longer in use
417	for more than 12 months.

418	•	<u>(8)</u>	All [[support]] structures supporting antennas used for radio
419			and television broadcasting must be identified by a sign no
420			larger than 2 square feet affixed to the [[support]] tower or
421			other antenna-supporting structure or any equipment building.
422			The sign must identify the owner and the maintenance service
423			provider of the [[support]] tower or other antenna-supporting
424			structure or any attached antenna and provide the telephone
425			number of a person to contact regarding the structure. The sign
426			must be updated and the Board of Appeals notified within 10
427			days of any change in ownership.
428		<u>(9)</u>	Outdoor storage of equipment or other items is prohibited.
429		(10)	Each owner of the facility is responsible for maintaining the
430			facility, in a safe condition.
431		<u>(11)</u>	The applicants for the special exception must file with the
432			Board of Appeals a recommendation from the Transmission
433			Facility Coordinating Group regarding the tower. The
434			recommendation must be no more than one year old.
435		<u>(12)</u>	Prior to the Board granting any special exception for a radio
436			and television broadcasting [station or] tower, the proposed
437			facility must be reviewed by the County Transmission Facility
438			Coordinating Group.
439	<u>(b)</u>	Any	radio and television broadcasting station or tower special
440		<u>exce</u> j	otion application for which a public hearing was held before
441		(ZTA	Effective Date) must be decided based on the standards in effect
442		when	the application was filed.
443	<u>(c)</u>	Any	radio and television broadcasting station or tower existing as
444		(ZTA)	Effective Date) is exempt from the setback and height

445		limitations imposed by this section, and may be continued,
146		structurally altered, reconstructed or enlarged. However any
147		structural change, repair, addition, alteration or reconstruction of a
148	•	tower existing before (ZTA Effective Date) must not result in a
149		increase in the height of the tower above the height of the tower as it
450		existed before (ZTA Effective Date).
451		
452 _.	59-G-2.58.	[Reserved] <u>Telecommunications facility.</u>
453	<u>(a)</u>	Any telecommunications facility must satisfy the following standards:
154		(1) A [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for
455		telecommunication or wireless transmissions must be set back
456		from the property line as follows:
157		a. In agricultural and residential zones, a distance of one foot
458		from the property line for every foot of height of the
159		[[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting
160		structure.
161		b. In commercial and industrial zones, a distance of one-half
162		foot from property line for every foot of height of the
163		[[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting
164		structure from a property line separating the subject site
165		from commercial or industrial zoned properties, and one foot
166		for every foot of height of the [[support]] monopole, tower
467		or other antenna-supporting structure from residential or
468		agricultural zoned properties.
169		c. The setback from a property line is measured from the base
1 70		of the [[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-
471		supporting structure to the perimeter property line.

	<u>d.</u> <u>T</u>	he Board of Appeals may reduce the setback requirement
173	to	not less than the building setback of the applicable zone if
174	<u>th</u>	e applicant requests a reduction and evidence indicates
175	<u>th</u>	at a [[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-
76	<u>sı</u>	apporting structure can be located on the property in a less
377	vi	sually obtrusive location after considering the height of the
778	st	ructure, topography, existing vegetation, adjoining and
179	ne	earby residential properties, if any, and visibility from the
180	<u>st</u>	reet.
(2)	<u>A</u>	[support]] structure supporting antennas used for
182	<u>telec</u>	ommunication or wireless transmissions must be set back
183	from	any off-site dwelling as follows:
184	<u>a.</u>	In agricultural and residential zones, a distance of 300
185		feet.
186	<u>b.</u>	In all other zones, one foot for every foot in height.
187	<u>c.</u>	The setback is measured from the base of the [[support]]
188		monopole, tower or other s antenna-supporting tructure
189		to the base of the nearest off-site dwelling.
90	<u>d.</u> .	The Board of Appeals may reduce the setback
91		requirement in the agricultural and residential zones to a
192		distance of one foot from an off-site [[residential
193		building]] dwelling for every foot of height of the
194		[[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting
195		structure if the applicant requests a reduction and
196		evidence indicates that a [[support]] monopole, tower or
197		other antenna-supporting structure can be located in a
198		less visually obtrusive location after considering the

height of the structure, topography, existing vegetation,
adjoining and nearby residential properties, and visibility
from the street.

The [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for

- The [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for telecommunication or wireless transmissions and antenna must not exceed 155 feet in height, unless it can be demonstrated that additional height up to 199 feet is needed for service, collocation, or public safety communication purposes. At the completion of construction and before the final inspection of the building permit, the applicant must submit documentation to the Department of Permitting Services as to the height and location of the [[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting structure.
- (4) The [[support]] structure supporting antennas used for telecommunication or wireless transmissions must be sited to minimize its visual impact. The Board may require the [[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting structure to be less visually obtrusive by use of screening, coloring, stealth design, or other visual mitigation options, after considering the height of the structure, topography, existing vegetation and environmental features, and adjoining and nearby residential properties. The [[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting structure and any related equipment buildings or cabinets must be surrounded by landscaping or other screening options that provide a screen of at least 6 feet in height.

525 (5	The property owner must be an applicant for the special
526	exception for each [[support]] structure supporting antennas
527	used for telecommunication or wireless transmissions. A
528	modification of a telecommunication facility special exception
529	is not required for a change to any use within the special
530	exception area not directly related to the special exception
531	grant. A [[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-
532	supporting structure must be constructed to hold no less than 3
533	telecommunication carriers. The Board may approve a
534	[[support]] monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting
535	structure holding less than 3 telecommunication carriers if: 1)
536	requested by the applicant and a determination is made that
537	collocation at the site is not essential to the public interest; and
538	2) the Board decides that construction of a lower [[support]]
539	monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting structure with
540	fewer telecommunication carriers will promote community
541	compatibility. The equipment compound must have sufficient
542	area to accommodate equipment sheds or cabinets associated
543	with the telecommunication facility for all the carriers.
544 (6	No signs or illumination are permitted on the antennas or
545	[[support]] structure supporting antennas used for
546	telecommunication or wireless transmissions unless required by
547	the Federal Communications Commission, the Federal Aviation
548	Administration, or the County.
549 <u>(7</u>	Every freestanding [[support]] structure supporting antennas
550	used for telecommunication or wireless transmissions must be
551	removed at the cost of the owner of the telecommunication

552		facility when the telecommunication facility is no longer in use
553		by any telecommunication carrier for more than 12 months.
554	<u>(8)</u>	All [[support]] structures supporting antennas used for
555		telecommunication or wireless transmissions must be identified
556		by a sign no larger than 2 square feet affixed to the [[support]]
557		monopole, tower or other antenna-supporting structure or any
558		equipment building. The sign must identify the owner and the
559		maintenance service provider of the [[support]] monopole,
560		tower or other antenna-supporting structure or any attached
561		antenna and provide the telephone number of a person to
562		contact regarding the structure. The sign must be updated and
563		the Board of Appeals notified within 10 days of any change in
564		ownership.
665	<u>(9)</u>	Outdoor storage of equipment or other items is prohibited.
566	<u>(10)</u>	Each owner of the telecommunication facility is responsible for
567		maintaining the telecommunication facility, in a safe condition.
668	<u>(11)</u>	The applicants for the special exception must file with the
569		Board of Appeals a recommendation from the
570		<u>Telecommunications Transmission Facility Coordinating Group</u>
571		regarding the telecommunication facility. The recommendation
572		must be no more than one year old.
573	<u>(12)</u>	Prior to the Board granting any special exception for a
574		telecommunication facility, the proposed facility must be
75		reviewed by the County Telecommunication Transmission
576		Facility Coordinating Group. The Board and Planning Board
377		must make a separate, independent finding as to need and
378		location of the facility.

579	<u>(b)</u>	Any telecommunication facility special exception application for			
580		which a public hearing was held before November 18, 2002 must be			
581		decided based on the standards in effect when the application was			
582		filed.			
583	<u>(c)</u>	Any telecommunications facility constructed as of November 18.			
584		2002 may continue as a conforming use.			
585					
586					
587					
588	Sec.	12. Effective date. This ordinance becomes effective 20 days after the			
589	date of Council adoption.				
590					
591	This is a correct copy of Council action.				
592					
593					
594	Linda M. L	auer, Clerk of the Council			