NAD83/91 DATUM NAD83/91 | DATU SCALE: 11"=20" SCALE: 11"= 67-8 PLAT NO. 178 67-A PLAT NO. 178 68-A PLAT NO. 178 STREET [(E) 78TH TREET EXISTING SCALE: 1" = CONDITIONS ð 20-0 PAT NO. 128 56-B PLAT NO. 178 PROP. LOT 221 AREA=9,000 SQ. FT. 0.2266 AC. SD (SEE MOTES) E EX CHURCH LEGEND SEWER MANHOLE FIRE HYDRANI WATER MANHOLE PUMI NO. 1787 SCALE: 1" = ¢ GUY WIRE 20, POWER POLE TICHT POLE HOUSE 200.00 FF=176.1 FF=168.1 2,260 SQ. FT. 01, 222 10, SQ. FT. AC. APPLICANT:
POTOMAC LAND A
POTOMAC BE
C/O MR. JOE BE
P.O BOX 60141
POTOMAC, MD 2C
TEL: (301)299-0
FAX: (301)299-0 MD 20859)299-0022 SHED BENDER SHET AL 59-A 100.00 × S03°5 کې 40"w 59-B PLAT NO. 178 58-E PLAT NO. 178 Ř. MINIMAM STREET SCHBOCK (FEET)
MINIMAM SIDE YARDS (FEET)
SUM OF SIDE YARDS (FEET)
MINIMALM REJAR YARDS (FEET)
MAX. LOT BUILDING COVERAGE (%) PROPOSED UNIS ----2
PROPOSED UNIS ----2
PROPOSED UNIS ----2
PROP UNIS 23---2,000 SQ. FT.
PROP UNI 222-11,02065 ACRE
PROP UNI 222-11,02065 ACRE
1014 20,000 SQ. FT.
1014 20,000 SQ. FT.
1014 20,000 SQ. FT.
1014 20,000 SQ. FT. PRELIMINARY PLAN NO. 1-05103 SITE TABULATION
TOTAL SITE AREA- 0.4591 ACRE
SITE ZONING IS R-90
EXISTING LOT----- 1 MINIMUM LOT AREA (SO. FT.)
MINIMUM LOT WIDTH (FEET)
AT FRONT BLOC. LINE
AT STREET LINE
YARD REQUIREMENTS ** BUILDING HEIGHT AND COVERAGE WILL BE PROVIDED WITHIN THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE AT THE TIME OF BUILDING PERMIT APPLICATION I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE PLAN OF SUBDINSON WAS REPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION SO.—A OF THE MONTCOMERY COUNTY SUBDINSON OF REGULATIONS, THAT THE BOUNDARY SHOWN IS BASED OF FELD SURVEYS BY MONDAMY COUNTY SUBDINSON OF REGULATIONS AND MONTERED BY DEATH OF THE MONDAMY OF THE MONDAMY OF THE MONDAMY OF THE MONDAMY COUNTY AND THE MONDAMY COUNTY, MARY MAND AND THAT THE TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS BASED ON THE SAME AFORESAID SETBACK PROVIDED IS SHOWN BASED ON THE "ESTABLISHED BUILDING LINE" ACCORDANCE WITH ZONING CODE SECTION 59—A-5.33. GENERAL NOTES APPLICABLE R-90 ZONING DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS SECTION 59-C-1.32 (STANDARD WETHOD) CATEGORY 5-1.

CATEGORY 5-1.

CATEGORY 5-1.

THE SITE UES WITHIN POTDWAC RIVER WATERSHED.

THE SITE WAS GRAWIED AND EXEMPTION FROM THE FOREST CONSERVATION

THIS SITE WAS GRAWIED AND EXEMPTION NO. 4-05253E.

THE SITE IN LESS IN FLOOD ZONE "C". AREA OF MINIMAL FLOODING, AS INDICATED (
THE FEM FLOOD WISHBANGE RITE MAP OF MONIFOMERY COUNTY, MARTLAND,

COMMUNITY PAUEL INO. 2-00049-0175-0. REVISED ON AUGUST 1, 1984.

THE OWNER DEVELOPER MILL DEDICATE THE REQUIRED PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT

THE OWNER DEVELOPER MILL DEDICATE THE REQUIRED PUBLIC UTILITY EASEMENT TOTAL AREA =20,000 SO, FT. OR 0.4591 ACRE.
EXISTING ZONING IS R-90.
WATER CONSTRUCTED UNDER WSSC CONTRACT NO. 4235Y AND SEWER
CONSTRUCTED UNDER WSSC CONTRACT NO. 48153. WATER CATEGORY W-1 AND SEWER --- DATE 6110 EXECUTIVE BLVD, SUITE 110
ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20652
CONSULTING ENGINEERS P LANDMARK E FRONTAGE OF PROPERTY.

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FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES ONLY AND AT THE TIME OF FRAIL BUILDING FERMIT.

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MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND CABIN JOHN PARK, 9,000 ENGINEERING, REFERENCES ON THE RECORD PLAT OBLIGATING THE DUTY TO MAINTAIN THE CRAVES, ROOP DEANS AND WITH SHELL CONNECT TO THE PUBLIC DRAIN SYSTEM WITH SHALL ACSO BRIGHTE THE TWO LOT OWNERS TO THE PROVINE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM IN 75 25 30 8 8 25 25 25 30 10 PHONE: (301) 230-5881 FAX: (301) 230-5884 PLANNERS SURVEYORS WSSC SHEET 208NW08 TO BE PROVIDED 9,000 75 25 32.4* 8 25 25 NRI/FSD NO. 4-052253E APPROVED: MARCH 10, 2 VICINITY SECTION 1 INC. PROJECT NO.: 2000' 9 2005



CABIN JOHN CITIZENS ASSOCIATION

P.O. Box 31, Cabin John, MD 20818

Organized 1919
Charter Member Montgomery County Civic Federation

Burr Gray - President Larry Heflin - Vice President Bruce Wilmarth - Treasurer Gary Barnhard - Secretary

June 30, 2005

Eric and Daphne Federing 6520 77th St. Cabin John, MD 20818

Re: Zoning Matter – Preliminary Plan No. 1-05103 (Cabin John Park Section 1); Resubdivision of Lot 56A located at 6517 78th St.

Dear Eric and Daphne,

This letter responds to your letter of June 22, 2005 requesting the support of the Cabin John Citizens Association (CJCA) in opposing the subdivision described as Preliminary Plan No. 1-05103 (Cabin John Park Section 1); Resubdivision of Lot 56A located at 6517 78th St.

We do not have any formal CJCA meetings scheduled until September. However, given the fact that the County may review this matter over the summer, I have discussed this particular issue with the other CJCA officers. We are all very concerned by the proposal, in part due to the nature of the pipestem lot that would be created and in part due to the impact on the immediate neighbors downgradient from the lot.

A few years ago, CJCA members listened to the "pro's and con's" regarding the proposed subdivision and creation of a pipestem lot at 6519 76th St. In that case, the neighbors were in opposition to the pipestem lot, and the consensus at the meeting was to oppose the proposal. That lot was never subdivided. The main concern voiced during the meeting was that pipestem lots present a real possibility of overcrowding in the community and the elimination of a feeling of space. Cabin John is in the midst of a transition where small homes are sold then knocked down and replaced by larger ones. The somewhat bucolic feel of our community is quite important to those who live here and so CJCA is quite sensitive to proposals, as is the case here, that will eliminate a great deal of the natural environment on a property. CJCA tries not to be "knee-jerk" in its reaction to development and in fact, decided deliberately a couple of years ago to not object to the subdivision of a lot located at 6526 75th St. because there was adequate space for two new homes that would both be set back the same distance from the road.

A few years ago, I personally assisted one of the homeowners immediately downgradient from the current property at issue (6517 78th St.) as he struggled to prevent damage to his house from water flowing from upgradient properties. The creation of even more impervious area uphill will certainly exacerbate this serious issue.

We will be willing to submit comments to the County (M-NCPPC) when the opportunity arises as well as testify in person if a public hearing is held. Please call me (703-607-2740 (w)) if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Burton Gray CJCA President Ms. Cathy Conlon
Subdivision Supervisor
Development Review Division
Maryland – National Capital Park and Planning Commission
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910

Dear Ms. Conlon:

We respectfully request the opposition of the Commission to a resubdivision proposal known as Preliminary Plan No. 1-05103, (named Cabin John Park Section 1), which would be a resubdivision of Lot 56A in the property otherwise known currently as 6517 78th Street. We understand that you will consider this matter for internal review on July 5th and that a hearing before the Montgomery County Planning Board is not likely to be held until after Labor Day.

The reasons for our opposition are extensive. They are focused on environmental impact, likely damage to adjacent properties, and a precedent that could lead to unfunded infrastructure improvement mandates for Montgomery County and its taxpayers. We ask for the Commission's opposition to this resubdivision Plan both in its particulars and also as a generic public policy for similar parcels in the one-block corridor between 77th and 78th streets bounded by MacArthur Boulevard and Tomlinson Avenue. Issues include:

Environmental Impact

The existing natural eastward slope of Lot 56A has been in place for many decades. The topography allows rainwater drainage to disperse naturally across Lot 56A and otherwise into what is understood to be a water easement within 7.5 feet of the property line to Lot 59A (also known as 6520 77th Street). The hard clay earth makes this scheme a necessity; the more the earth is covered by homes or supporting structures like driveway, the more water will flow and flow quickly to the lowest natural points. There is currently no property damage from Lot 56A runoff either to Lot 59A, to Lot 59B or to the other adjacent parcels between Lot 56A and MacArthur Boulevard or between Lot 55B and MacArthur Boulevard.

The Plan for resubdivision, we believe, would result in significant property damage due to increased runoff. To accommodate two homes, as the Plan proposes, significant changes in topography have been proposed. The lack of land to absorb the natural drainage of rainfall would be acute.

Under current Zoning, a home may have no more than a 30 percent footprint on these lots. Based on the engineering plan as submitted, we believe that the two proposed homes combined with long driveways could cover at least half of existing lot 56A.

With the topographical changes, the homes would act as dams, the driveways (especially of proposed Lot 222) would act as funnel swales, and the water could be expected to flow heavily

towards the easement, resulting in dramatically increased water flow for all adjacent lots between Lot 56A and MacArthur Boulevard.

Lot 56B (also known as 6523 78th Street) is home currently to the Saint George Coptic Orthodox Church. The topography of that lot – which includes two structures and a parking lot) also drains water towards the easement. The proposed Plan for Lot 56A effectively creates a dam in both Proposed Lot 221 and 222, forcing the water artificially at the property line with Lot 56B to drain immediately towards the easement, and therefore in greater volume and with greater speed.

A similar resubdivision proposal, adopted in 1980, is considered by at least one of those property owners (Lot 60D also known as 6510 77th Street; signatory to this letter) to have been a grave mistake. Since buying this home, the homeowner has spent many thousands of dollars attempting to mitigate and otherwise control the continual water damage to the home's foundation. Standing water in the yard, and the mosquitoes this invites, has been a constant problem.

We are in the process of exploring a professional assessment of existing environmental conditions as well as those to be expected in the resubdivision proposed in the Plan

There are a number of majestic, mature trees that would certainly be impacted negatively by increased water flow from a resubdivided Lot 56A. Trees that are weakened or drowned due to increased water flow would present a danger to property owners and a loss to the community at large.

Overall, it is our contention that the environmental mistake made in 1980 must be avoided now and in the future. In addition, the resubdivision of 1980 was achieved in part as a zoning matter by an agreement of two east-west adjacent property owners who subdivided simultaneously. In consideration of the proposed Plan, there is no agreement between the owner of Lot 56A and the owner of Lot 59A (who is signatory to the letter).

Board approval of the Plan could be construed as a defacto property taking since real property damage to adjacent lots could be anticipated for any resubdivision of Lot 56A.

Another specific (and generic concern) is land use policy and the lack of such a study by the County for the precedent that could be set by the proposed Plan and further resubdivisions.

Ill-conceived precedent and potential for unfunded mandates

We believe the precedent of resubdividing Lot 56A could over time constitute an unfunded mandate to the County and taxpayers. The mandate would originate from doubling the home population on certain streets in Cabin John within a block of MacArthur Boulevard. The demand arising from this increased land usage would come in the form of necessary infrastructure improvements ranging from storm drainage to street modernization to widening MacArthur Boulevard (which is not possible due to the Aqueduct below).

For example, at great expense to the County a storm drain modernization project was just completed on 78th Street due to a unique environmental (i.e., water drainage) concern in the vicinity of Lot 67-B (also known as 6518 78th Street). The proposed Plan would add two driveways into 78th street, one of these being nearly 200 feet long in 1-shaped length This driveway for Proposed Lot 222

would not spill into 78th Street at a point that would allow capture of the runoff by the new storm drain system. Indeed, the topography suggests that this driveway would flow downgrade towards the water easement. To raise the topography and to at least partially address the drainage issues would create a problem to replace the one solved on 78th Street.

In addition, increased traffic flows on such streets as 77th and 78th Streets could not be accommodated safely by the existing width of such streets. Indeed, when MacArthur Boulevard becomes backed up from the one-lane Cabin John Bridge during rush hours, it is common to find non-area motorists racing up side streets like 77th and 78th Streets. Adding increased residential traffic into that scenario is a prescription for unsafe pedestrian and vehicular conditions. A viable solution would be to widen the streets, which would be born by the County and by taxpayers. Increased density in the absence of land use planning for in-fill, resubdivided projects like the one proposed in the Plan threatens to be costly to Cabin John residents in particular and County residents in general.

Enclosed please find a letter from the Cabin John Citizens Association in support of our petition.

We thank you for your consideration and will respond to any questions the Commission might have.

Sincerely,

Eric and Daphne Federing (6520 77th Street)

DANIER J. FRISCH, 6506 7711 St

Tatana Berne

Tatiana and Erich Eichmann (6516 77th Street)

Pete and Joanne Couste (6510 77th Street)

6110 Executive Boulevard, Suite 110 Rockville, Maryland 20852

consulting engineers • planners • surveyors

(301) 230-5881 Fax: (301) 230-5884

E-mail: landmarkengr@aol.com

July 22, 2005

Ms. Cathy Conlon
Subdivision Supervisor
Development Review Division
Maryland-National Capital Park and Planning Commission
8787 Georgia Avenue
Silver Spring, MD 20910

RE: Cabin John Park, Section 1 Resubdivision of Lot 56A Preliminary Plan No. 1-05103

Dear Ms. Conlon:

We have been asked by the Applicant, Potomac Land Associates, Inc., to forward this letter to you in response to comments presented by agency reviewers in regard to the subject resubdivision application at the Development Review Committee Meeting of 5 July 2005. In addition, please find responses to comments presented to you by owners of four properties in the defined neighborhood area in their letter dated 1 July 2005.

DRC Comments and Conditions

1. Development Review Division - Subdivision Section.

While making a finding for approval of the resubdivision based on application of the stated criteria, the applicant was requested to reconfigure the Neighborhood and Tabular Summary to exclude parts of lots.

Attached please find the reconfigured table. Please note, lots have been arrayed into three categories under the "origin" criterion. As shown, the defined neighborhood area is comprised of 15 lots constituted by subdivision, 17 lots created by resubdivision (inclusive of the 2 proposed lots), and 3 lots created by deed partition.

The 3 deeded lots are the "parts of lots". We have separated them from the other lots in an effort to meet your request. We retained them in that segregated fashion, however, as we thought it helpful to present a complete description of the neighborhood's character. The partial lots exist; are improved with homes; and those houses can be legally retained on the parts of lots. As such, the partial lots are likely to remain in their current configuration and do and will contribute to the character of the neighborhood. For this reason, we deem the existence of these partial lots in the Planning Board's review of this application both appropriate and relevant to the required findings of the Board.

2. Countywide Planning Division - Environmental Planning.

The applicant was encouraged to explore: a) reconfigure driveway design to minimize disturbance of roots of trees on the neighboring property (to the south), b) use of a shared driveway along the north property line, and c) reconfiguring driveway to the rear lot to reduce impervious surface.

The following adjustments and conclusions have been determined:

A) In follow-up to the tree disturbance concern, on 19 July, we had a field meeting with Mr. Bill Dunn (ISA Certified Arborist #MA-0623) of Bartlett Tree Experts to review the proposed site plan as it relates to the trees on the neighboring property to the south (Lot 55B). The two larger trees near the common lot line with our property are 26" and 28" DBH silver maples in relatively good condition. Mr. Dunn stated that we should be a minimum of 3 diameters from the root base at the ground line with any disturbance. He determined a distance of 5 diameters preferable.

In addition, Mr. Dunn recommended that the tree roots of these adjacent trees be pruned at the limits of disturbance (LOD). Further, he recommends tree protection fencing be set along the LOD to prevent construction activities for the duration of the building construction.

Per Mr. Dunn's findings, we have shifted the location of the proposed driveway farther from the common lot line. The now proposed driveway will be 12 feet from the nearest tree to the common lot line (the 28" silver maple) -- a distance of over 5 diameters from the root base at the ground line. Please see the revised plan. We will employ the recommended tree root pruning and protective fencing per Mr. Dunn's advice.

B) We studied the impacts of adopting a shared driveway and reorienting the pipestem to the north portion of the lots. Use of a shared driveway yielded negligible reduction in area required for paving while producing an option that is less desirable from an engineering, planning and functional standpoint. Reorienting the pipestem and drive to the north (proposed for the south) would, to accommodate potential for two cars passing on the front portion of drive at the same time, involve expanding the curb-cut there. This would require removal of two (2) desirable, mature cedar trees. Further, placing the pipestem on the north would involve additional grading and fill to ensure direction of storm water away from the rear of the site than would maintaining the pipestem on the south. In that regard, the proposed configuration's grading plan fits better with the existing topography and better relates the house on the back lot to neighboring properties. Finally, a shared driveway introduces greater opportunity for on-site auto and other conflicts as well as complicates maintenance arrangements. Upon investigation, the proposed program appears to present the better solution.

C) We have and will continue to explore opportunities for reducing the area of the driveway to the rear lot as architectural plans for the rear house evolve. We expect reduction is possible. The Applicant believes strongly, however, that the best design approach for the house on the Lot 222 is to make its main and entry elevation perpendicular to and directly visible from the street. This would be contrasted with a shorter driveway leading directly to a garage, where the garage and parking pad would be the most visible feature to a passerby. As a practical matter, therefore, some portion of the front of the rear lot will be dedicated to a driveway, allowing the garage entry to be tucked behind the front lot. We think that design approach is the more desirable for enhancing neighborhood character and for value.

Further, as shown on our Stormwater Management Concept Plan (which has been approved by MCDPS), we would direct stormwater from the driveway toward the front of the property – filter it across a lawn – and then direct any remaining excess flow into a storm drain. This approach will eliminate shedding storm water from newly introduced impervious surfaces to the rear of the lot, which is low and currently wet during storms due to runoff from our and surrounding lots. Indeed, the proposed situation will affect a reduction in the amount of stormwater that currently reaches the back of the property in its unimproved condition.

3. MCDPS - Stormwater Management

The department approved the approved Stormwater Management Concept Plan, but conditioned it on implementing the latest standards for topsoiling (reference letter of Mr. Richard Brush to Mr. David Albamonte of Landmark Engineering, dated 29 June 2005).

We will comply with the cited topsoiling standards and all applicable regulations.

4. MCDPWT - Transportation

The department recommended installation of curbs, standard driveways, and placement of a covenant for future sidewalks.

We will comply with all requirements of MCDPW&T and document them at the time of processing the record plat and right of way construction permit.

5. Countywide Planning Division - Transportation Planning

The division recommended placement of a covenant for future sidewalks.

As above, we agree to the placement of such a covenant.

We believe this fully addresses all comments and conditions raised by the DRC and the review process.

Response to Certain Neighbors

Reference is made to the letter of the owners of four neighboring property owners to you of 1 July 2005.

At the outset of our planning for this resubdivision, we observed the existing stormwater drainage issue at the rear of the property that is the subject of the majority of points raised in the letter. It is a valid issue, arising from both the neighborhood's topography and amplified by the manner employed to neighborhood lot development, including some of the signatories to the letter. We understand and appreciate the concern.

Far from being dismissive of related concerns, however, we affirmatively addressed them in our planning for our lots and in the program submitted for approval. Indeed, our program will not contribute additional runoff to the rear of the lot – but it will decrease existing stormwater drainage there to 25% of the existing condition (see attached calculation). The program improves the existing stormwater concern. As noted, the proposed program was approved by MCDPS in its approval of the Stormwater Management Concept Plan, and we have no negative comments from other impacted agencies.

We have made this investment in planning and have committed to significant additional costs in stormwater management site work and drainage installations both to be a good neighbor and for the benefit of the eventual owners of the houses on our lots. As such, the proposed plan is responsible and is responsive to the concerns expressed by some neighbors.

Please find specific responses to points made in the letter:

1. The letter describes an "understood water easement within 7.5 feet" of the rear property line.

There is no water or drainage easement of record that we could find. Nonetheless, our program would not change the grade at the rear for the lot within approximately 25 feet of the rear property line. It would be not interfere with existing drainage patterns for surrounding properties.

2. The letter states the neighbor's belief that resubdivision would cause significant damage due to runoff and, further, involves significant changes in topography.

Our plan would sensitively shed both existing and planned stormwater runoff from the rear of the property toward 78th Street (away from the rear of the lot), thus actually substantially reducing runoff. This has been accomplished by careful siting of proposed houses and modest regrading (a maximum change of less than 3 feet at the front of the proposed house on the rear lot) and by installation of a storm drain. The topography over the majority of the site would remain unchanged and, where changed, is generally within a foot or so of existing conditions.

3. The letter cites the Zoning Code requirement for 30% "footprint" coverage.

Although no Site Plan approval is required for this resubdivision, the development illustrated on the Preliminary Pan proposes building coverage of 20.5% and 20.3%, both well under the 30% allowance of the Zoning Code. The Applicant would expect that as architectural plans evolve, building footprints would actually be less.

4. The letter stated that topographic changes and improvements would act as dams and increase runoff to neighboring properties to the south.

The plan would not in any way alter existing drainage for properties to the north. No "damming" impact will occur. As described above, runoff for properties to the south will actually be reduced from the current condition.

5. The letter states that drainage from our immediate northern neighbor, the Saint George Coptic Church, drains toward the rear easement and that our plan will act as a dam and direct water to the rear easement with greater volume and speed.

Drainage for the Church will not be altered in any way. Part of the Church site actually drains toward 78th Street and the balance to the rear of the Church lot – and then onto the rear of our lot. This condition will continue at the present volume and speed. Our program in no way dams existing flows. Again, we have found no evidence of a recorded easement.

6. The letter references a resubdivision to the south as a mistake because of water problems experienced there.

In planning for this resubdivision, we observed drainage issues. The Applicant's program and investments are designed not only to avoid them – but would lessen the impact of existing drainage issues currently experienced by neighbors to the south. The concerns cited do not result from resubdivision, but could result from inadequate prior site and stormwater management planning.

7. The letter raises concerns over increased stormwater volume and flow damaging trees on neighboring lots.

As discussed above, the plan will not create additional drainage and increase the volume or flow of water in a way affecting neighboring trees. In addition, per the County's request, we have modified the earlier proposed plan to address possible impact of the proposed driveway to the rear lot on the neighboring lot's trees.

8. The letter makes reference to an agreement between neighboring property owner's precedent to a 1980 resubdivision occurring on the block to the south and seems to imply the need or appropriateness for one.

We have no specific knowledge of an agreement precedent to the cited resubdivision. There is no requirement for such an agreement in this case on our part. It appears to us, however, that the abutting property to the rear would not have adequate dimensions to allow for resubdivision without the Applicant's approval. The Applicant has had discussions with the neighbor about their plans and this issue was not then raised. In any case, they are not applying for such a plan.

Further, the Applicant had approached the neighbor to the rear, and several others, in an attempt to understand specific concerns and describe our program and its impacts. Mr. Federing declined to discuss it.

9. The letter makes comments on planning policy and potential for unfunded mandates.

The project is in conformance with longstanding and reaffirmed planning and zoning (R-90) policy for the neighborhood. It is consistent with the existing character and pattern of development in Cabin John. The Applicant believes it will enhance this character and will certainly increase tax revenues available to the State and County. The existing infrastructure affected appears to all have the capacity to accommodate the project.

We hope this fully and comprehensively addresses concerns and issues raised, and we request that this be placed on the earliest available Planning Board agenda for approval. Please feel free to contact me or Bob Dalrymple at Linowes and Blocher (301-961-5208) if you have additional questions.

Best regards,

Landmark Engineering, Inc.
Charles T. Grimsley, P.E.

cc: DRC Members

M-NCPPC Environmental Planning - Amy Lindsey/Steve Federline

M-NCPPC Transportation Planning – Scott James

MCDPS - Bill Campbell

MCDPW&T - David Adams

WSSC – Ross Beschner

Signatory neighbors to Letter of July 1, 2005 to Cathy Conlon, M-NCPPC:

Eric and Daphne Federing – 6520 77th Street

Tatiana Eichman – 6516 77th Street

Pete Couste – 6510 77th Street

Daniel J. Frisch – 6508 77th Street

Burton Gray, CICA President.

Joe Bender, Potomac Land Associates

Brendan Manger, Potomac Land Associates

Robert C. Dalrymple, Esq., Linowes & Blocher

Joe Lapan, Esq., Linowes & Blocher

Enclosures