**MCPB** Item No. 5

Date: 2/4/16

#### Subdivision Staging Policy – Alternative Constructs for Transportation Adequacy Testing

EG

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Completed: 2/1/16

#### Description

This item is a continuation of the Planning Board roundtable discussion held on January 14th regarding potential new Subdivision Staging Policy (SSP) constructs for transportation adequacy testing. In the context of that discussion, the Board was briefed on a potential new policy area typology structure differentiated by development character – Transit Oriented Development ("TOD") and "Beyond TOD". This typology groups the County's Metro Station Policy Areas (MSPAs), Central Business Districts (CBDs) and "Emerging Centers" as "TOD" areas while grouping the remainder of County as "Beyond TOD" areas. In addition, the Board was presented with the following three (3) alternative approaches for the application of transportation adequacy testing:

- JOB ACCESS VIA TRANSIT & VMT/HOUSEHOLD This approach places a priority for the policy area-wide test on job access via transit in TOD areas and VMT per household in the Beyond TOD areas.
- JOB ACCESS VIA TRANSIT & JOBS/HOUSING BALANCE This approach places a priority for the policy area test on job access via transit in TOD areas and the balance between jobs and housing in the Beyond TOD areas.
- NON-AUTO DRIVER MODE SHARE (NADMS) & JOBS/HOUSING BALANCE This approach entails an initial payment in lieu of the impact tax based upon the cost of the development and the Policy Area NADMS goal.

The recent feedback received from the Board concerning the SSP is clearly focused on moving in a new direction for transportation adequacy testing. Key elements of this feedback are summarized and organized categorically as depicted below.

Place Types	Tests for Adequacy	<u>Payments</u>
Use Metrics to Group Places or Areas	Should Reflect Policy	How Much is Collected?
Grouping Should be Intuitive	Combine Area and Local Test Where Feasible	Where Does It Go?
Group Should Reflect Policy	Try to Address "Last In" Issue	Capital vs Operating Cost?
Consider General Plan Guidance	"Look Up" Metrics Better Than "Black Box" Metrics	
Grouping of current policy area boundaries OK	Need to Be Able to Forecast Metrics	

Today's roundtable will include discussion of the following:

- A hypothetical new SSP framework generally reflective of the County's General Plan in terms of policy area categorization and described in terms of how the approach would work with respect to: (1) screening to determine when transportation tests are applied; (2) evaluation thresholds to determine transportation adequacy and; (3) mitigation for inadequate transportation conditions.
- Next steps regarding the consideration of alternative new SSP constructs, including a review of key SSP Update schedule milestones.

The Planning Board is strongly encouraged to review the information provided in the PowerPoint presentation developed in support of this discussion. This item is included as an attachment to this report.

Attachment – PowerPoint presentation entitled "Subdivision Staging – New Concepts Discussion (Continued): Planning Board Worksession, February 4, 2016"

EG/ PD/TA/aj

# Subdivision Staging – New Concepts Discussion (Continued)

Planning Board
Worksession
February 4, 2016

## What We Have Heard & Today's Focus

### Place Types

- Use Metrics to Group

  Places or Areas
- Grouping Should Be Intuitive
- Grouping Should Reflect Policy
- Consider General Plan Guidance
- Grouping of Existing
  Policy Area Boundaries
  OK

### Tests for Adequacy

- Should Reflect Policy
- Combine Area & Local
  Test Where Feasible
- Simplify-Try to Address "Last In" Issue
- "Look Up" Metrics Better Than "Black Box" Metrics
- Need to Be Able to Forecast Metrics

## → <u>Payments</u>

How Much Is Collected?

Where Does It Go?

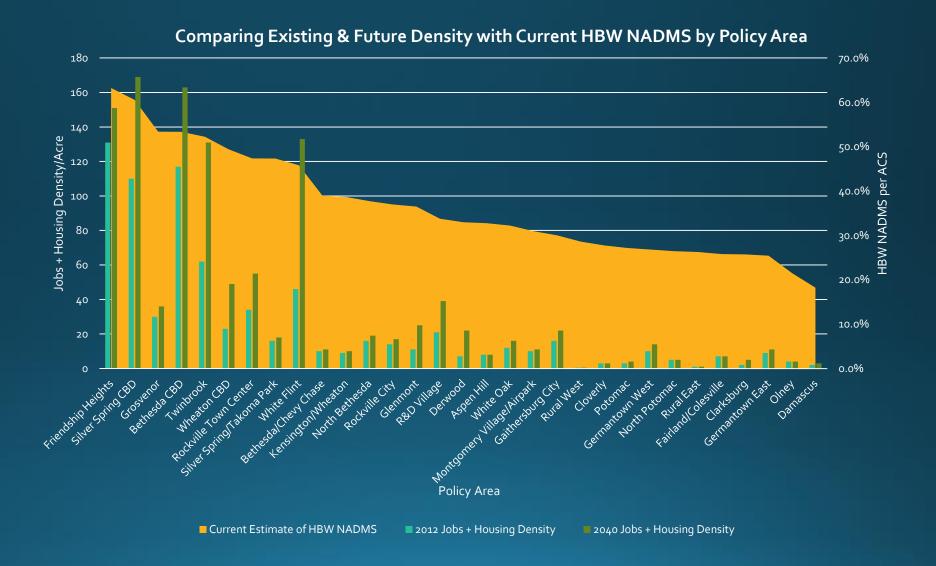
Capital vs Operating Costs?





Making Some Progress

Using Three Metrics to Group Places



## Example Grouping of Policy Areas

#### Core, or Corridor with Metrorail

FH Silver Spring CBD Bethesda CBD Twinbrook

White Flint

Suburban, or Corridor with Metrorail, Purple Line, or CCT

Grosvenor
Wheaton CBD
Rockville Town Center

Chevy Chase Lake Glenmont

Glenmont
R&D Village
Long Branch
Takoma Langley

Silver Spring / Takoma

North Bethesda

Bethesda / Chevy Chase

Kensington / Wheaton

#### Remaining Suburban and Residential Wedge

Rockville City

Derwood

Aspen Hill

White Oak

MV/Airpark

**Gaithersburg City** 

Cloverly

Potomac

Germantown West

North Potomac

Fairland Colesville

Clarksburg

Germantown East

Olney

Damascus

#### Rural

Rural East

**Rural West** 

# Core, or Corridor with Metrorail

FH
Silver Spring CBD
Bethesda CBD
Twinbrook
White Flint

Area Test	Area Payment	Local Test	Local Payment	Impact Tax	Pay & Go?	Notes
None	None	None	None	Yes	Yes	Portion of Impact Tax Allocated to Operations?

Suburban, or Corridor with Metrorail, Purple Line, or CCT

Grosvenor

Silver Spring / Takoma

Wheaton CBD

North Bethesda

Rockville Town Center

Bethesda / Chevy Chase

Chevy Chase Lake

Kensington / Wheaton

Glenmont

R&D Village

Long Branch

Takoma Langley

	Screen	Eva	aluate	Mitigate		Impact Tax	Pay & Go?
Test Type >>	Local	Local	Area	Local	Area	Area	
Option 1	30 Trips	1600 clv	Job Access by Transit	25% of Impact Tax	25% of Impact Tax	Yes	Yes
Option 2	50 Trips	1700 clv	VMT / Capita Within Category	50% of Impact Tax	25 % of Impact Tax	Yes	Yes

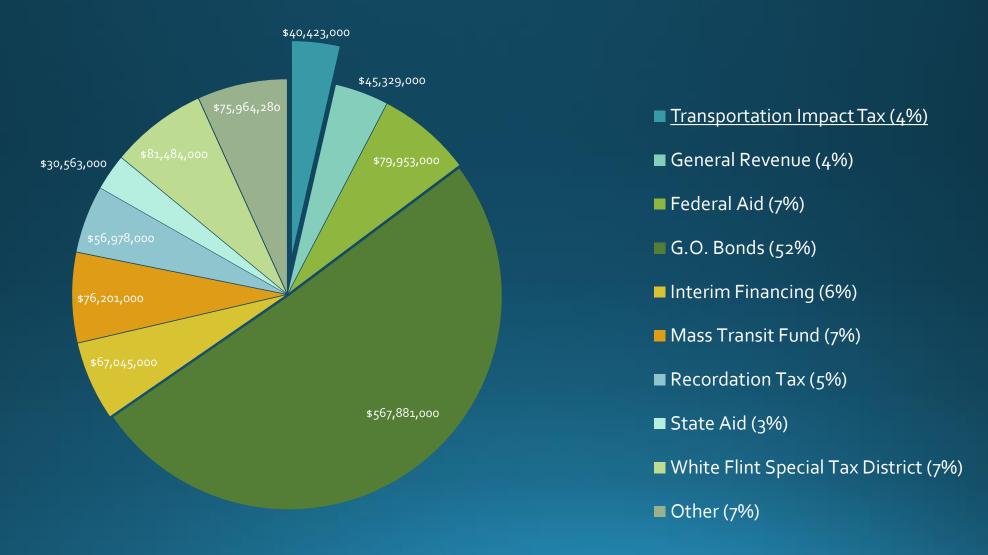
## Remaining Suburban and Residential Wedge

	Screen	Eva	aluate	Mitigate		Impact Tax	Pay & Go?
Test Type >>	Local	Local	Area	Local	Area	Area	
Option 1	30 Trips	1500 clv	Job Access by Transit	Mitigate Unless Road Code Urban Area (25% of Impact Tax)	25% of Impact Tax	Yes	No – Unless Road Code Urban Area
Option 2	30 Trips	1600 clv	VMT / Capita Within Category	Mitigate Standard Unless Road Code Urban Area (25% of Impact Tax)	25 % of Impact Tax	Yes	No – Unless Road Code Urban Area

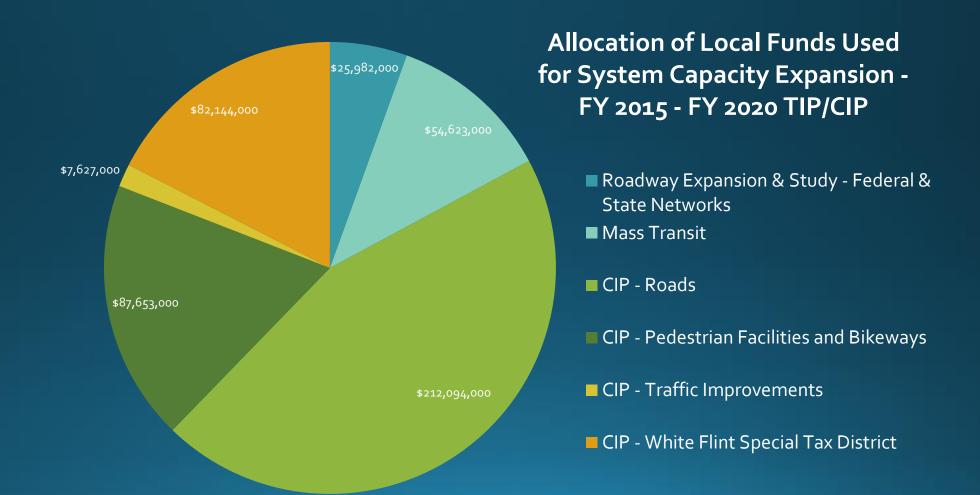
Rockville City Derwood Aspen Hill White Oak MV/Airpark Gaithersburg City Cloverly Potomac Germantown West North Potomac Fairland Colesville Clarksburg Germantown East Olney Damascus

The Transportation Impact Tax (estimated at \$40.4 million over the six year CIP) funds only about 4% of <u>all</u> transportation projects in the CIP ...

#### Funding Sources for <u>All</u> Transportation Projects in FY 2015 - FY 2020 CIP



The Transportation Impact Tax (estimated at \$40.4 million) is a little less than 10% of the \$470 million in <u>local funds allocated for capacity expansion in the six-year CIP.</u>



## Transportation Impact Tax Collections (source Mont. Co. Department of Finance)

Fiscal Year ending in:	Transportation Impact Tax Collections for Projects – Includes Cities of Rockville & C	
2004	\$	5,245,203
2005	\$	8,470,768
2006	\$	6,252,060
2007	\$	11,500,814
2008	\$	9,743,841
2009	\$	2,398,310
2010	\$	3,812,138
2011	\$	5,444,115
2012	\$	6,352,401
2013	\$	13,179,898
2014	\$	20,274,781
2015	\$	16,643,380

## PAMR Payments FY 10 – FY 16

FY 10 - \$132,000

FY 11 - \$176,000

FY 12 - \$ 45,400

FY 13 - \$383,000

FY 14 - \$468,000

FY 15 - \$214,058

FY 16 - \$16,694

Total - \$1,435,452

How
Impact Tax
Was
Initially
Calculated
in 2007

Α	County Capital Improvement Program (CIP) — Local \$ for Projects adding Network Capacity  Expansion — 25 Year Estimate							
В	New Residential Estin	New Commercial Growth 25 Year Growth Estimate						
С	Resident	Office Jobs	Retail Jobs	Industrial Jobs	Other Jobs			
D	Single family	Multi-Family	Office SF	Retail SF	Industrial SF	Other SF		
Е	Trip Rate	Trip Rate	Trip Rate	Trip Rate	Trip Rate	Trip Rate		
F	New DailyTrips	New Daily Trips	New Daily Trips	New Daily Trips	New Daily Trips	New Daily Trips		
 G	Cost (A) Allocated by Trips (F)	Cost (A) Allocated by Trips (F)	Cost (A) Allocated by Trips (F)	Cost (A) Allocated by Trips (F)	Cost (A) Allocated by Trips (F)	Cost (A) Allocated by Trips (F)		
Est. Tax Rate	G/C	G/C	G/C	G/C	G/C	G/C		